Functional responses of marine birds to local and global changes in climate and small pelagic fish availability

Claire Saraux, R. Crawford, N. Courbin, A. Chiaradia and W. Sydeman

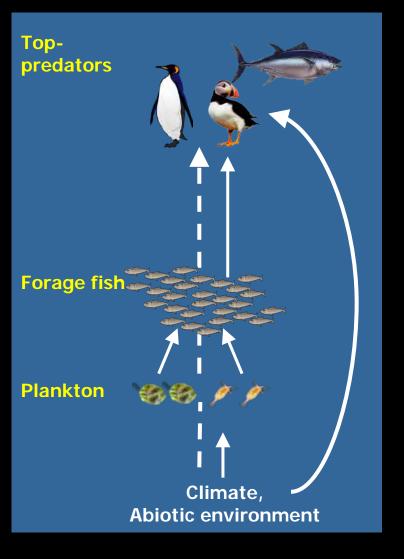




Background

Previous work

Project



Ecosystems under pressure

Use of top-predators as bioindicators

Prey dynamics = missing link

Background Pre

Previous work

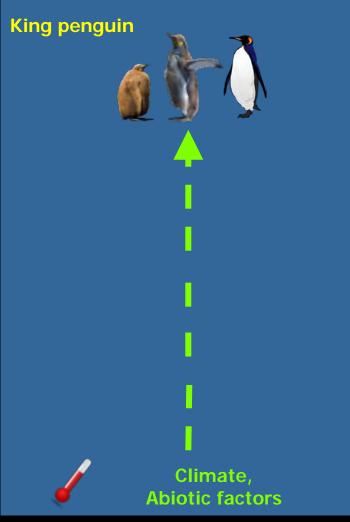
Project

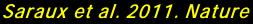
PhD

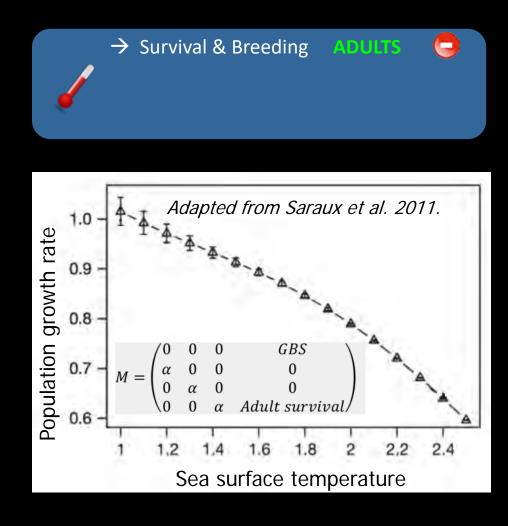
Penguins Climate, **Abiotic factors**

Project

PhD

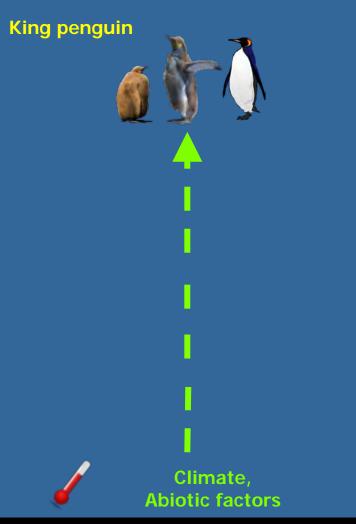




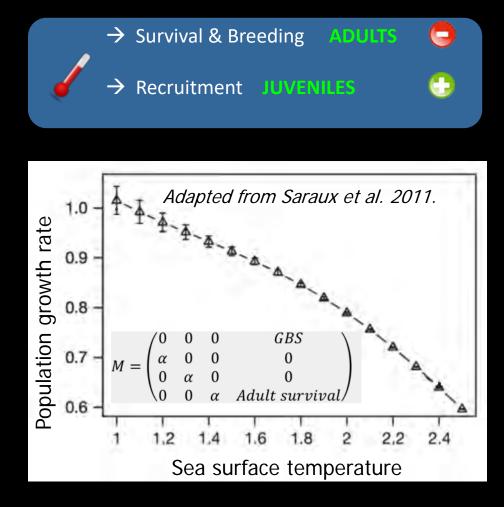


Project

PhD



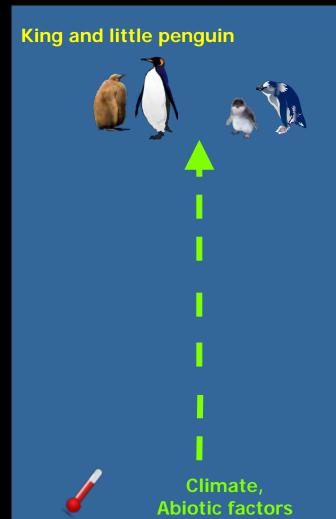
Saraux et al. 2011. Nature Saraux et al. 2011. Plos One



≠ effect of temperature within species depending on life-history traits

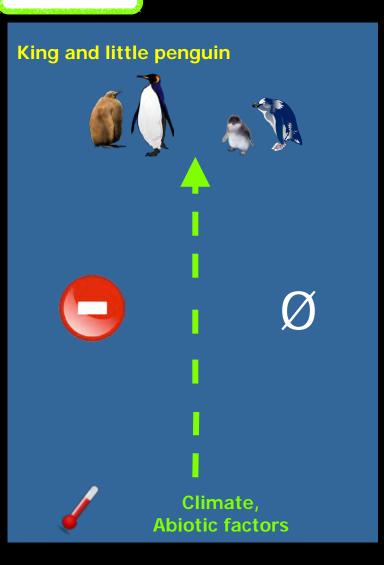
Project

PhD



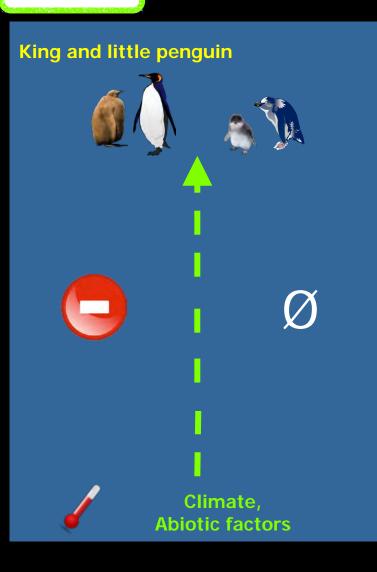
< Project

PhD



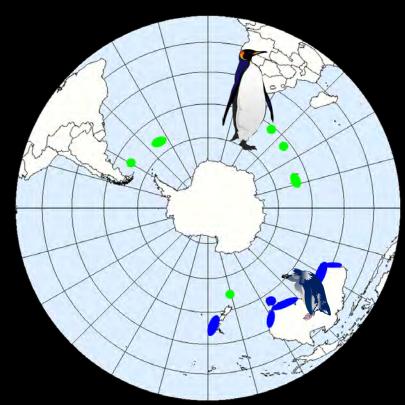
Project

PhD



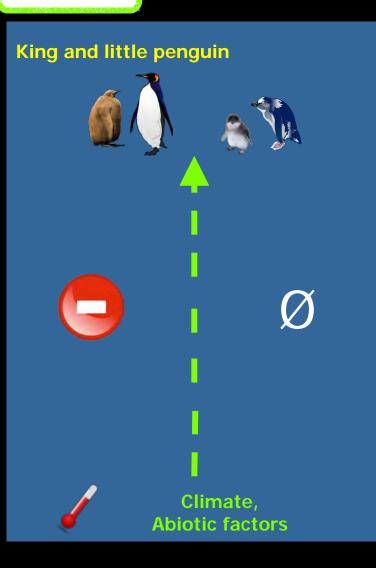
Due to:

• ≠ in latitudes?



