Exploring the potential for a North West European shelf seas ecosystem seasonal forecast

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^{∞ Met Office} Introduction

NW European Shelf Seas are broad continental shelf seas; seasonally stratify with large tides

so typically poorly modelled in global ocean models

Bounded by a number of (populous) European countries. Economically, culturally, environmentally important.

5 day operational forecasts; Climate Projections (e.g. Tinker et al. 2016) but user interest in seasonal forecasts for NWS

Is there seasonal predictability for the NWS?



Met Office Models

Global Seasonal Forecasting System: GloSea5

Based on a coupled climate model HadGEM3, 60km atmos, 0.25° Ocean Full field initialisation, Assimilates LOTS of obs. Skilful prediction of DJF NAO



^{∞ Met Office} Models

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GloSea5 runs a (lagged) ensemble of 6 month forecasts every day/week.

Removing model drift requires a forecast climatology

A set of hind casts, to match the start dates of the forecast, for every year between 1993 and the present day.

Constant updating the hindcast clim allows regular updates to GloSea5.

^{∞ Met Office} Models

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Shelf Seas Model Nemo Shelf (CO6)

7km horizontal resolution 51 terrain following s-levels, Tides Not assimilation 1-coupled (forced) with GloSea5

Initialised from CMEMS reanalysis

Reanalysis CMEMS V2 AMM7 reanalysis

NEMO Shelf (CO5) 7km, 51 s-levels, Tides, Assimilates SST, Driven by ERAI







^{∞ Met Office} Experimental Design

Can we model the difference between years? Does this compare to the observed differences?

Downscale 2 contrasting case studies

Winter (Nov) 2010/2011 and 2011/2012 (12 member ensemble with 4 start dates) Spring/Summer (April) 2003 and 2007 (9 member ensemble with 3 start dates)

Also:

Reduced winter "hindcast" 1993-2013 - one start date, one member PPE Spring/summer Biogeochemistry with ERSEM



Results







2011-2010 difference region mean time series for North Sea (CMEMS rean in green)









How representative are these exemplars?

SST CMEMS and Gc DJF reanalysis 1995-2012 (GloSea5 k; CMEMS green)



SST CMEMS and Gc DJF reanalysis 1995-2012 (GloSea5 k; CMEMS green)



SSS CMEMS and Gc DJF reanalysis 1995-2012 (GloSea5 k; CMEMS green)

North Sea

2005

2005

Year

Year

Skag/Kat

2010

2010

2000

2000

Spring/Summer

2007-2003 difference region mean time series for North Sea (CMEMS rean in green)

^{∞ Met Office} Conclusions

Evidence suggests GloSea5-CO6 is able to predict the difference between NWS winter conditions in different years

There is potential for the NWS summer predictability on shorter lead times

Not able to assess skill with only two case studies

BGC needs much more work!

^{SMet Office} Further Work

Complete analysis

Improve methodology

(ask GloSea5 team to run some specific test cases for me?)

Methodical!

Assess GloSea5 directly for skill in NWS

Assess persistence

Assess skill

BGC!

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Tinker et al. (in review)

Ocean Science

What are the prospects for seasonal prediction of the marine environment of the Northwest European shelf?

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How important is downscaling?

DJF

2011-2010 (Nov start)

Difference Maps

Met Office

May

2007-2003 (Apr start)

Difference Maps

0 5

0 5

CMEMS SSS

-0.3

-0.4

0.12

0.09

0.06

0.03

0.00

-0.03

-0.06

-0.09

-0.12

10 15

10 15

45

40

65

60

55

50

45

40

-20-15-10 -5

-20-15-10 -5

GloSea5 CO6 SST

Assessment of Persistence

Persistence

Oct. vs DJF

2011-2010 (Nov start)

r = 0.85

bias = 0.04

rsd = 0.93

= 0.83

rsd = 1.05

= 0.59

bias = -0.04

rsd = 0.82

10 15

0 5

0 5

bias = -0.03

10 15

0

5 10 15

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1

0.0

-0.1

-0.2

-0.3

-0.4

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1

0.0

-0.1

-0.2

-0.3

-0.4

0.12

0.09

0.06

0.03

0.00

-0.03

-0.06

-0.09

-0.12

Difficulties with BGC

Sease Met Office GloSea5 ERSEM vs and ESA CCI ChI A 2003 06

