

Bio-optical properties and in-water algorithm validation for ocean color remote sensing in the sub-arctic North Pacific

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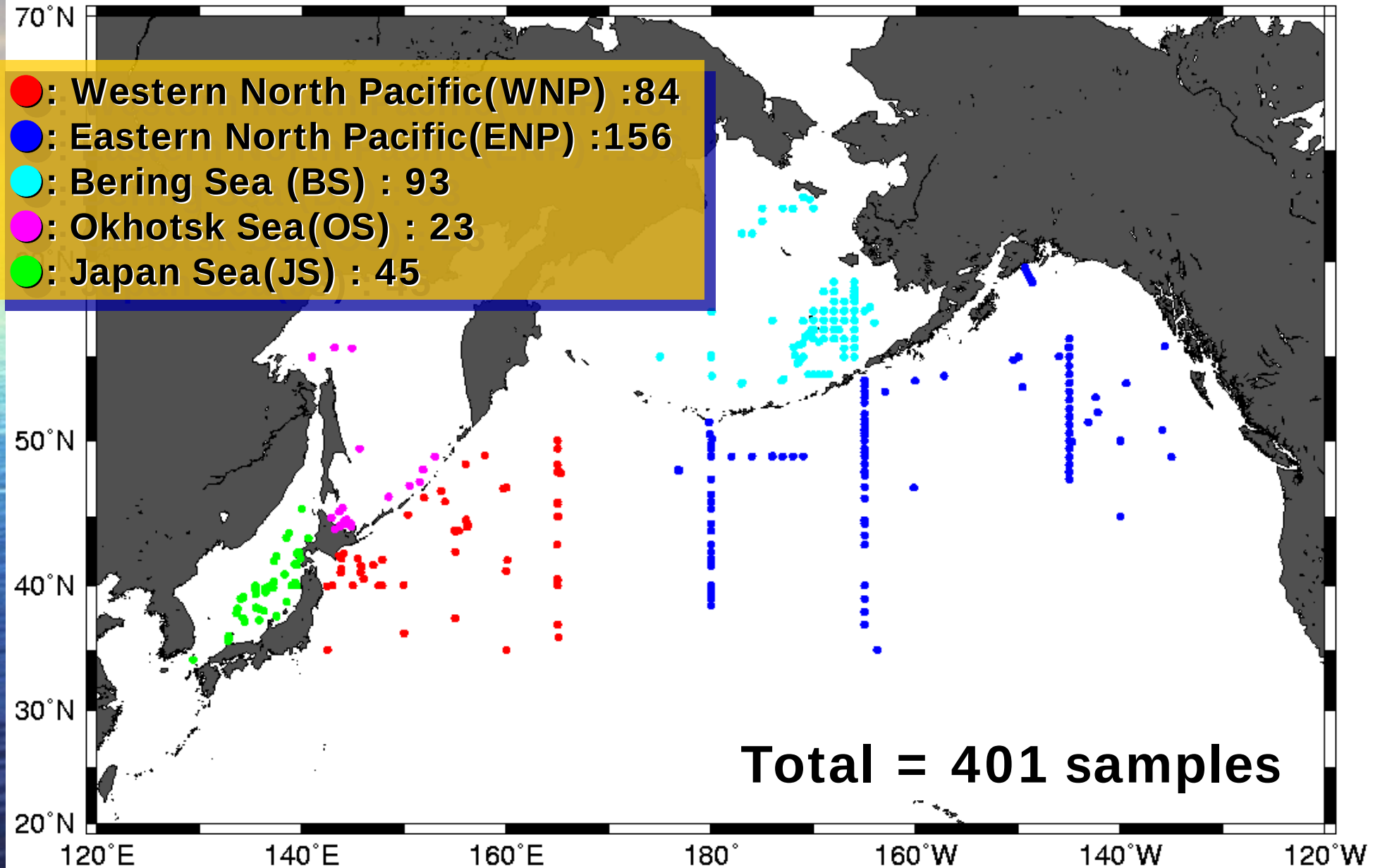
***** NEC Software Hokkaido Ltd.

Objectives

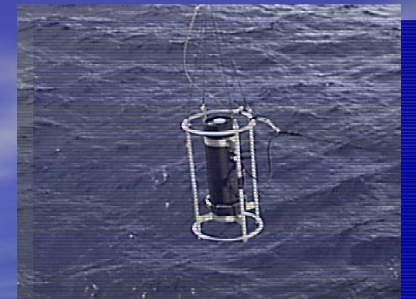
1. Validate recent ocean color algorithms and develop the regional algorithms in the sub-arctic North Pacific.
2. Investigate the bio-optical properties of the particulate and soluble materials and their effects on the bio-optical algorithms.

GLI Chl-a monthly mean image in May, 2003

Study area and ship observations(1996-2003)



Measurements



- **Optical measurements**

Vertical profiles of the downward spectral irradiance and the upward spectral radiance (**nLw and Rrs**)

- **Sea-water sampling**

Chlorophyll a concentrations (**Chl-a**)

Absorption coefficients of particulate matter, phytoplankton, detritus and CDOM (Colored Dissolved Organic Matter)
(**a_p , a_{ph} , a_d , a_{CDOM}**)

Equation for in-water algorithms of ocean color sensor

Algorithm	Equation, Coefficients (a), Band Ratio (R)
OC2-V4	$\text{CHLA} = 10^{(a_0 + a_1 * R + a_2 * R^2 + a_3 * R^3)} + a_4$ $a = [0.319, -2.336, 0.879, -0.135, -0.071]$ $R = \log_{10}(\text{Rrs}(490) / \text{Rrs}(555))$
OC4-V4	$\text{CHLA} = 10^{(a_0 + a_1 * R + a_2 * R^2 + a_3 * R^3 + a_4 * R^4)}$ $a = [0.336, -3.067, 1.930, 0.649, -1.532]$ $R = \log_{10}(\text{Rrs}(443) > \text{Rrs}(490) > \text{Rrs}(510) / \text{Rrs}(555))$
OC4-GLIV3	$\text{CHLA} = 10^{(a_0 + a_1 * R + a_2 * R^2 + a_3 * R^3)} + a_4$ $a = [0.531, -3.559, 4.488, -2.169, -0.230]$ $R = \log_{10}(\text{nLw}443 > \text{nLw}460 > \text{nLw}520) / \text{nLw}545)$

