

Projections of future oceanic biogeochemical conditions in the Gulf of St. Lawrence and on the Scotian Shelf using a coupled regional climate model

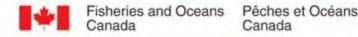
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Maurice-Lamontagne Institute, Gulf Fisheries Center, Bedford Institute of Ocean Science

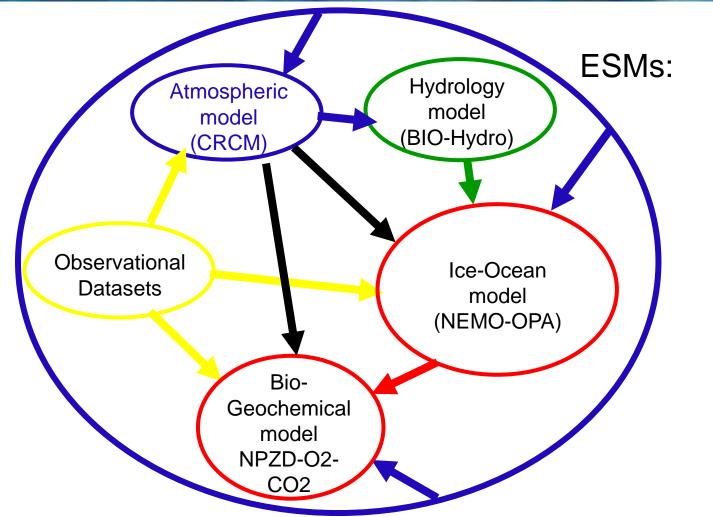
ECCWO Symposium 2018