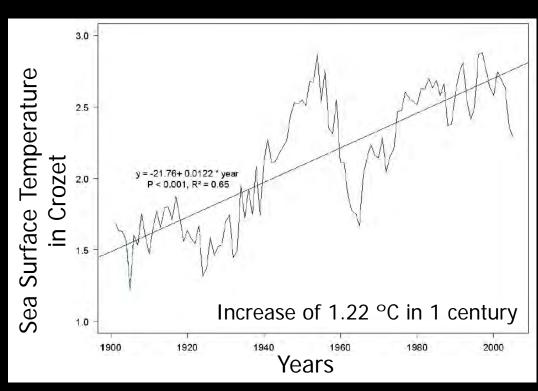
Project

PhD



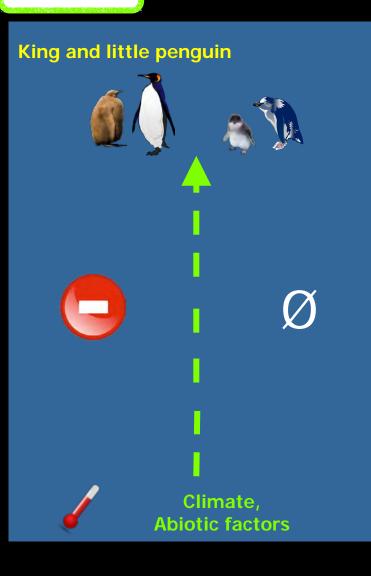
Due to:

• ≠ in latitudes?



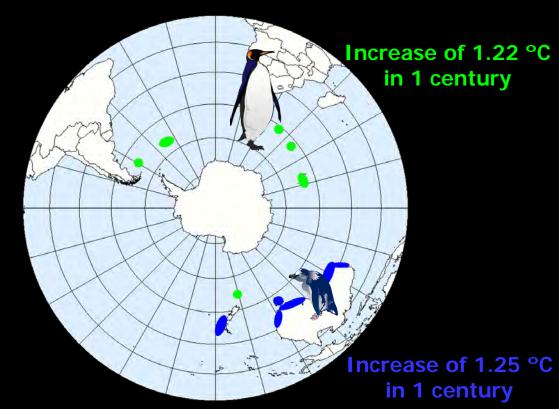
Project

PhD



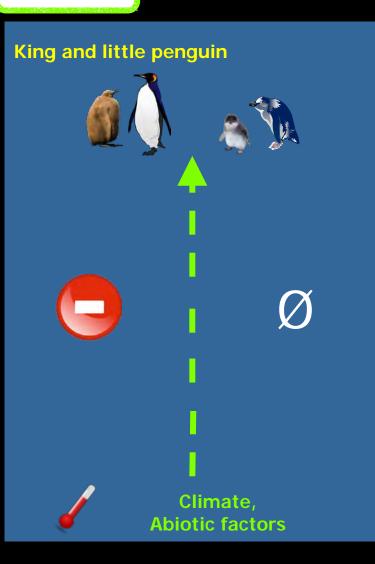
Due to:

• ≠ in latitudes?



Project

PhD



≠ effect of temperature on breeding success depending on species

Due to:

• \neq in biology?

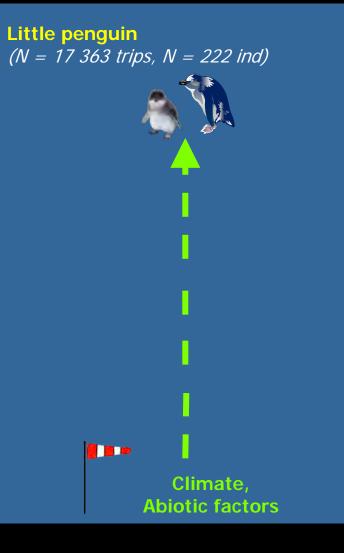




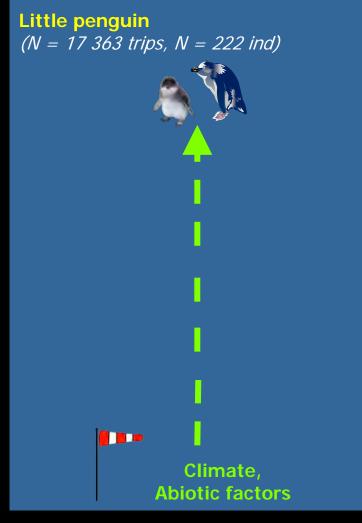
2 / month	Feeding events	1 / day
Up to 5 months	Fasting capacity	Few days

Importance of time scale at which events occur

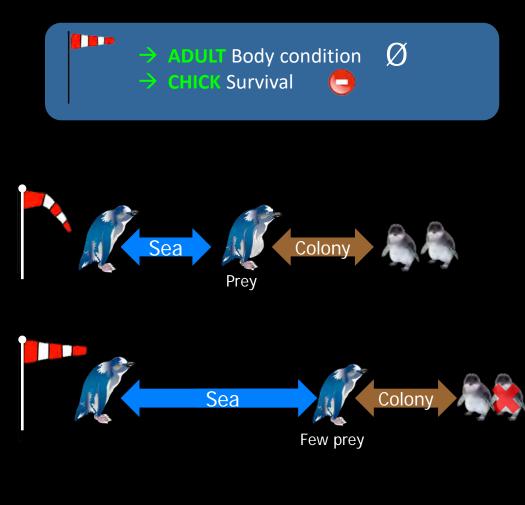
Project



Project

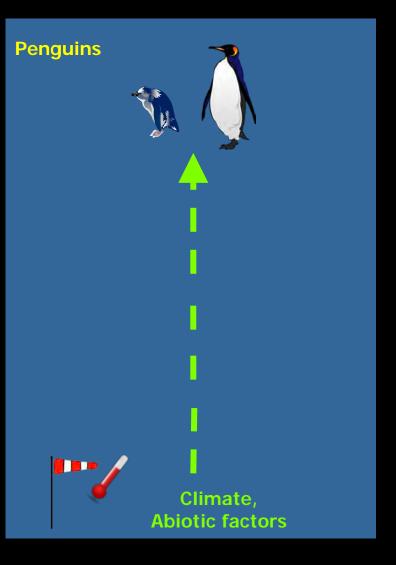


Saraux et al. 2016. Ecological Monographs



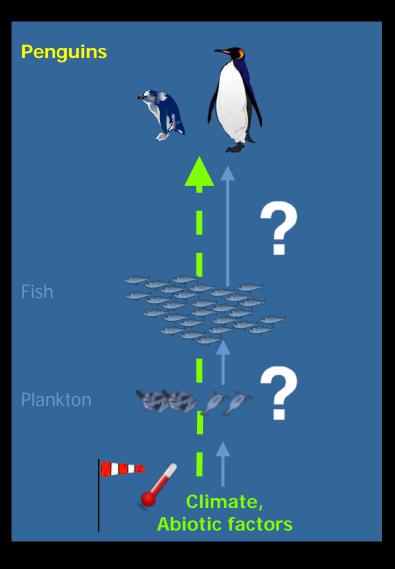
Effect of climate also mediated by lifehistory trade-offs

Project



Climate effect differs depending species and life-history traits

Project

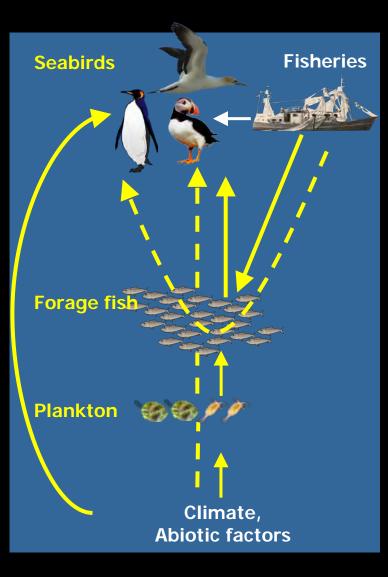


Climate effect differs depending species and life-history traits

Mechanisms?