Evaluation of Error

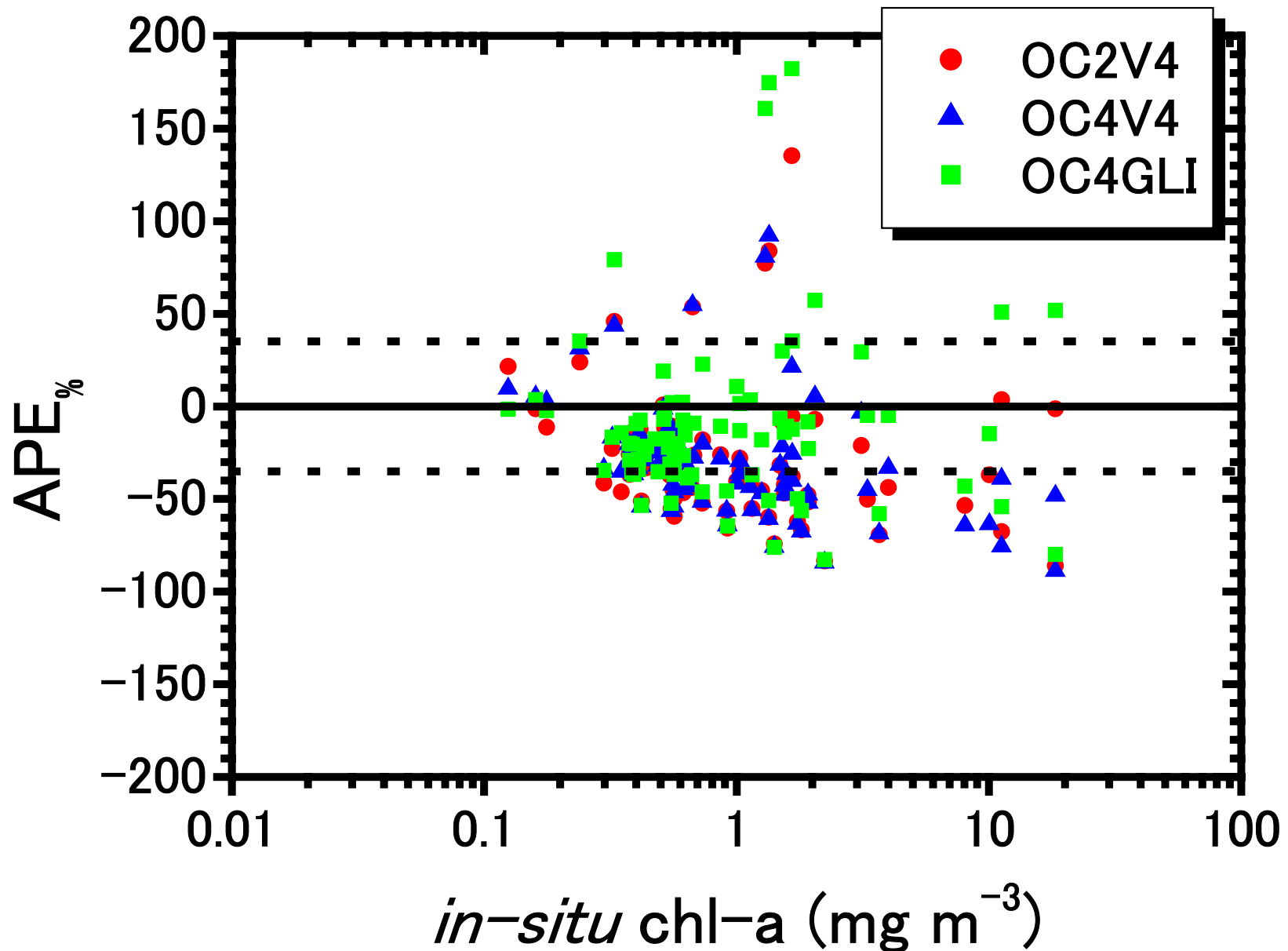
Average Percent of Error

$$APE = \frac{\sum \left(\frac{Model - InSitu}{InSitu} \right)}{N} * 100$$

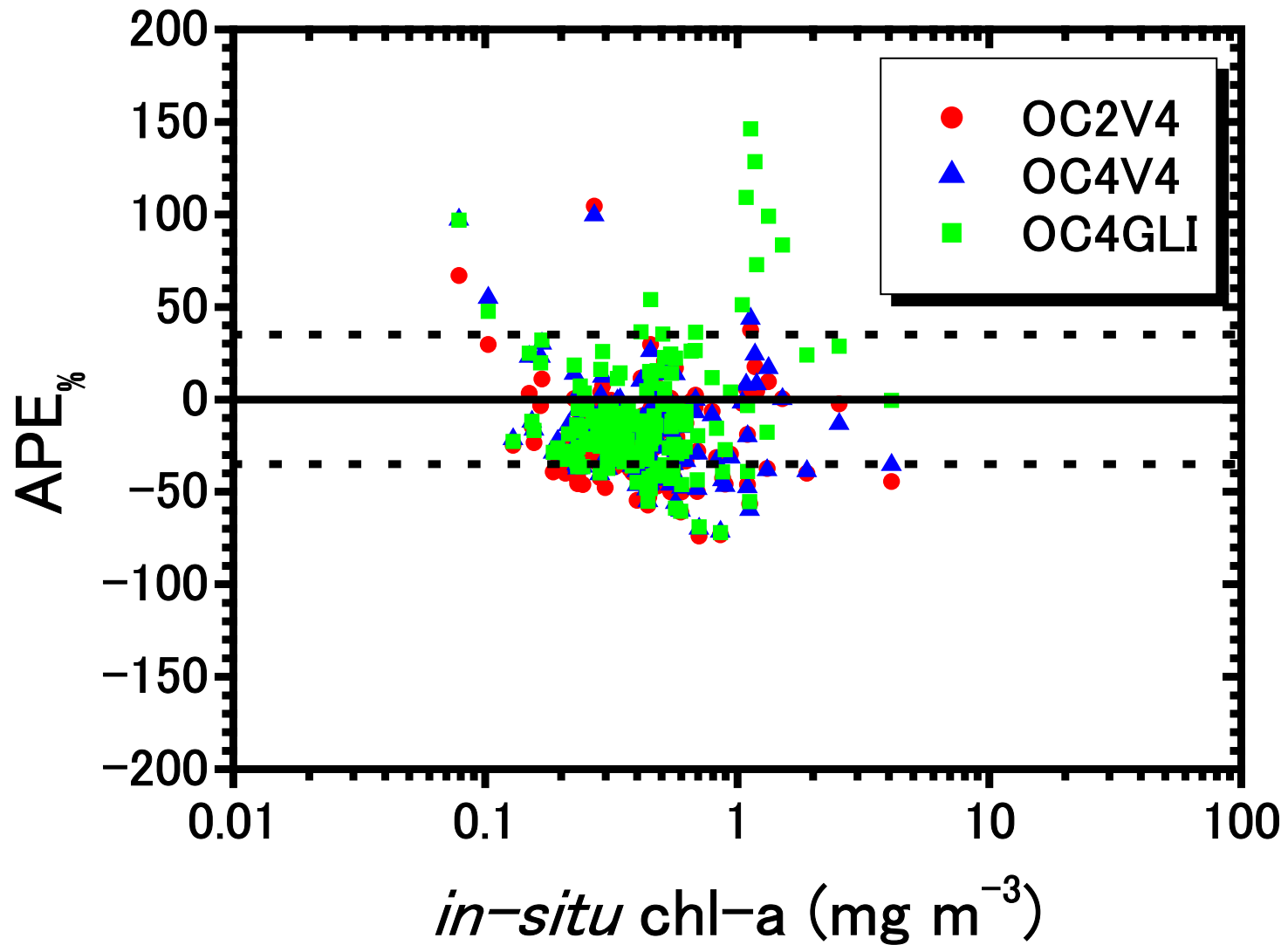
Root-Mean-Square Error in $\log_{10}$ scale