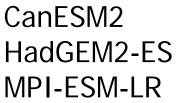




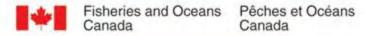


DFO Regional Ocean Climate Dowscalling System

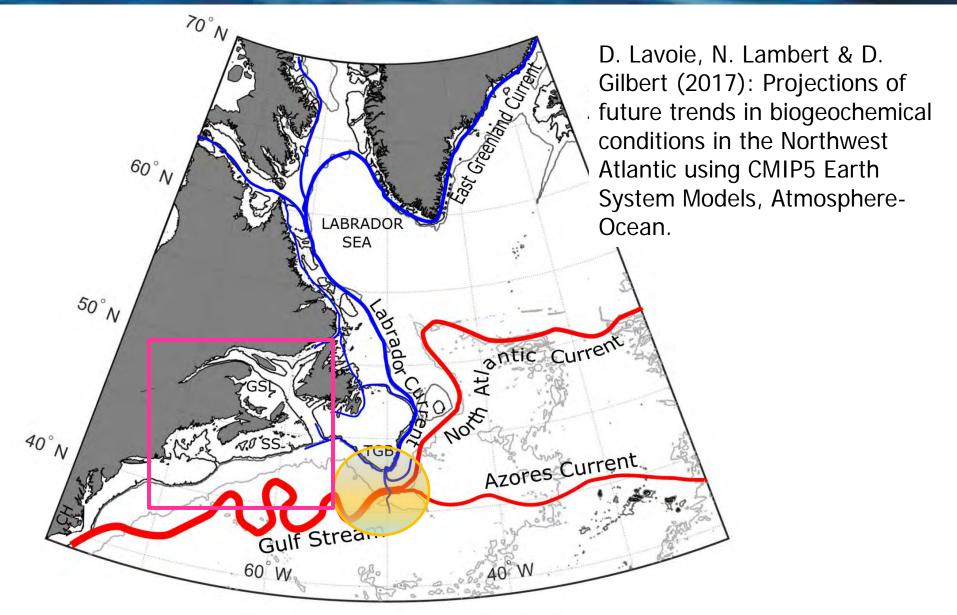


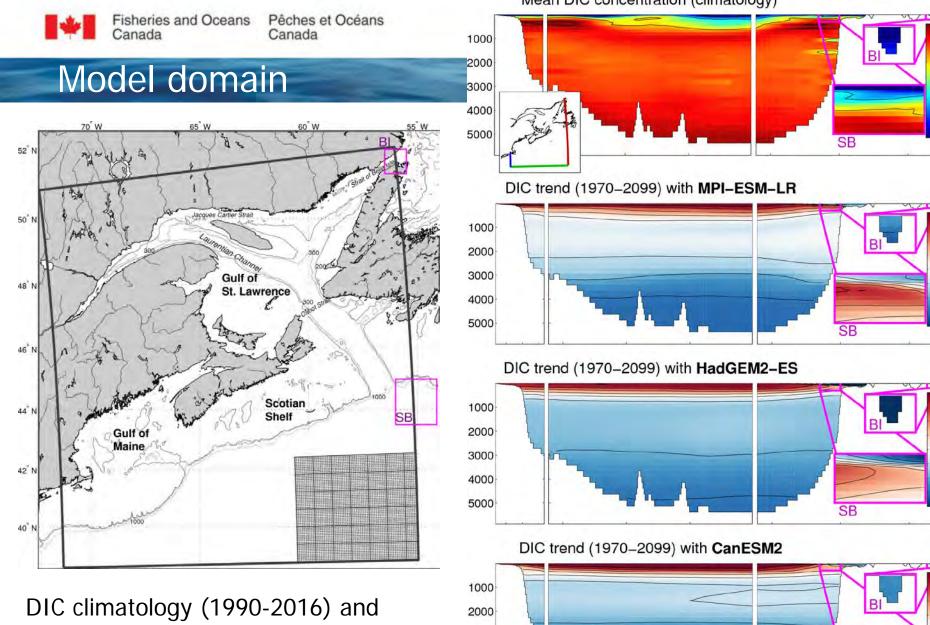






Circulation in the Northwest Atlantic





3000

4000

5000

Western borber

Southtern borber

trends (1970-2099) at the boundaries with MPI-ESM-LR , HadGEM-ES and CanESM3

Mean DIC concentration (climatology)