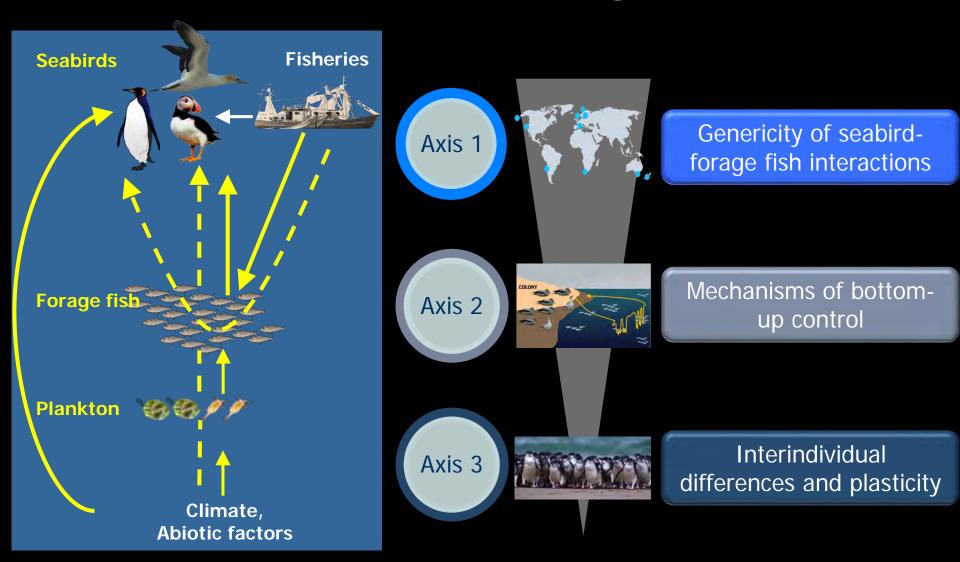
Prey abundance? Energetic quality? Prey accessibility? Background Previous work Project

Seabird forage fish interactions?



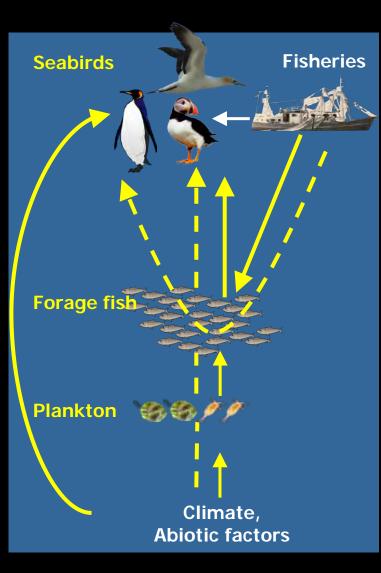
Background Previous work Project

Seabird forage fish interactions?



Background Previous work Project

Seabird forage fish interactions?