$$RMSE = \sqrt{\frac{\sum [\log_{10}(Model) - \log_{10}(InSitu)]^2}{N}}$$

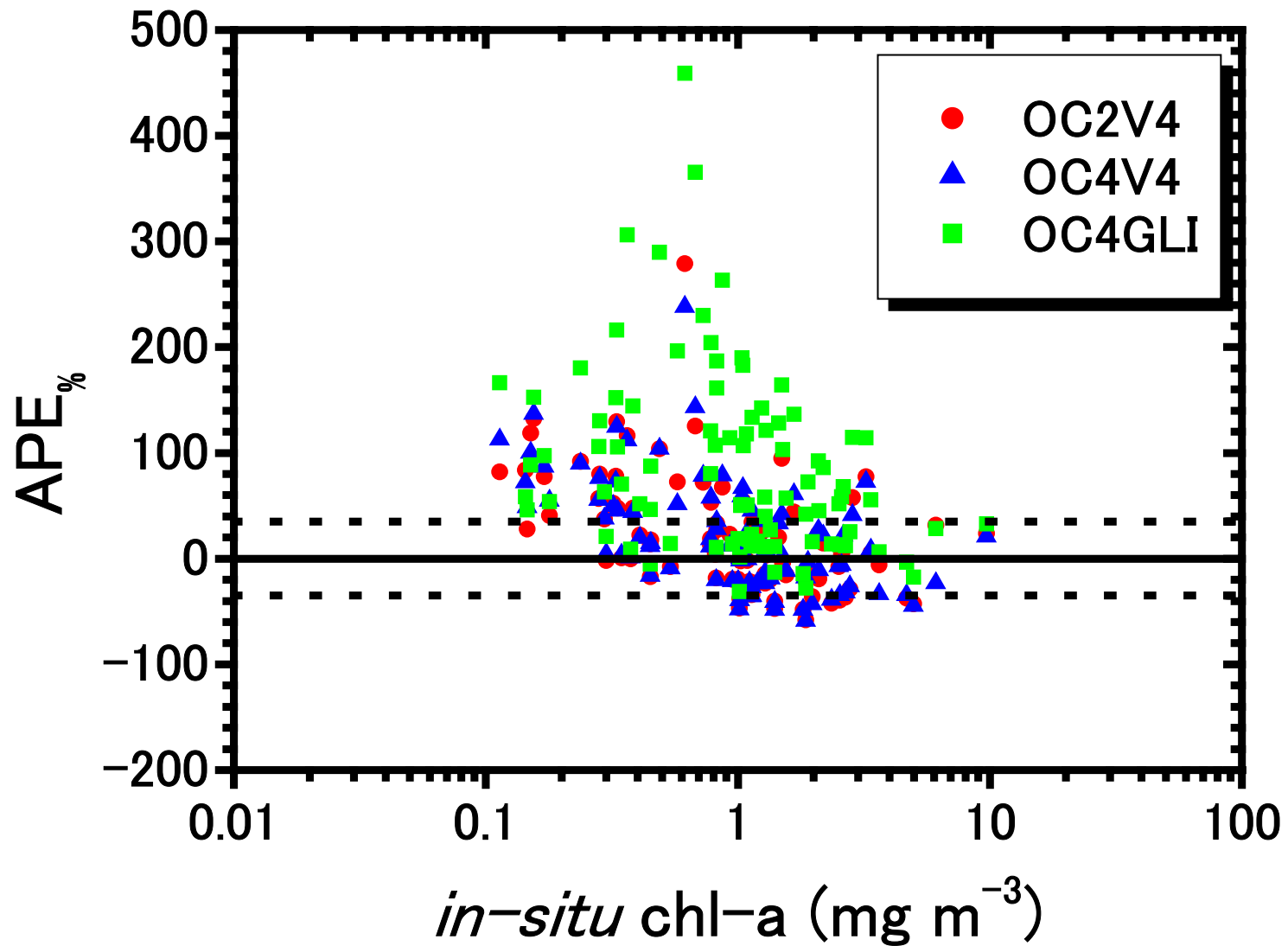
WNP(Western North Pacific)



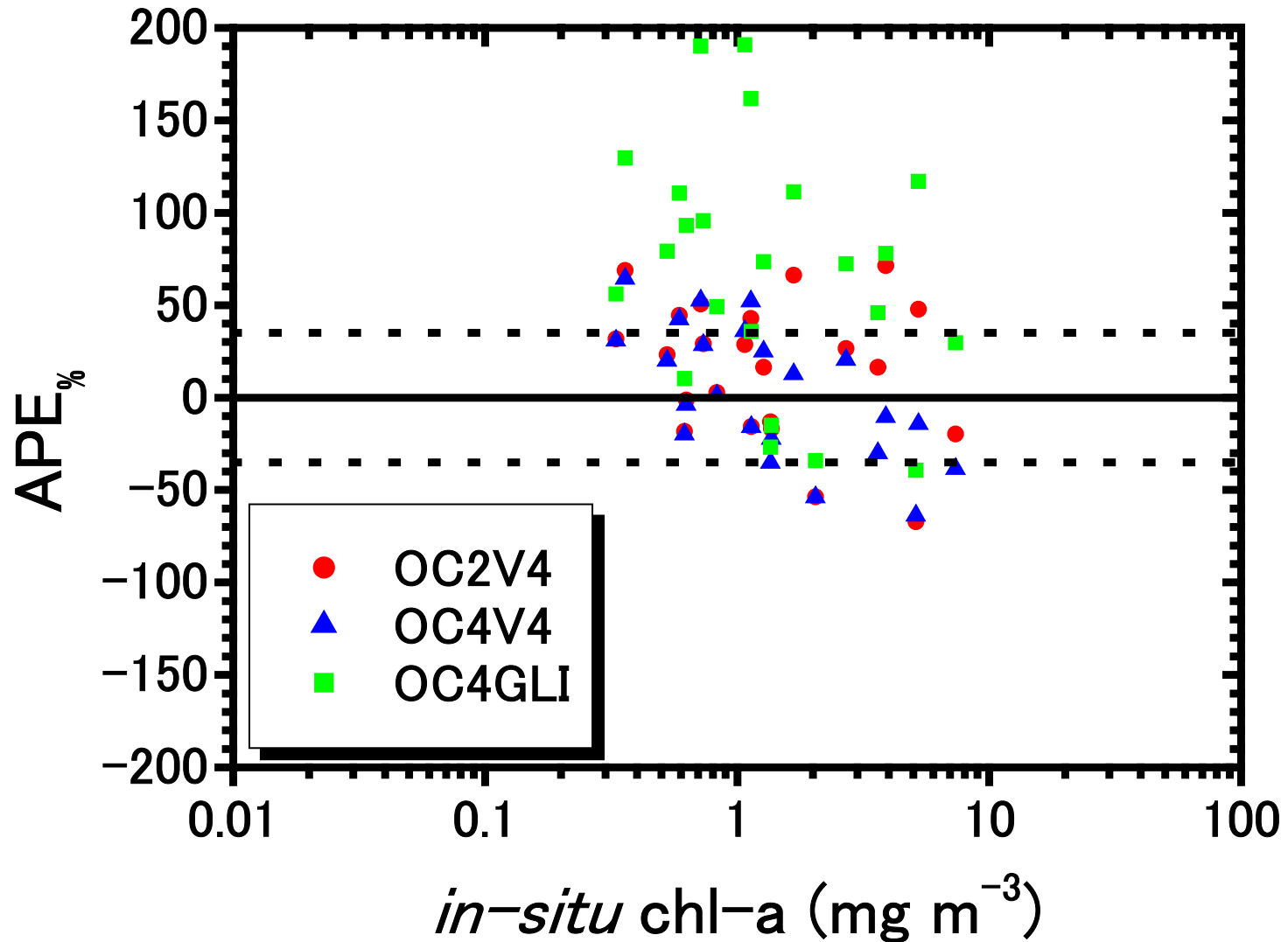
ENP (Eastern North Pacific)