2250

2200

2150

2100

5

2.5 0

-2.5

-5

-7.5

10

7.5

5

2.5

-2.5

-5

-7.5

-10

7.5

5

2.5

-2.5

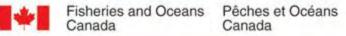
-5

-7.5

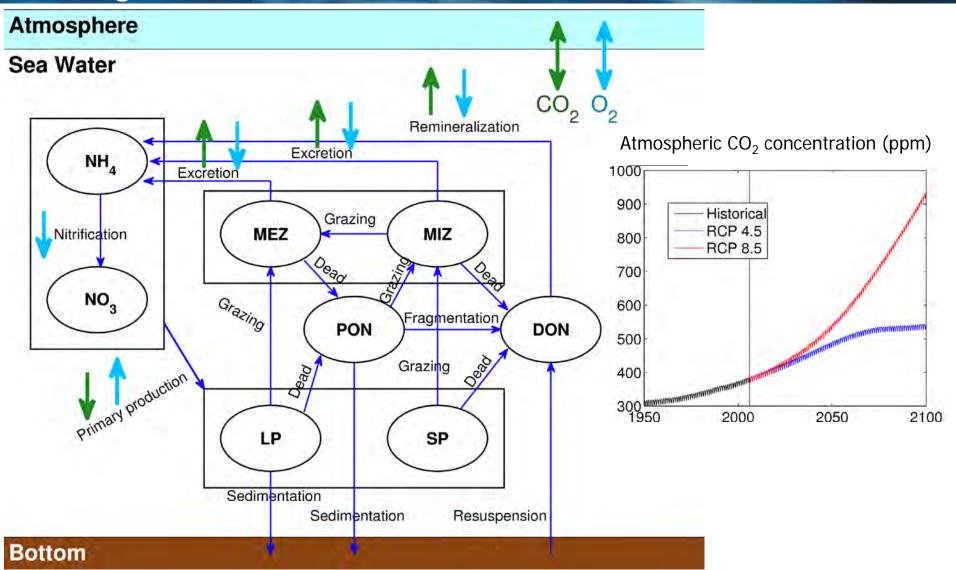
-10

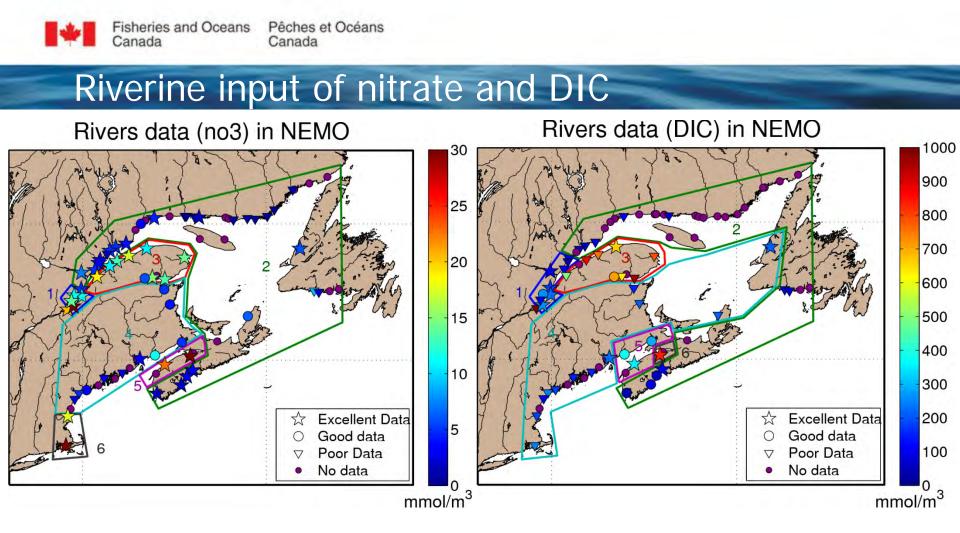
Eastern borber

0



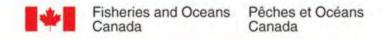
Biogeochemical module





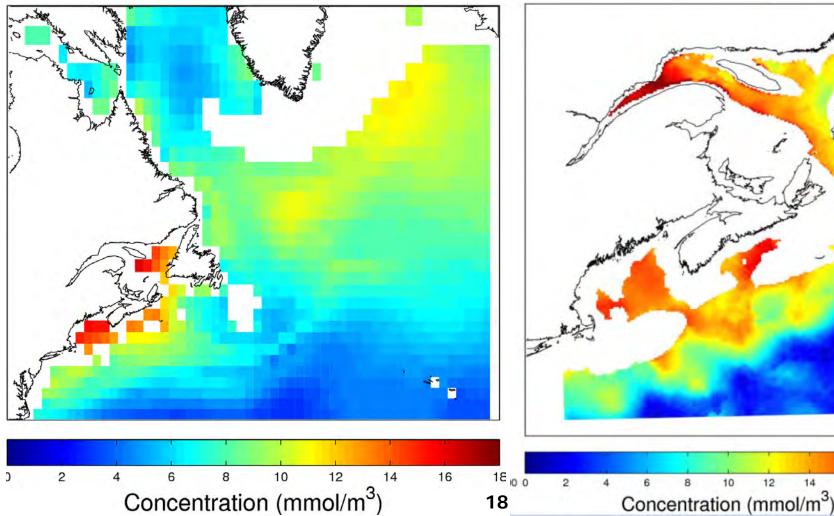
Input of ammonium, alkalinity, dissolved and particulate nitrogen also included

Sources: Provincial governments of Quebec, New-Brunswick, Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova-Scotia, Environment Canada, United-States Geological Survey and from the literature for some of the GSL's north shore rivers