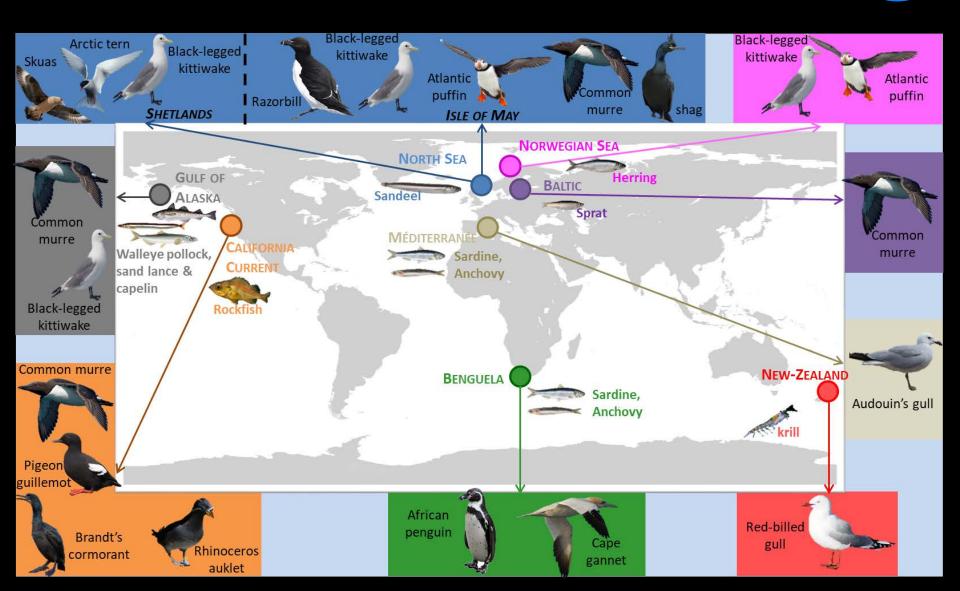


Genericity of seabirdforage fish interactions

Project

Axis 1

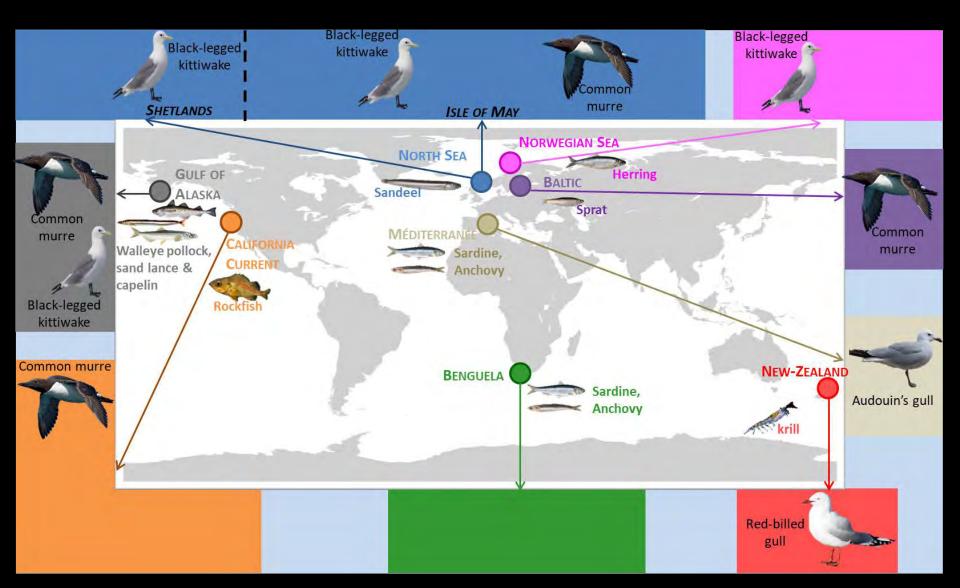
Study species and ecosystems



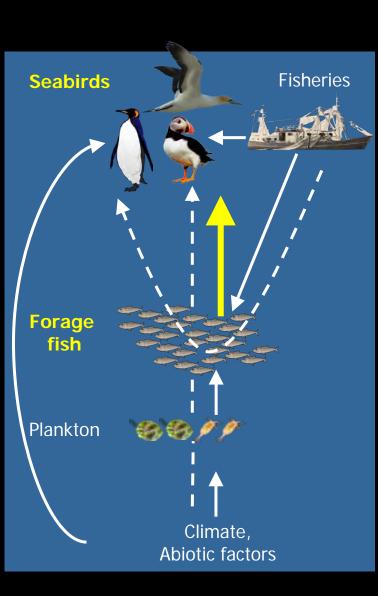
Project

Axis 1

Study species and ecosystems

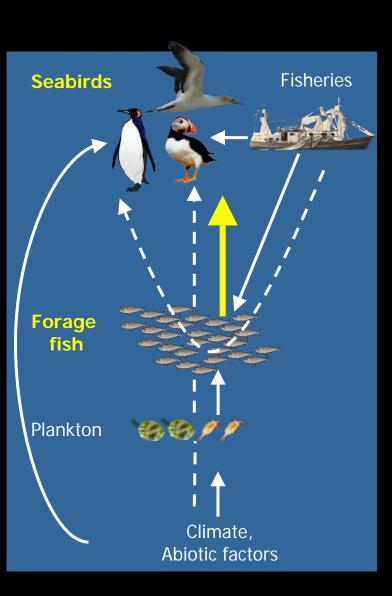


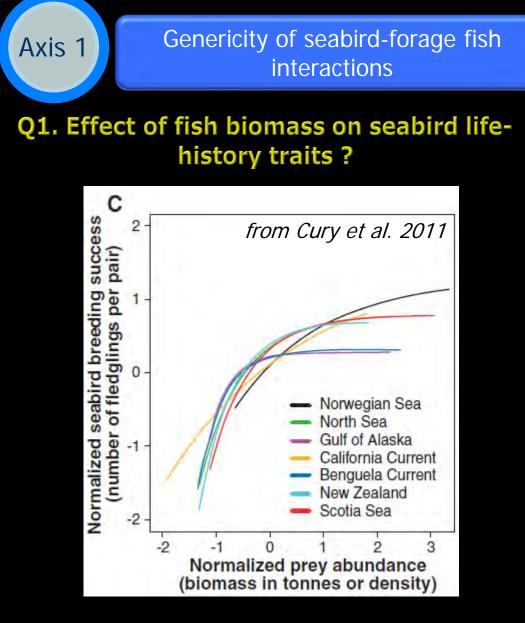
Project



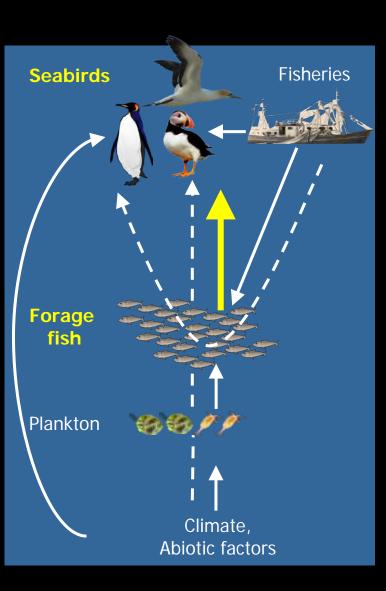
Axis 1 Genericity of seabird-forage fish interactions
Q1. Effect of fish biomass on seabird life-

history traits ?





Project

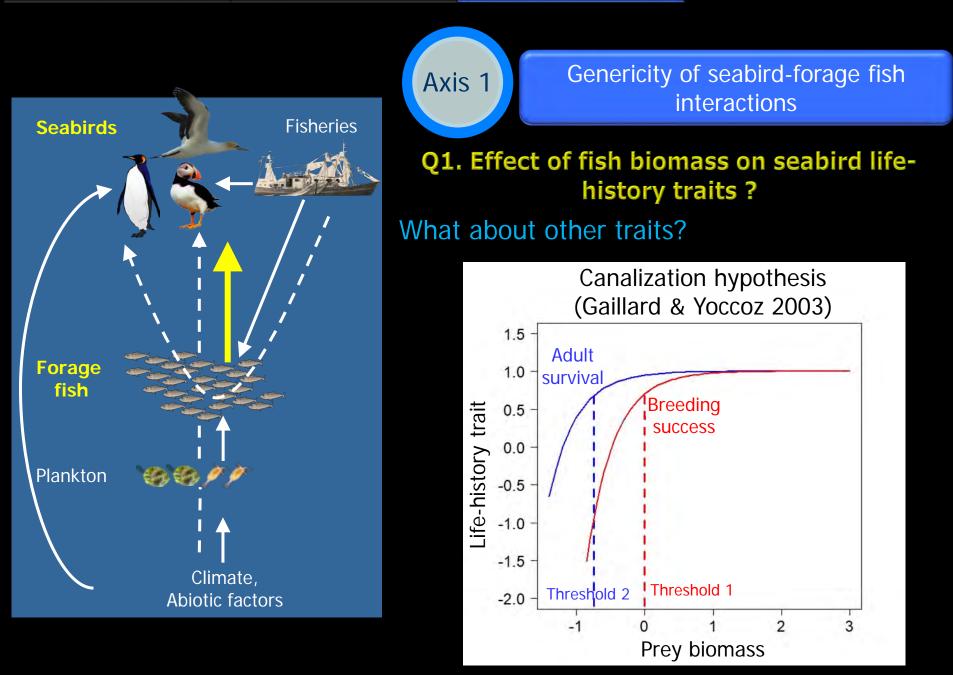


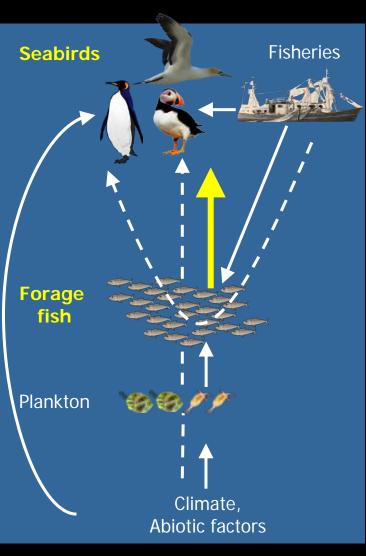
Genericity of seabird-forage fish interactions

Q1. Effect of fish biomass on seabird lifehistory traits ?

What about other traits?

Axis 1





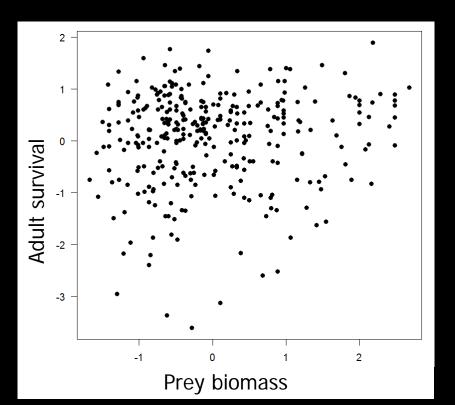
Sydeman et al. in prep.

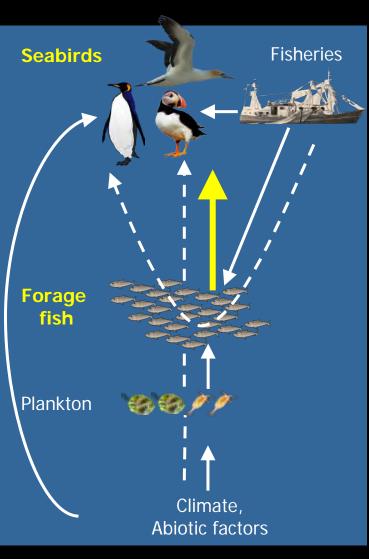
Axis 1

Genericity of seabird-forage fish interactions

Q1. Effect of fish biomass on seabird lifehistory traits ?

What about other traits?





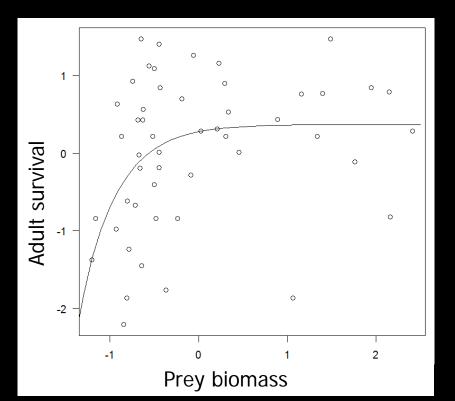
Sydeman et al. in prep.

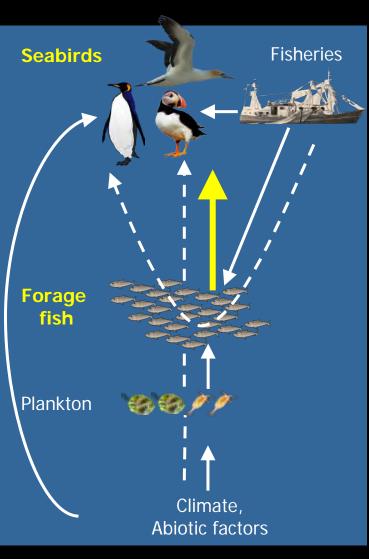
Axis 1

Genericity of seabird-forage fish interactions

Q1. Effect of fish biomass on seabird lifehistory traits ?

What about other traits?





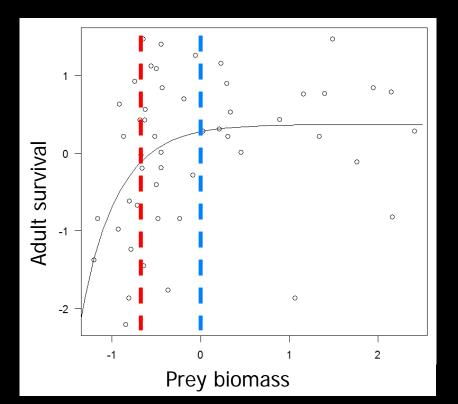
Sydeman et al. in prep.