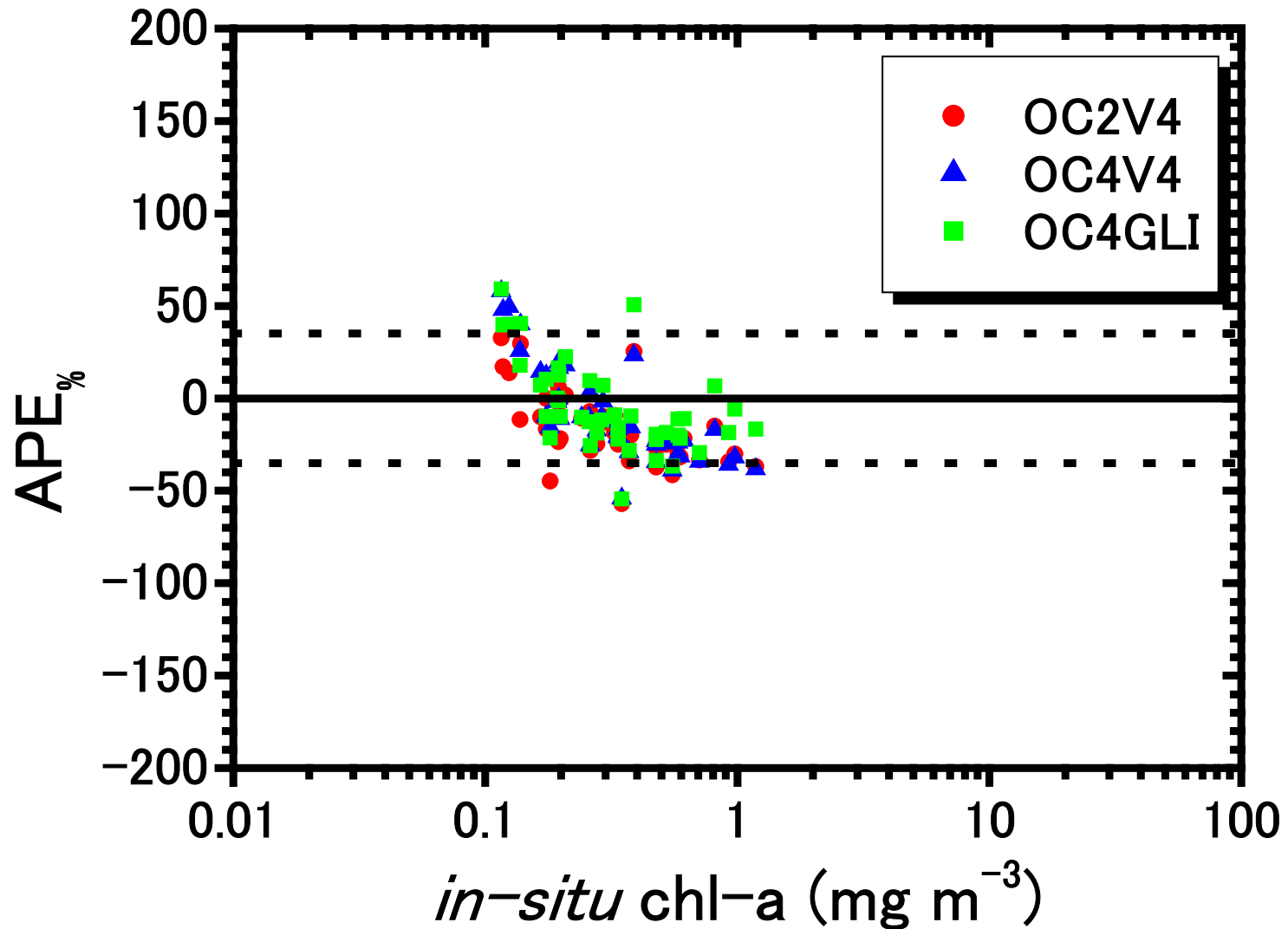
BS (Bering Sea)



OS (Okhotsk Sea)



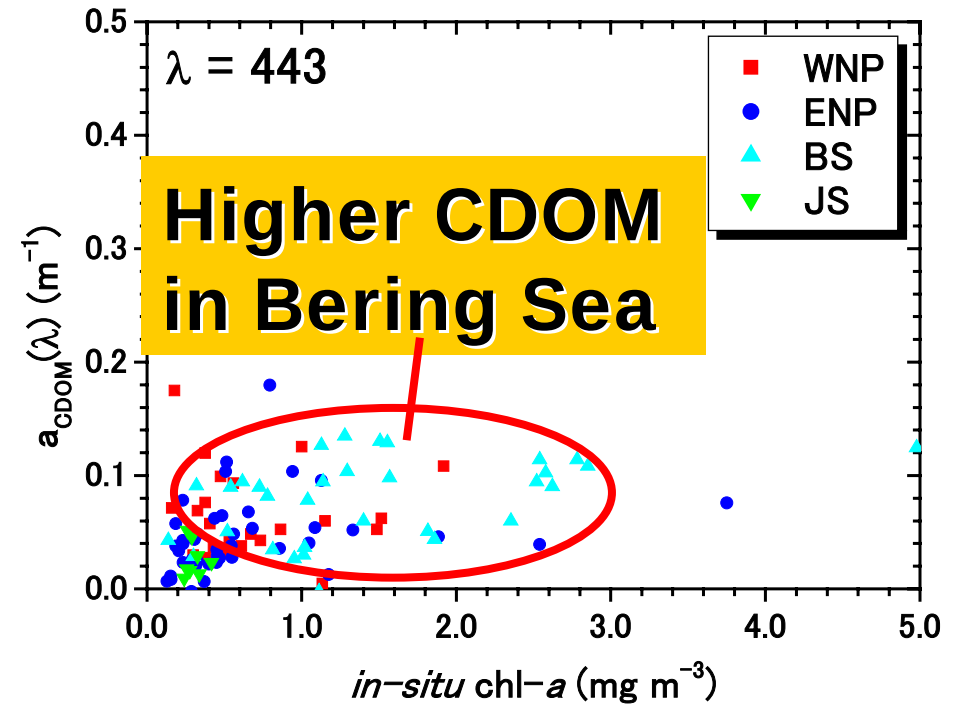
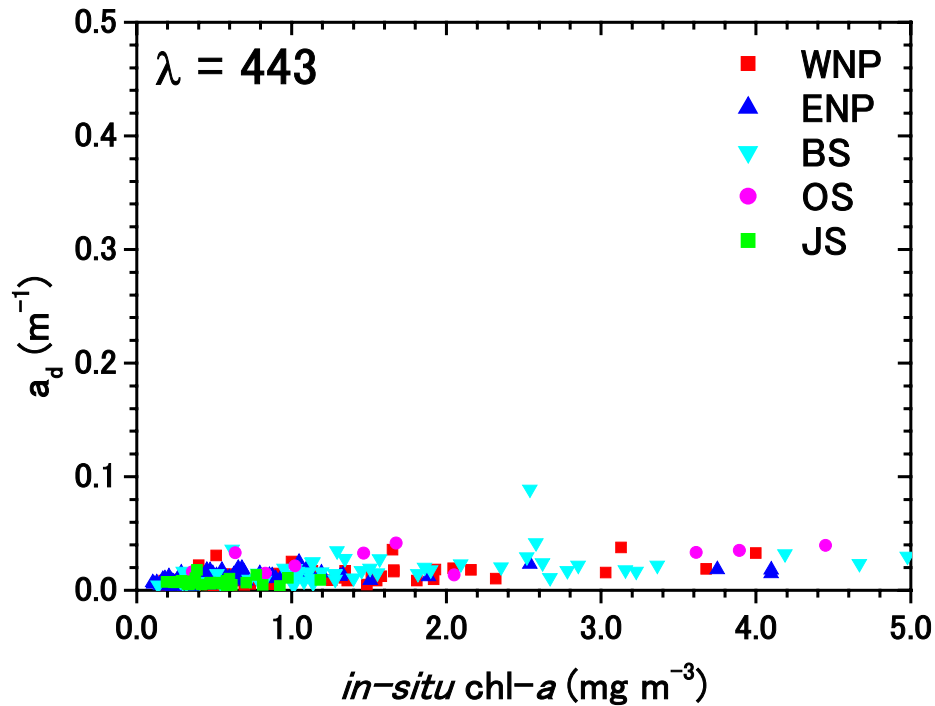
JS (Japan Sea)