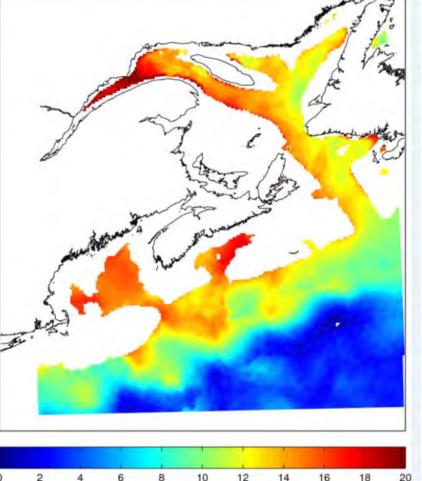


Nitrate concentration along 27.25 kg/m³

World Ocean Database

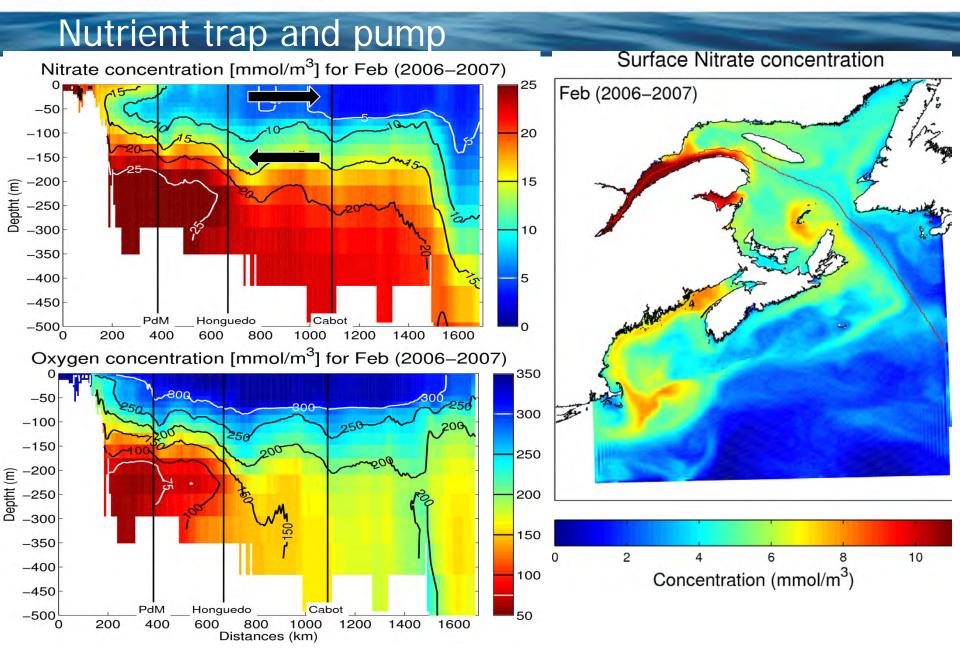


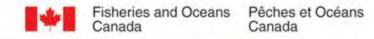
Regional model initial conditions



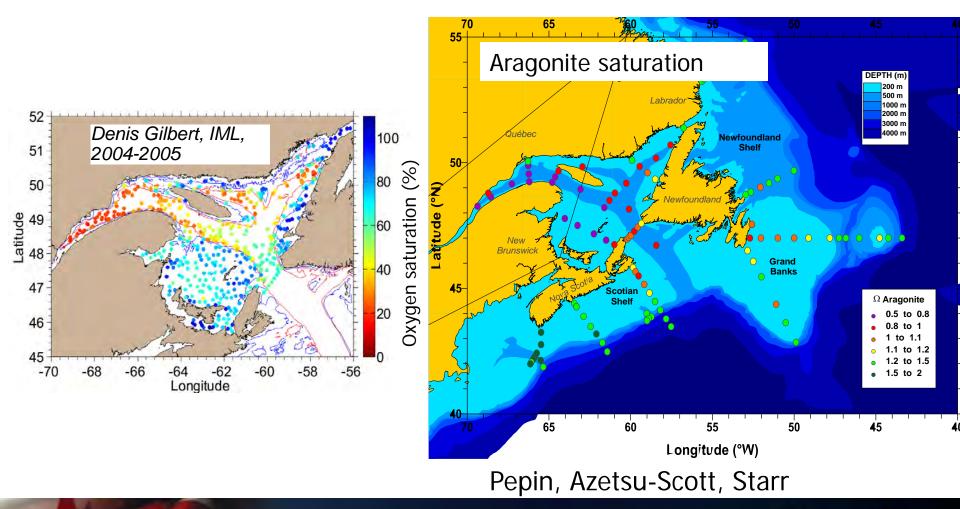
20





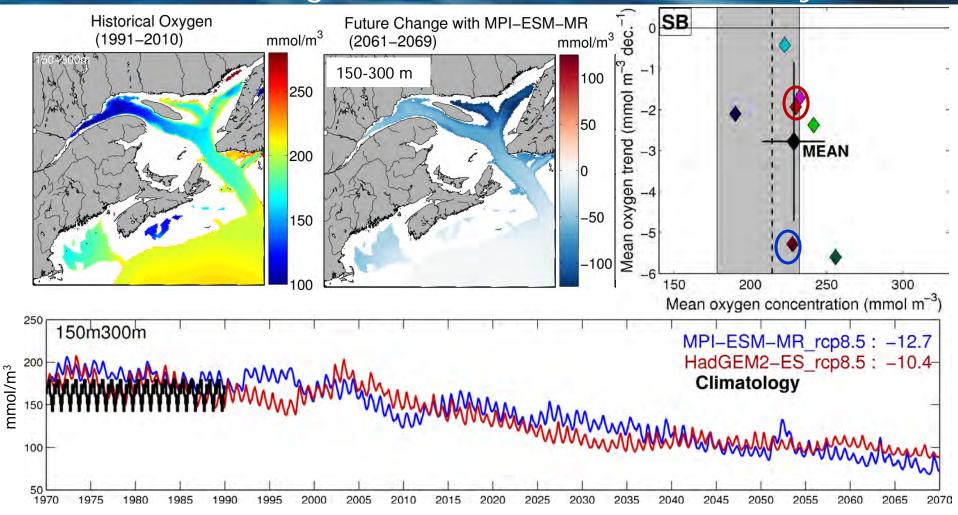


Observed oxygen saturation and aragonite Ω



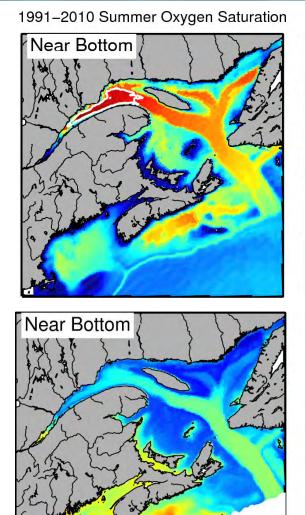


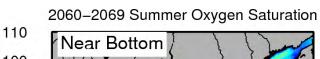
Inside trend greater than trend at boundary