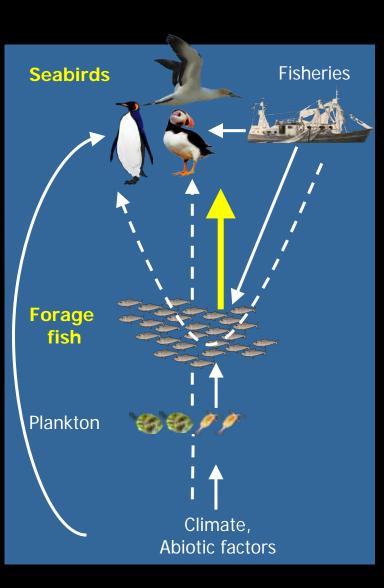
Axis 1

Genericity of seabird-forage fish interactions

Q1. Effect of fish biomass on seabird lifehistory traits ?

What about other traits?





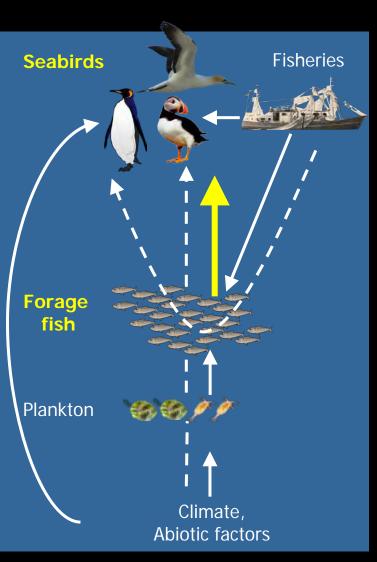
Axis 1

Genericity of seabird-forage fish interactions

Q1. Effect of fish biomass on seabird lifehistory traits ?

What about other traits?

Adult survival Juvenile survival Breeding propensity



Axis 1

Genericity of seabird-forage fish interactions

Q1. Effect of fish biomass on seabird lifehistory traits ?

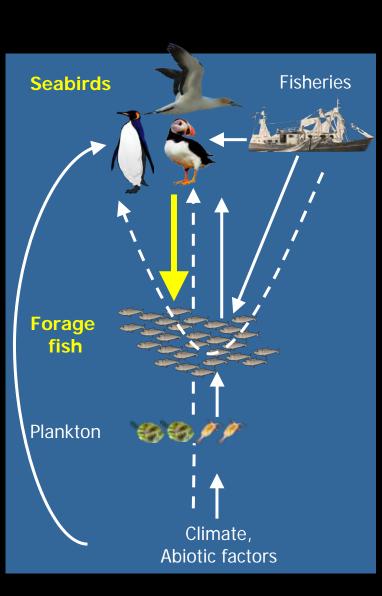
What about other traits?

Adult survival Juvenile survival Breeding propensity

Consequences on population dynamics

 $M = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & BS = f_1(prey\ biomass) \\ Surv_{juv} = f_3\ (prey\ biomass) & Surv_{adult} = f_2(prey\ biomass) \end{pmatrix}$

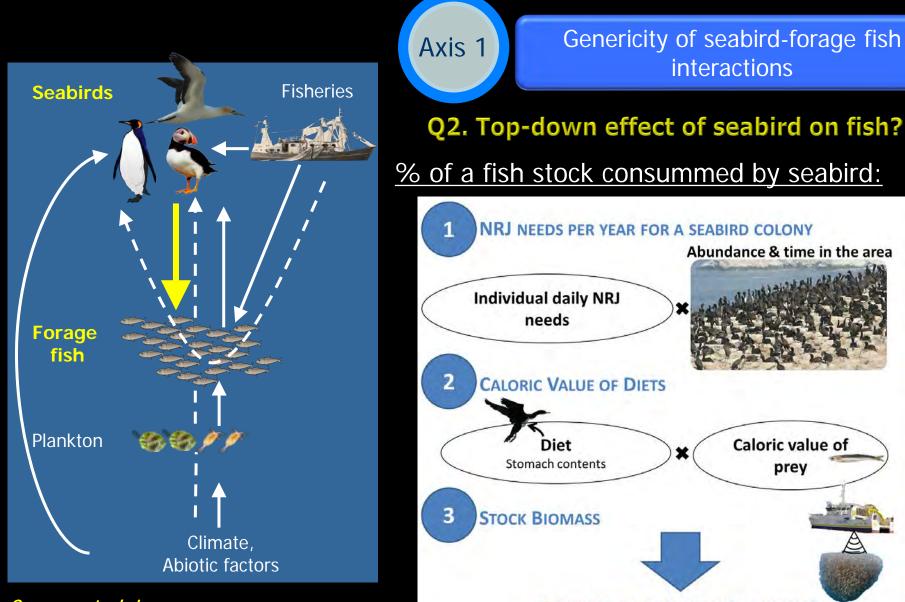
 $\lambda = \pm Max (|e.v.(M)|)$



Axis 1

Genericity of seabird-forage fish interactions

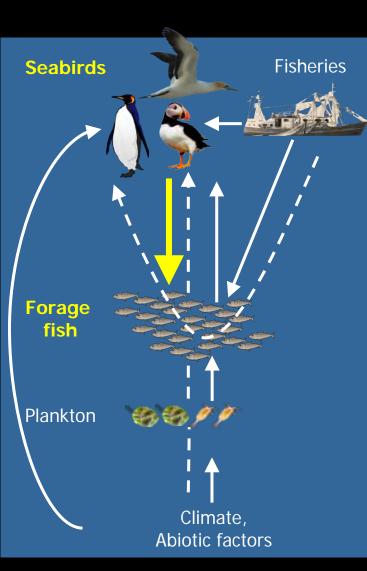
Q2. Top-down effect of seabird on fish?



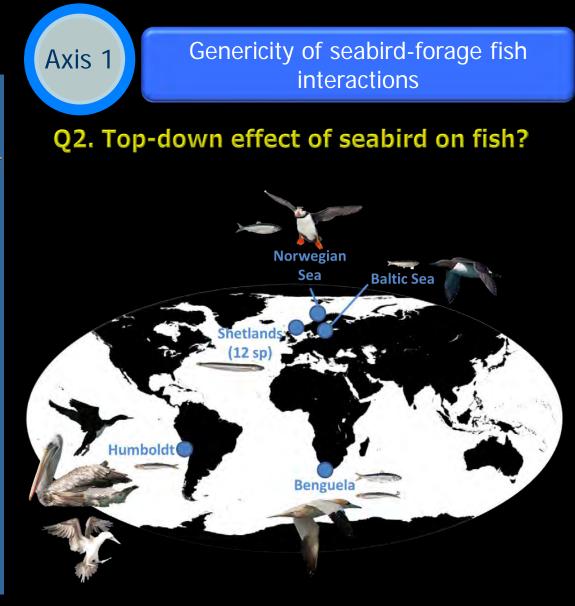
Saraux et al. in prep.

PROPORTION OF STOCK CONSUMMED

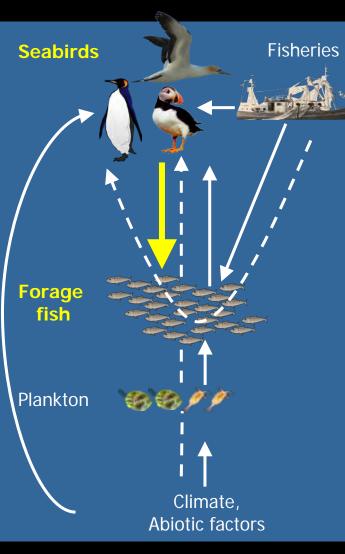
Project



Saraux et al. in prep.



