

Spatio-temporal variability of sea surface $p\text{CO}_2$ and nutrient in the tropical Pacific from 1981 to 2015

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1. Background

Ocean physical observations:

- can represent intra-seasonal to interannual variability by TAO/TRITON array, satellite altimeter, and Argo floats (Gasparin et al. 2015),
- has clarified spatio-temporal variability of T, S, SSH etc (e.g. Casey and Adamec 2002; Trenberth et al. 2002; Qu et al. 2014).

How about $p\text{CO}_2$ and nutrient observations?

- Previous studies mainly focused on time series analysis just along the equator or spatial distribution within specific years (e.g. Feely et al. 1995, 1997, 2002; Takahashi et al. 2003; Strutton et al. 2008; Sutton et al. 2014).

This study:

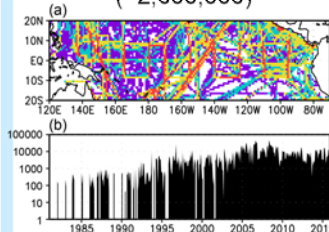
- presents the current and historical state of the observing system for $p\text{CO}_2$ and nutrient observations, and characterize the spatio-temporal variabilities captured by those observations.

2. Data

a. $p\text{CO}_2$

SOCATv4 (Bakker et al. 2016)

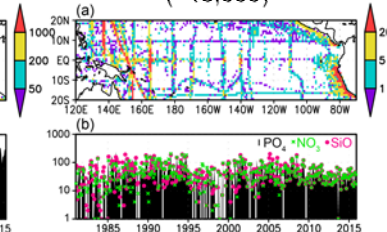
Number of CO_2 data (~2,000,000)



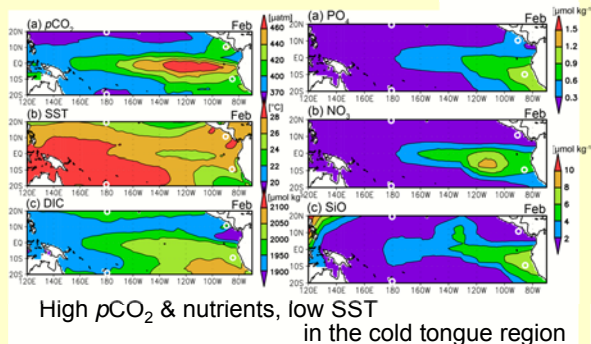
b. Nutrient

WOD2013 (Boyer et al. 2013)
 GLODAPv2 (Key et al. 2015)
 NIES Ship-of-opportunity data (Yasunaka et al. 2013)

Number of nutrient data (~18,000)

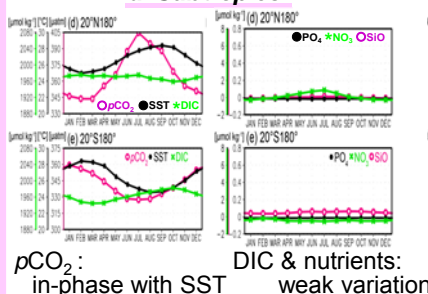


3. Long-term mean states

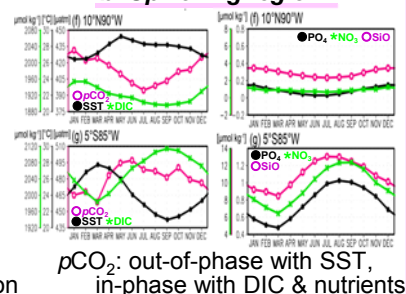


3. Long-term mean states

a. Subtropics



b. Upwelling region

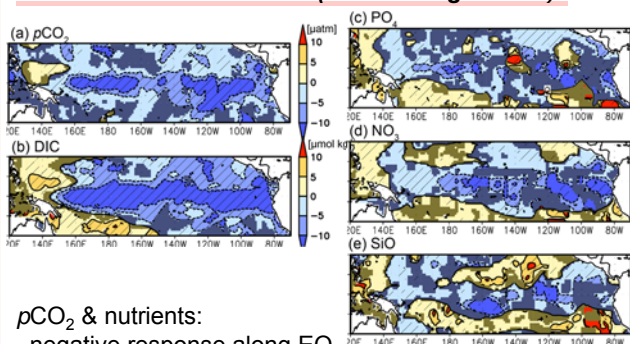


4. Interannual variability

a. Decorrelation scale & S/N ratio

$p\text{CO}_2$: zonal 17° , meridional 7° , 2-month & S/N ratio 4
 Nutrients: similar to $p\text{CO}_2$ but noisy

b. ENSO related variation (Nino 3.4 regression)



CO_2 flux:

- in central EQ, CO_2 release suppression ← $p\text{CO}_2$ deduction & weak wind
- in east EQ, CO_2 release enhancement ← $p\text{CO}_2$ deduction but strong wind

c. Long-term trend