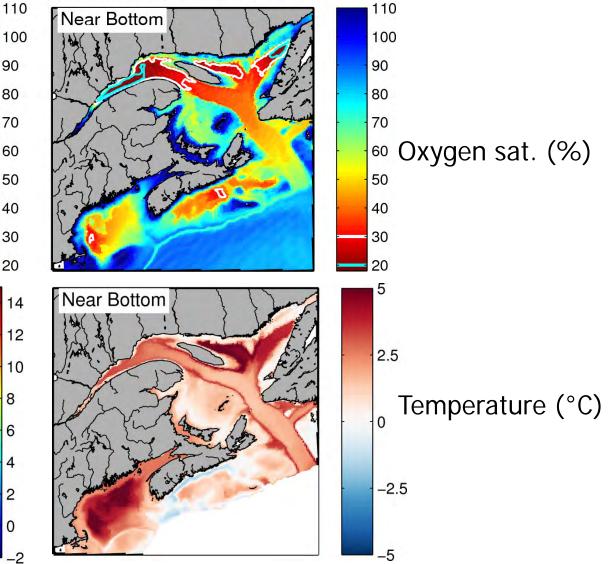


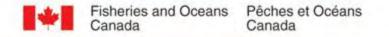


Bottom oxygen saturation and T with MPI-ESM-LR

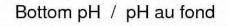


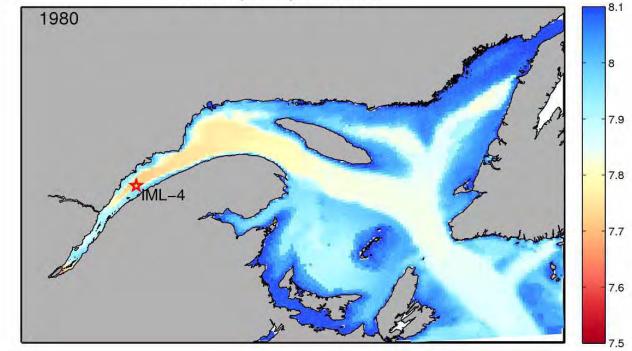


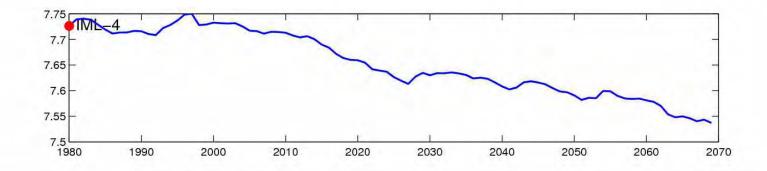




Preliminary results –Bottom pH with MPI-ESM-LR





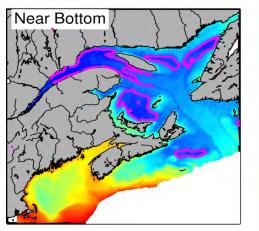




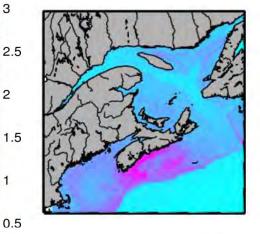
Preliminary results – Aragonite saturation

Historical Aragonite Saturation (1991 - 2010)