Axis 1

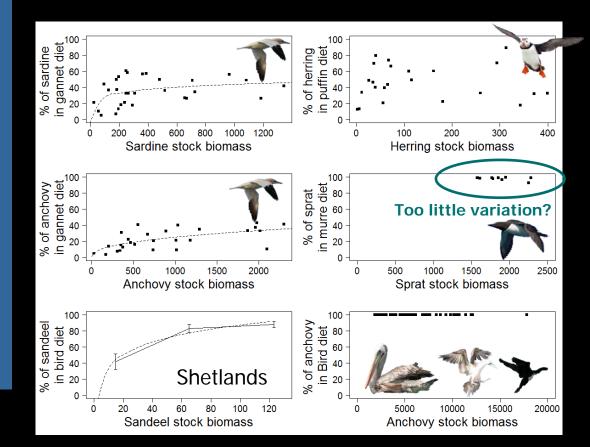


Saraux et al. in prep.

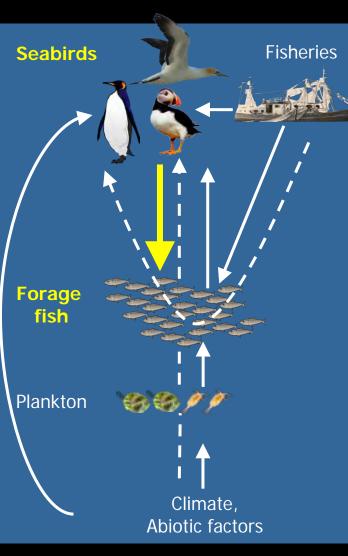
Genericity of seabird-forage fish interactions

Q2. Top-down effect of seabird on fish?

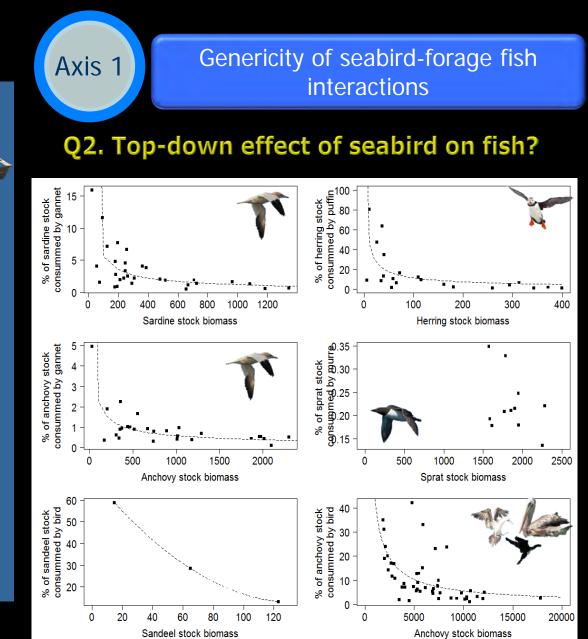
Redirection vs. diet independent from stock biomass



Project

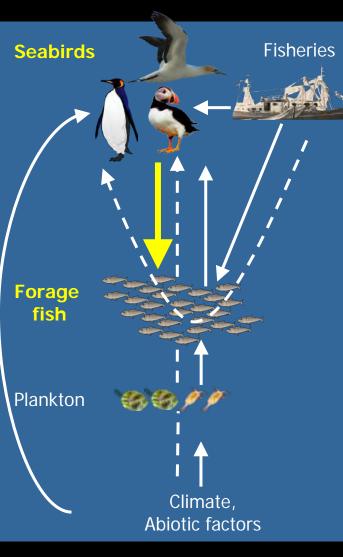


Saraux et al. in prep.

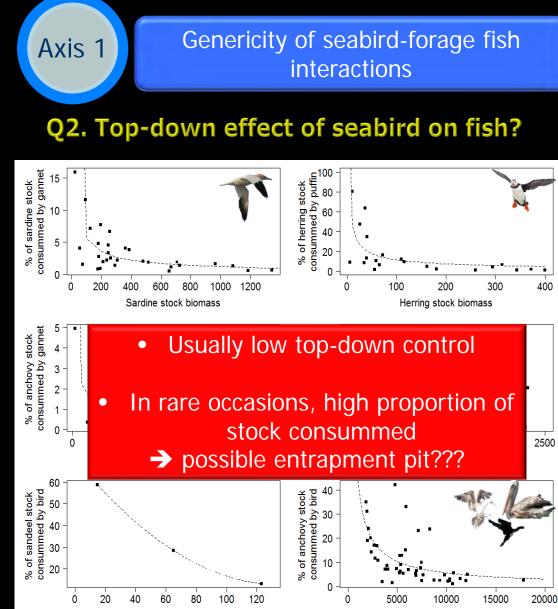


Project

Sandeel stock biomass



Saraux et al. in prep.



Anchovy stock biomass

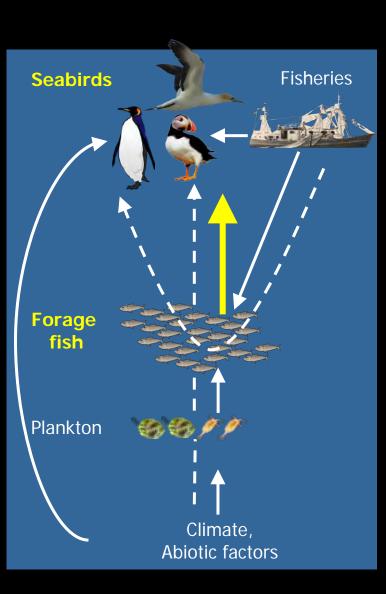
Project

Fisheries **Seabirds** Forage fish BB// Plankton Climate, Abiotic factors



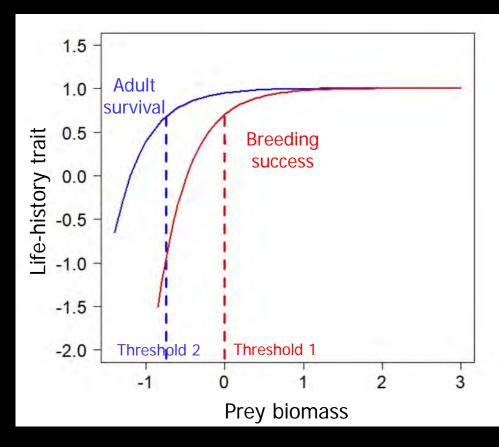
Mechanisms of bottom-up control? Energy transfer & stock accessibility

Project

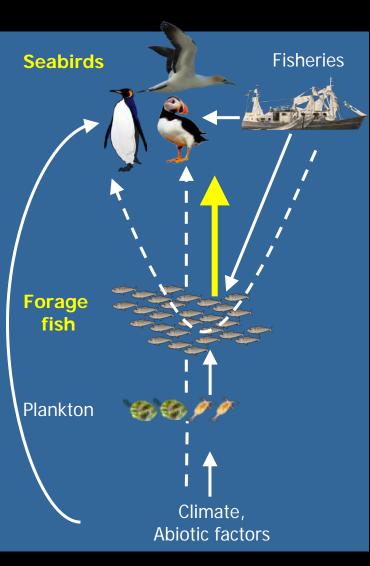


Axis 2

Mechanisms of bottom-up control? Energy transfer & stock accessibility

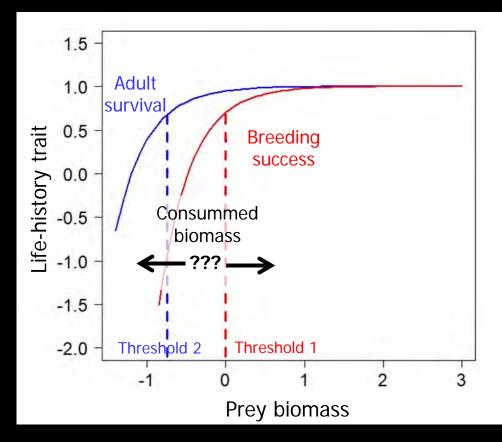


Project



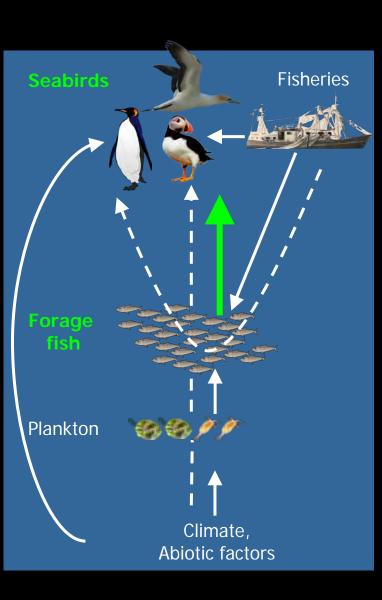
Axis 2

Mechanisms of bottom-up control? Energy transfer & stock accessibility



Piatt et al. in prep.