Summery of APE_% and RMSE

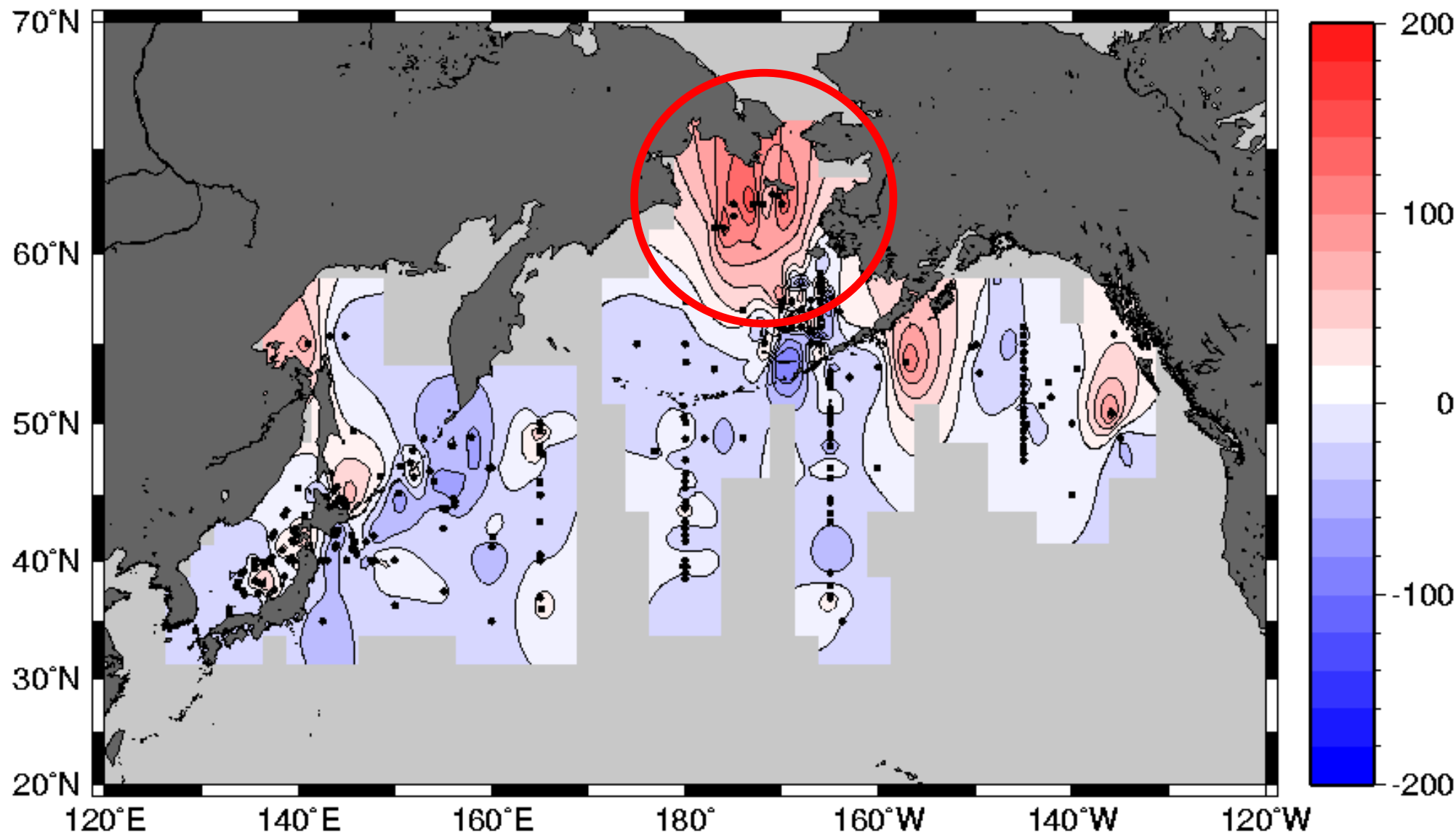
Region	Sample num.	APE _%			RMSE		
		OC2V4	OC4V4	OC4GLI	OC2V4	OC4V4	OC4GLI
WNP	84	-27.31	-29.90	-6.77	0.072	0.078	0.053
ENP	156	-21.92	-19.18	-8.46	0.032	0.028	0.029
BS	93	20.57	20.03	87.09	0.035	0.035	0.088
OS	23	15.72	3.33	70.20	0.031	0.028	0.074
JS	45	-16.23	-8.43	-4.76	0.017	0.016	0.012

In-situ chl-a vs. a_d and a_{CDOM}

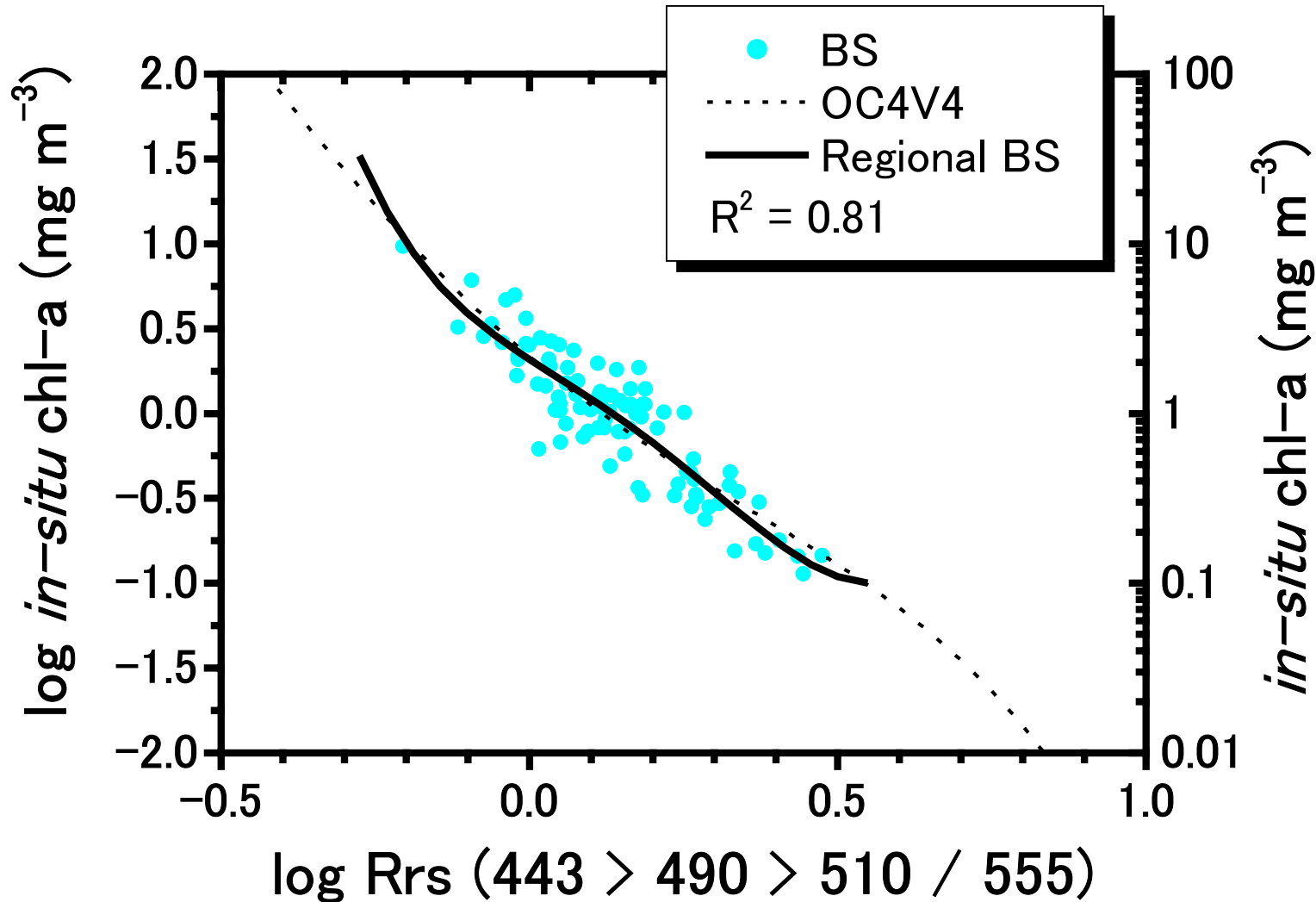


Geographical map of APE for OC4V4

APE %



Regional algorithm for Bering Sea



OC4V4 VS. Regional Bering Sea

$$\text{Chl-a} = 10^{(a_0 + a_1 \cdot R + a_2 \cdot R^2 + a_3 \cdot R^3 + a_4 \cdot R^4)}$$
$$R = \log_{10}(\text{Rrs}(443) > \text{Rrs}(490) > \text{Rrs}(510) / \text{Rrs}(555))$$