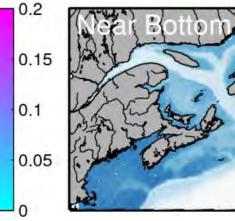
Canada

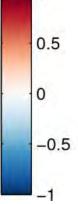


Historical Standard Deviation MPI-ESM-MR

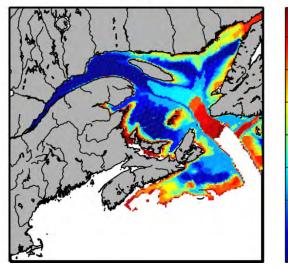


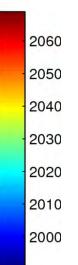
Future Change with MPI-ESM-MR (2061-2069)-(1991-2010)



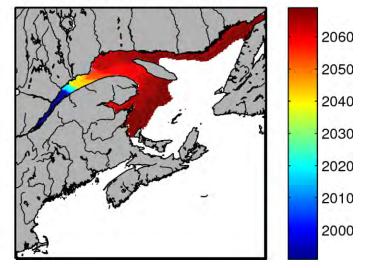


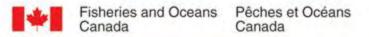
Year of Bottom Aragonite Saturation <1





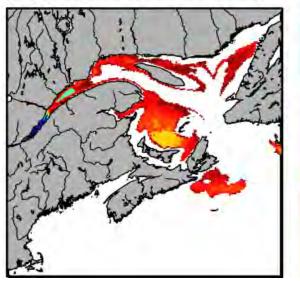
Year of Surface Aragonite Saturation <1



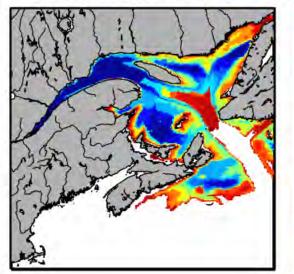


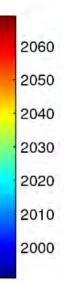
Preliminary results – Calcite saturation

Year of Bottom Calcite Saturation <1

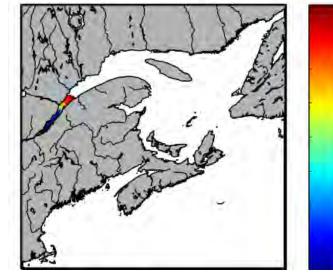


Year of Bottom Calcite Saturation <1.5

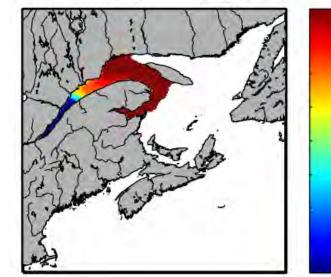


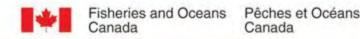


Year of Surface Calcite Saturation <1



Year of Surface Calcite Saturation <1.5

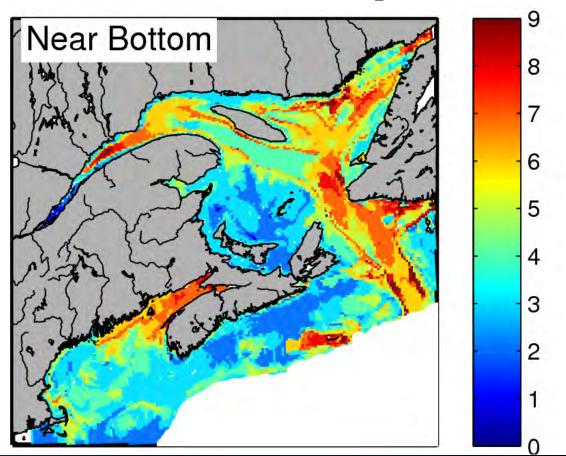




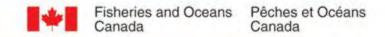
Areas of greater cumulative changes near the bottom

 $NO_3 + NH_4 + Diat + Flag + microzoo + mesozoo + DON + PON + O_2 + pH + ArSat + T + S$

Sum of variables (13) with future change (mean of future period minus mean of historical period) greater than 3 standard deviation calculated over the historical period







Conclusion

- Changes inside the Gulf of St. Lawrence are greater than those imposed at the eastern open boundary of the model
- Regional model predict important decrease in dissolved oxygen concentrations and saturations, pH, and calcium carbonate saturation states.
- Bottom calcium carbonate saturation states will reach values of 1 (aragonite) and 1.5 (calcite) over the whole Gulf of St. Lawrence and eastern Scotian Shelf by 2070.
- However, although not reaching critical values, the decrease is greater on the western Scotian Shelf and in the Gulf of Maine -> but uncertainty is greater for these regions.