Project



Axis 2

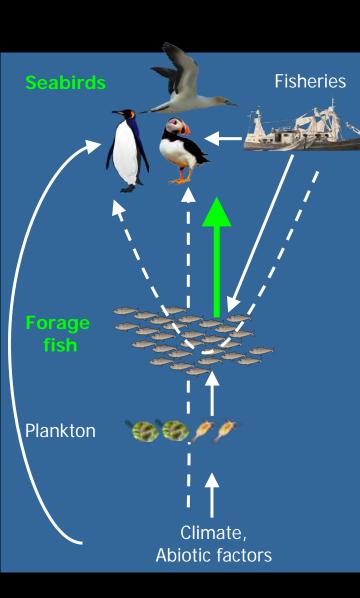
Mechanisms of bottom-up control? Energy transfer & stock accessibility

Which part of the stock is accessible for seabirds?

Q1. Spatial distribution of fish in 3D?

Q2. Ecophysiological constraints of seabirds?

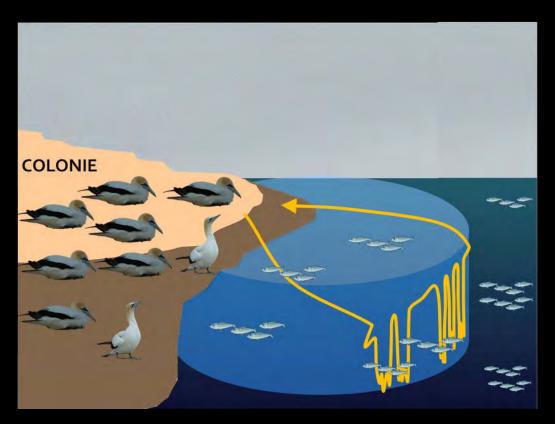
Project



Axis 2

Mechanisms of bottom-up control? Energy transfer & stock accessibility

Which part of the stock is accessible for seabirds?



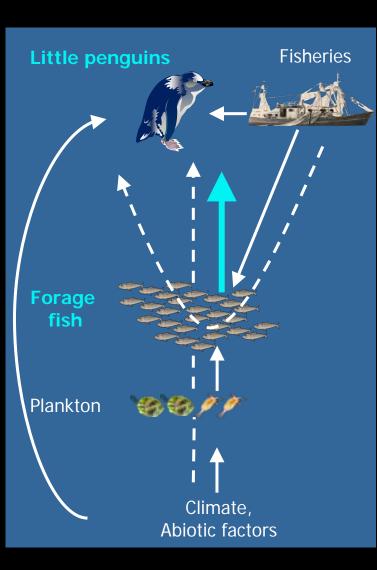
Project

Seabirds Fisheries Forage fish 18 18 P Plankton Climate, Abiotic factors

Axis 2

Mechanisms of bottom-up control? Energy transfer & stock accessibility

Q3. How does seabird NRJ balance vary with fish distribution and aggregation?



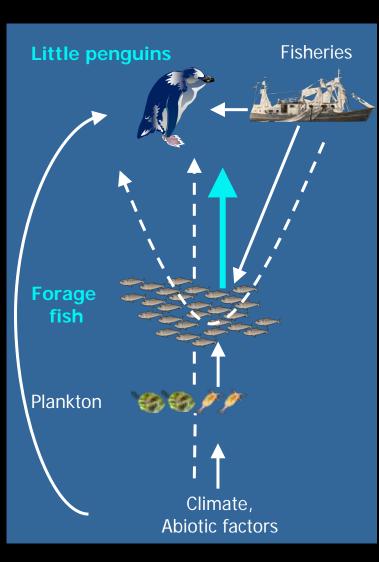
Axis 2

Mechanisms of bottom-up control? Energy transfer & stock accessibility

Q3. How does seabird NRJ balance vary with fish distribution and aggregation?

1. NRJ expenditure using accelerometers





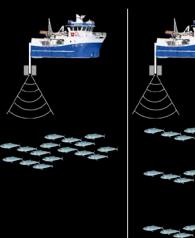
Axis 2

Mechanisms of bottom-up control? Energy transfer & stock accessibility

Q3. How does seabird NRJ balance vary with fish distribution and aggregation?

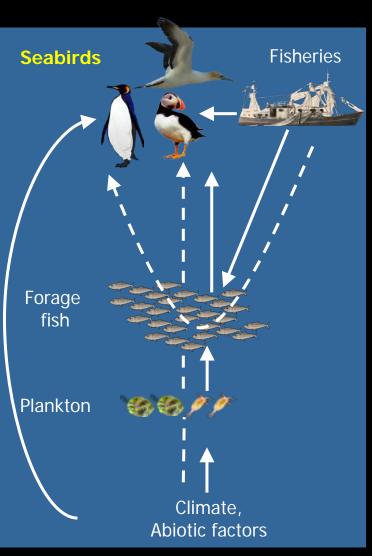
- 1. NRJ expenditure using accelerometers
- 2. Spatial distribution of fish using acoustic survey





Aggregated | Dispersed

Project



Axis 3

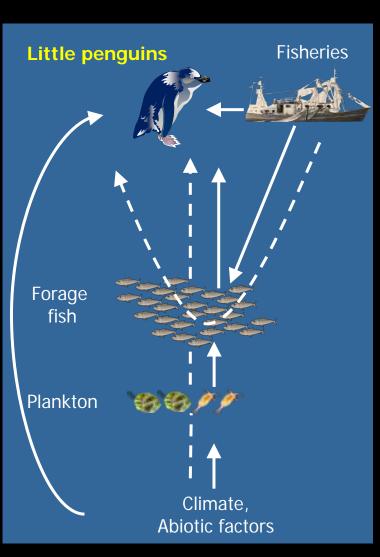
Interindividual differences & plasticity

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & BS = f_1(prey \ biomass) \\ Surv_{juv} = f_3 \ (prey \ biomass) & Surv_{adult} = f_2(prey \ biomass) \end{pmatrix}$$

Assumptions:

- All individuals react the same in a given category
- Individuals always react the same way





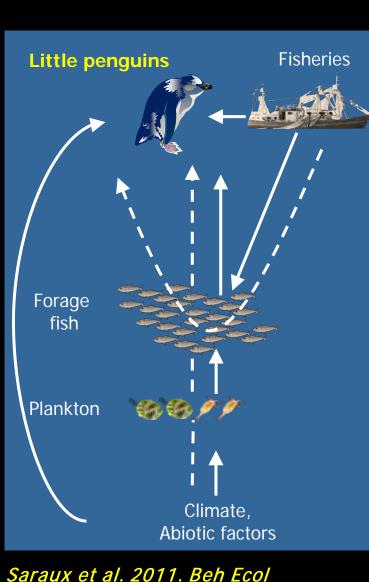
Axis 3

Interindividual differences & plasticity

<u>Assumption 1</u>: All individuals react the same in a given category

Saraux et al. 2011. Beh Ecol

Project



Axis 3

Interindividual differences & plasticity

3/4 of the cases

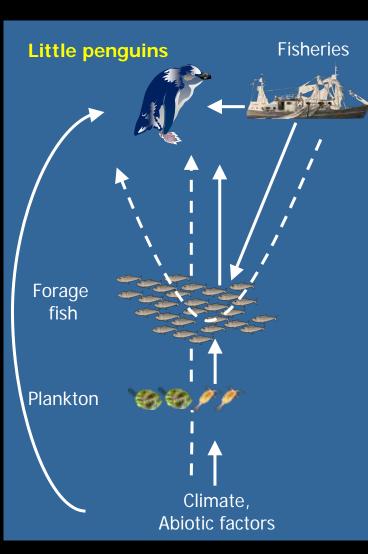
<u>Assumption 1</u>: All individuals react the same in a given category

more)

(30%)