Algorithm	Coefficients (a)	APE _% at BS	RMSE at BS
OC4-V4	$a = [0.336, -3.067, 1.930, 0.649, -1.532]$	20.03	0.035
Regional_BS	$a = [0.317, -2.376, 1.708, -14.33, 20.35]$	8.30	0.029

Conclusions

- Underestimate Chl-a in the WNP and ENP:
OC2V4 and OC4V4(SeaWiFS type)
- High accuracy in the WNP and ENP:
OC4GLI
- High accuracy in the OS:
OC2V4 and OC4V4(SeaWiFS type)
- Highest accuracy in the JS: All algorithms
- Large overestimation of Chl-a in the Bering Sea: Higher CDOM absorption effects
- Regional algorithm for the BS:
Improved APE from Over 20% to +8%



Thank you !



Calculate remote sensing reflectance (Rrs)

$$E_d(\lambda, z) = E_d(\lambda, 0-) * \exp[-K_d(\lambda) * z]$$

$$L_u(\lambda, z) = L_u(\lambda, 0-) * \exp[-K_u(\lambda) * z]$$

$$L_w(\lambda) = (t / n_w^2) * L_u(\lambda, 0-)$$

$$\mathbf{Rrs(\lambda) = L_w(\lambda) / E_{ds}(\lambda)}$$

E_d : Downwelling irradiance

L_u : Upwelling radiance

K_d : Diffuse attenuation coefficient of downwelling irradiance

K_u : Diffuse attenuation coefficient of upwelling irradiance

L_w : Water leaving radiance

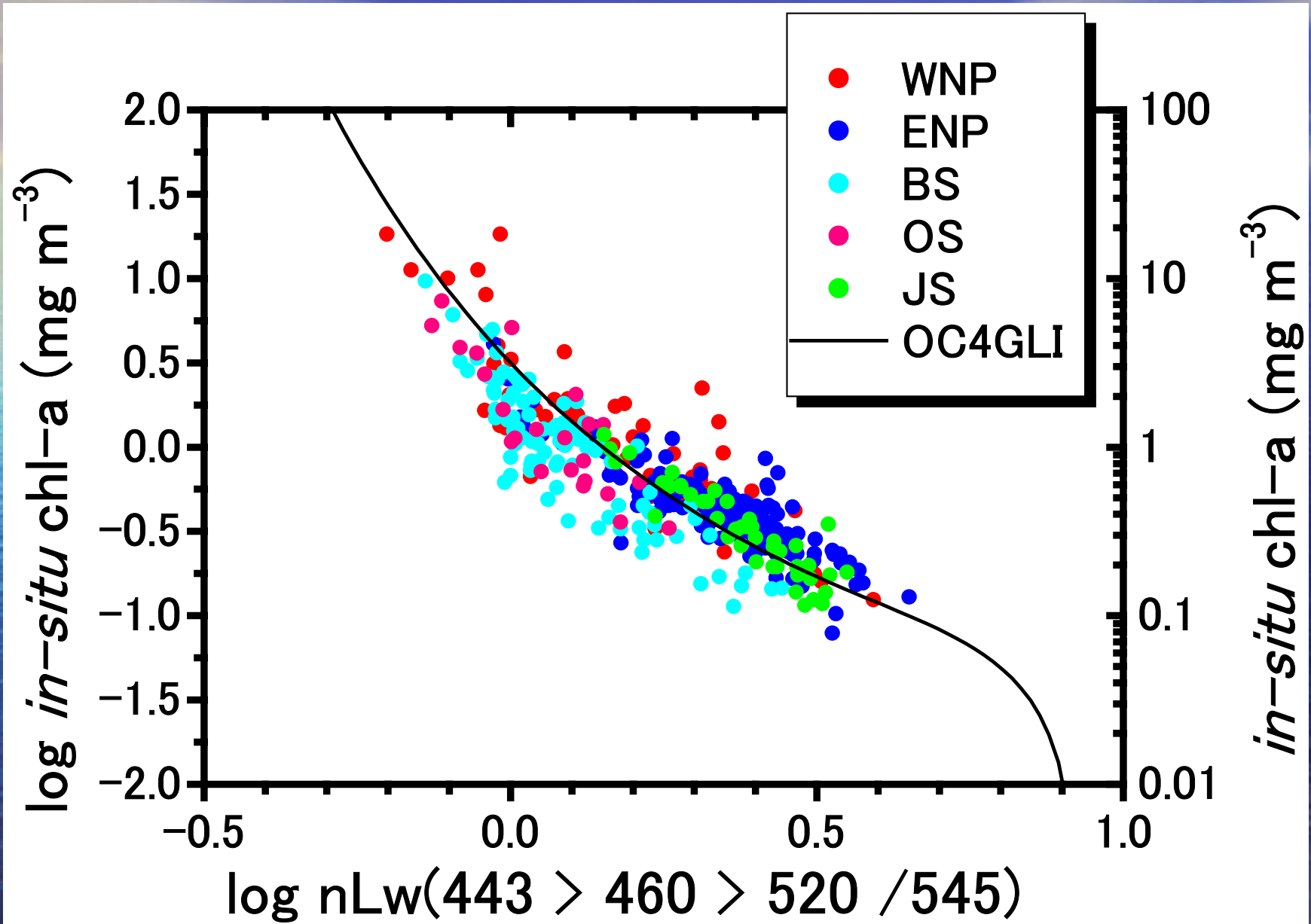
t : Transmittance of the air-sea interface

n_w : Refractive index of sea surface

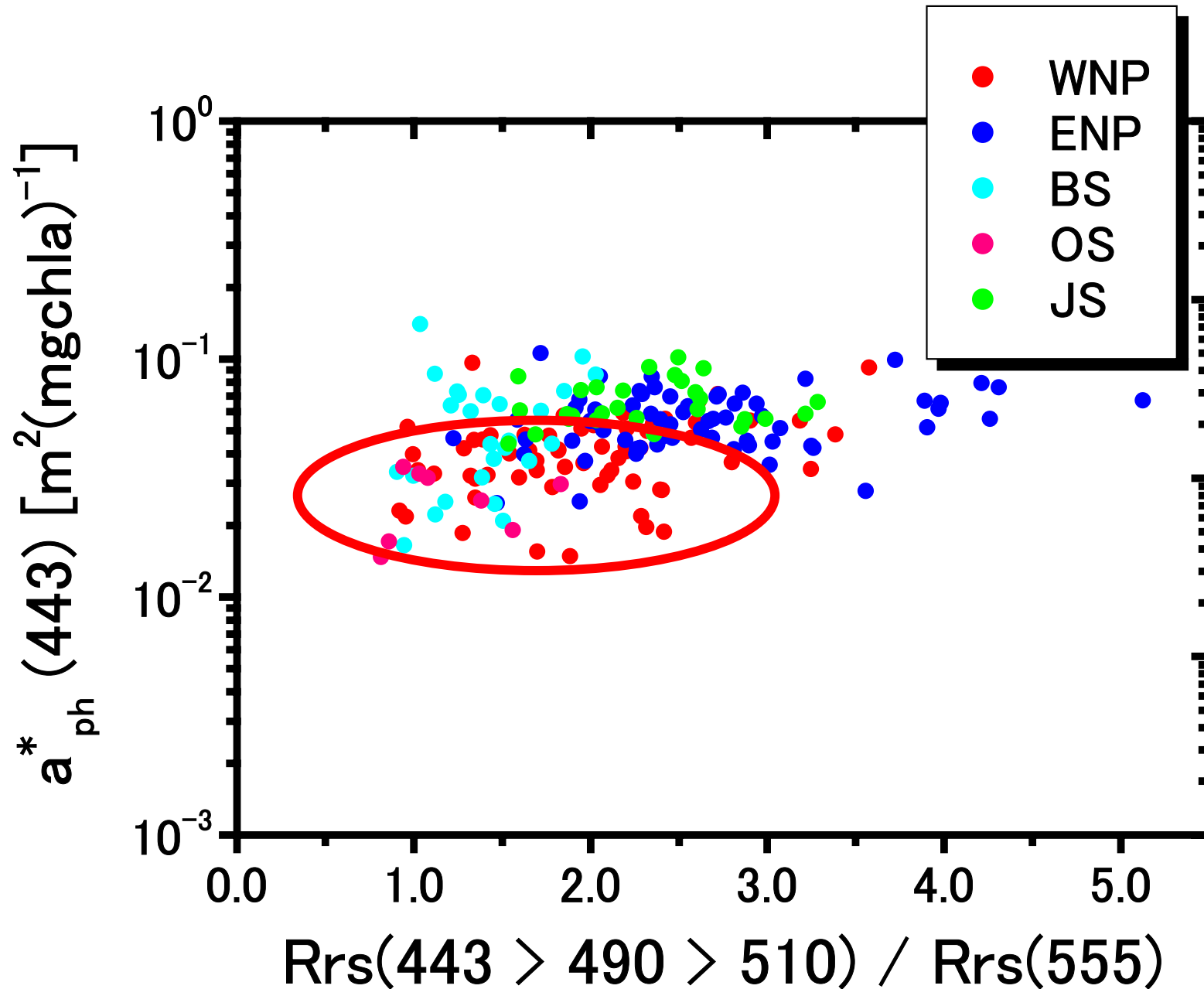
Rrs: Remote sensing reflectance

E_{ds} : Downwelling irradiance ant just below the sea surface

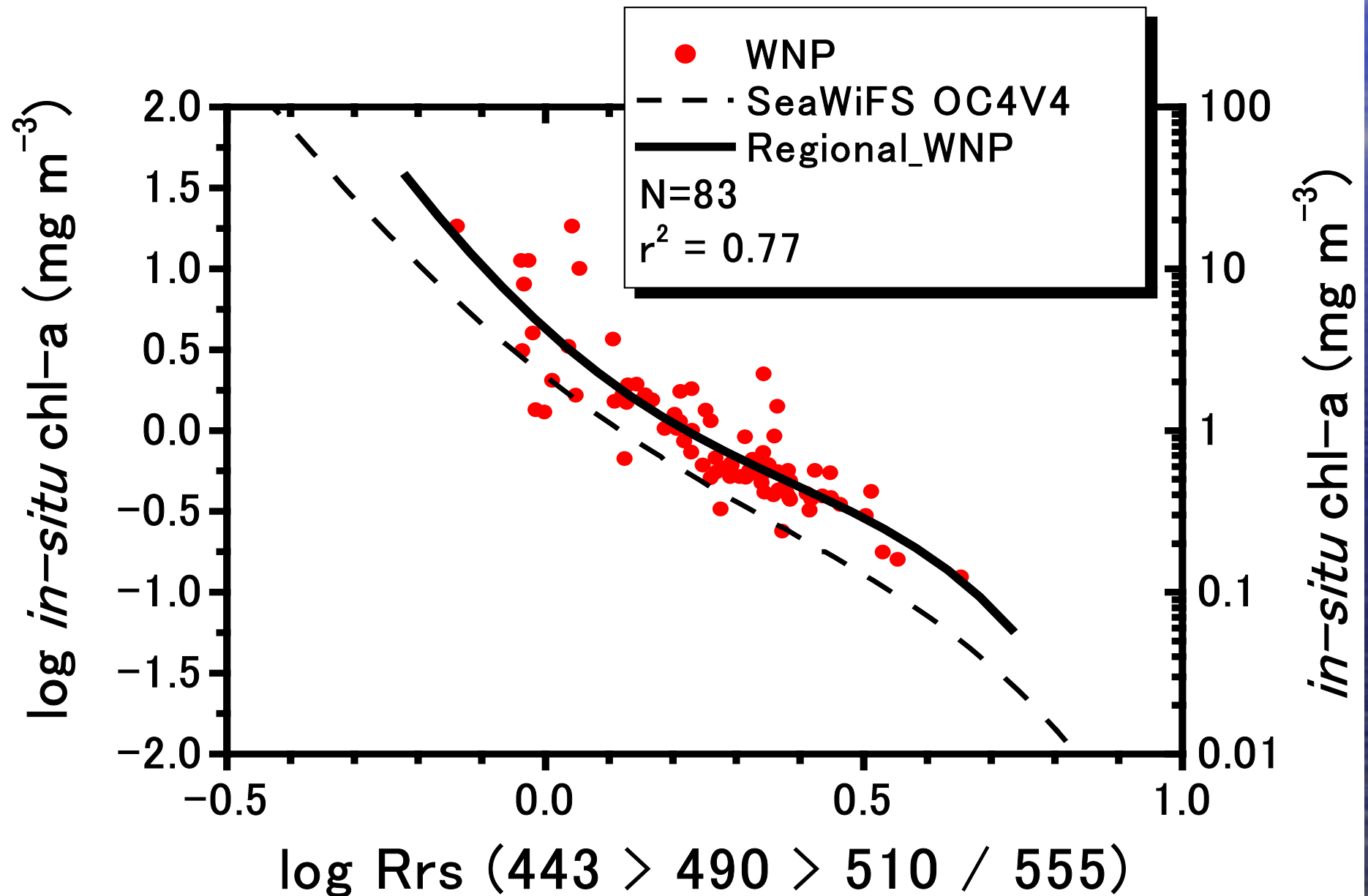
OC4GLI (GLI)



Packaging Effect in the NW North Pacific



Regional_WNP (OC4V4)



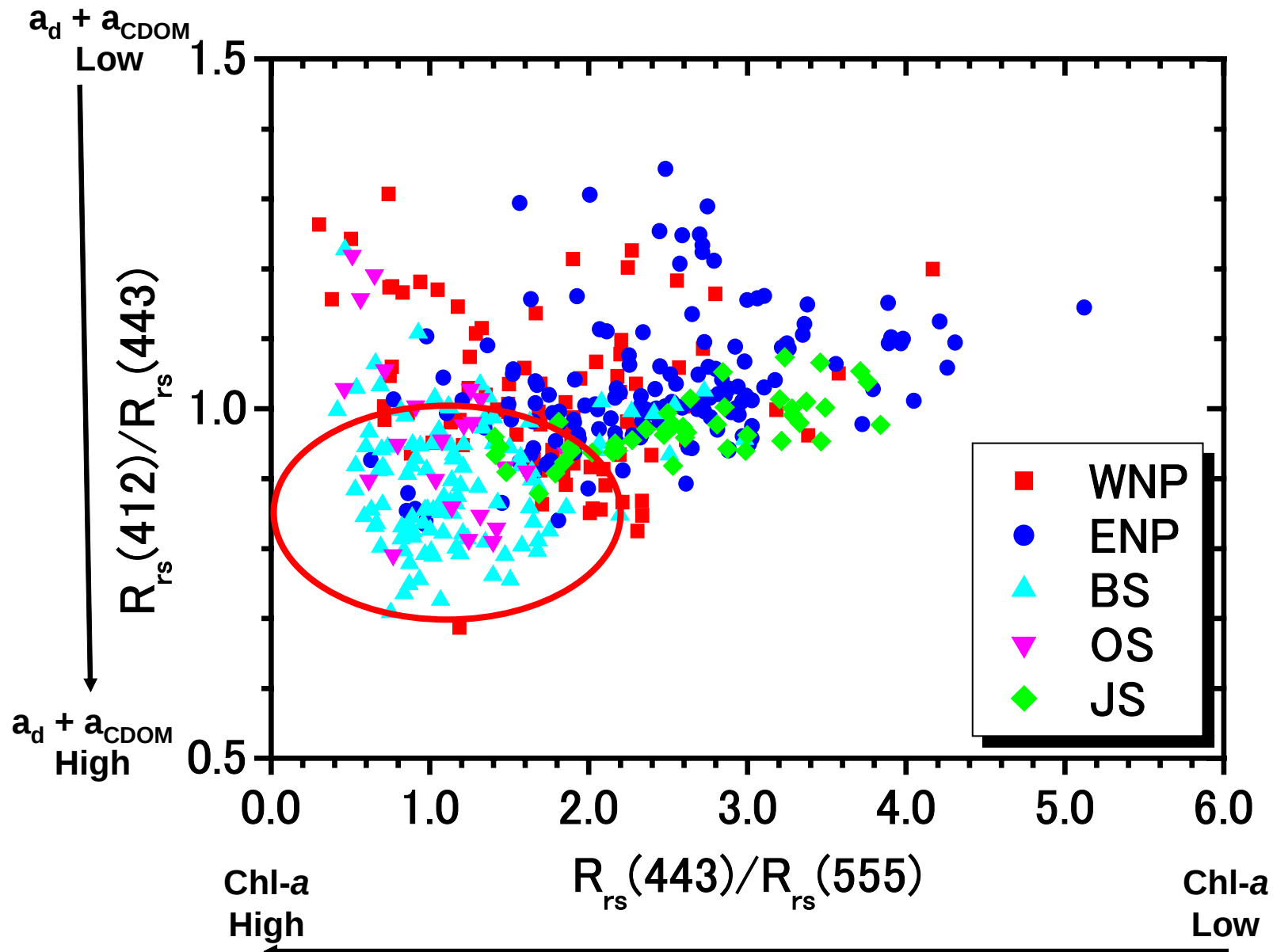
OC4V4 VS. Regional_WNP

$$\text{CHLA} = 10^{(a_0 + a_1 \cdot R + a_2 \cdot R^2 + a_3 \cdot R^3 + a_4 \cdot R^4)}$$

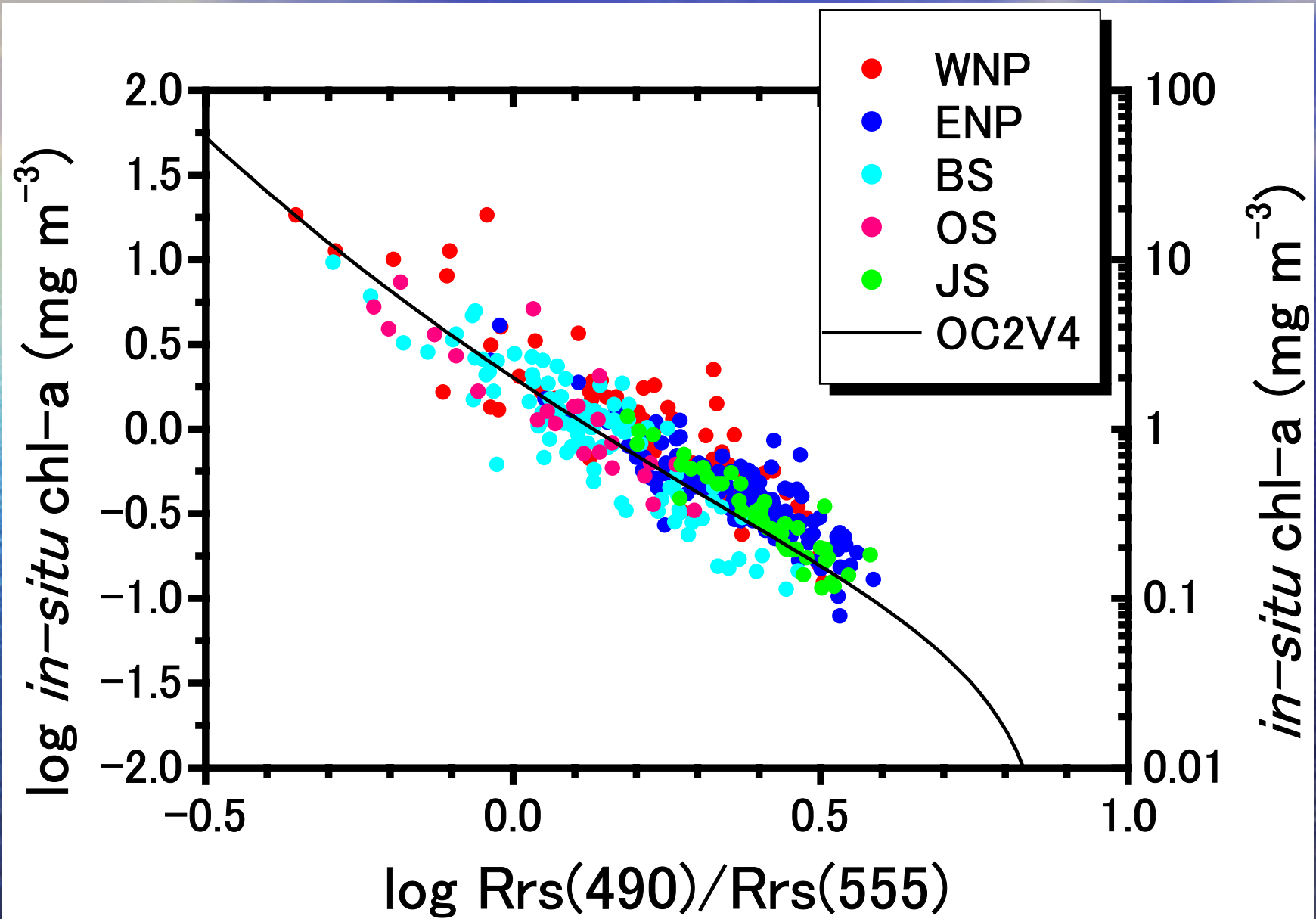
$$R = \log_{10}(\text{Rrs}(443) > \text{Rrs}(490) > \text{Rrs}(510) / \text{Rrs}(555))$$

Algorithm	Coefficients (a)	APE _% at WNP	RMSE at WSG
OC4-V4	$a = [0.336, -3.067, 1.930, 0.649, -1.532]$	-31.65	0.091
Regional_WNP	$a = [0.630, -3.574, 3.474, -0.265, -3.483]$	11.74	0.044

Particulate and soluble materials effects



OC2V4 (Old SeaWiFS)



OC4V4 (Current SeaWiFS)