Parental care

Project

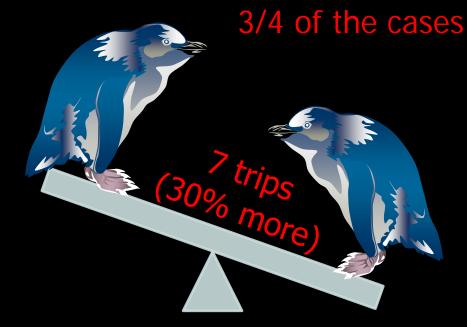


Axis 3

Interindividual differences & plasticity

<u>Assumption 1</u>: All individuals react the same in a given category

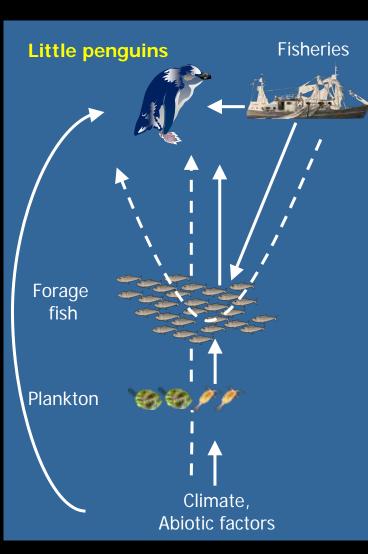
Parental care



Explained by Sex or Age?

Saraux et al. 2011. Beh Ecol

Project

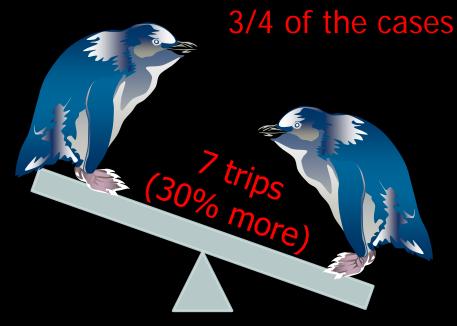


Axis 3

Interindividual differences & plasticity

<u>Assumption 1</u>: All individuals react the same in a given category

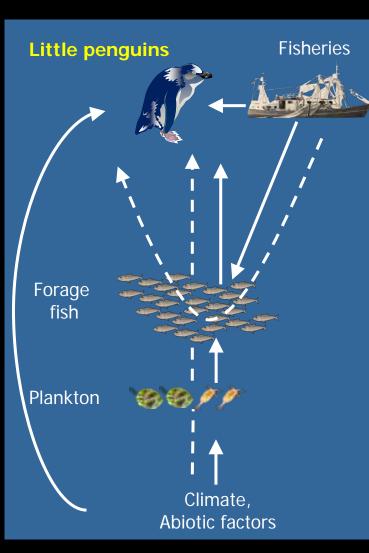
Parental care



Explained by Sex or Age?

Saraux et al. 2011. Beh Ecol

Project



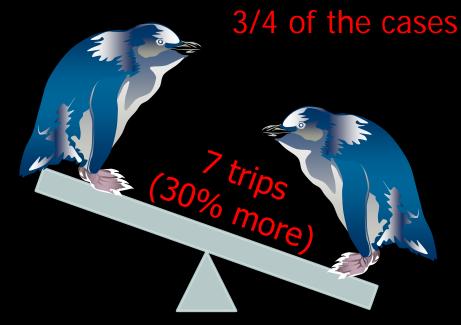
Saraux et al. 2011. Beh Ecol

Axis 3

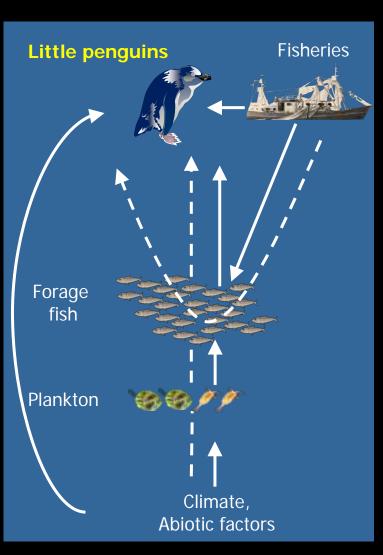
Interindividual differences & plasticity

<u>Assumption 1</u>: All individuals react the same in a given category

Parental care



Explained by Sex or Age? Consistency through life



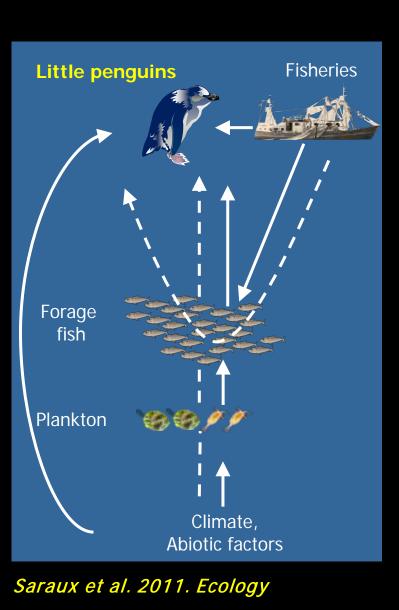
Axis 3

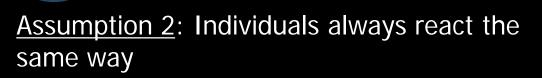
Interindividual differences & plasticity

<u>Assumption 2</u>: Individuals always react the same way

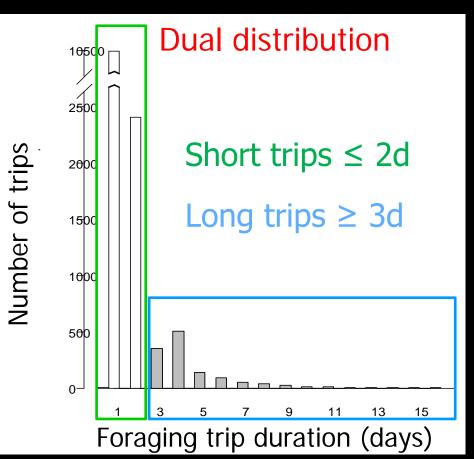
Saraux et al. 2011. Ecology

Axis 3

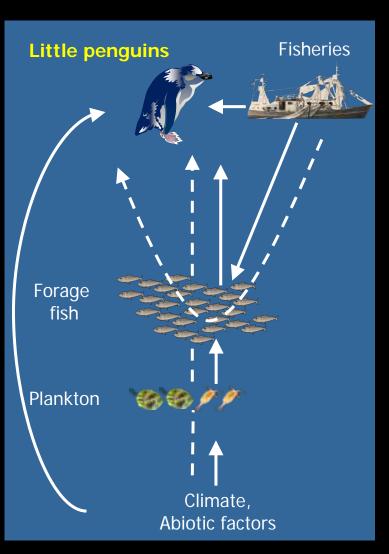




Interindividual differences & plasticity







Axis 3

Interindividual differences & plasticity

<u>Assumption 2</u>: Individuals always react the same way

Alternate between short and long trips depending on their own condition & environment

Plasticity in foraging

Saraux et al. 2011. Ecology

Project

Shearwaters Fisheries Forage fish \$ \$. Plankton Climate, Abiotic factors

Courbin et al. 2018. Ecol letters

Axis 3

Interindividual differences & plasticity

<u>Assumption 2</u>: Individuals always react the same way

Project

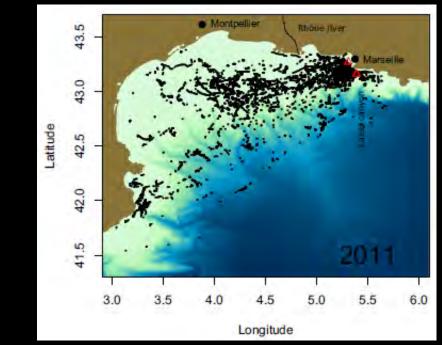
Shearwaters Fisheries Forage fish Plankton **6**, 6, Climate, Abiotic factors

Courbin et al. 2018. Ecol letters

Axis 3 Interin

Interindividual differences & plasticity

Assumption 2: Individuals always react the same way



Site fidelity? Resource selection? Diet specialization?

Project

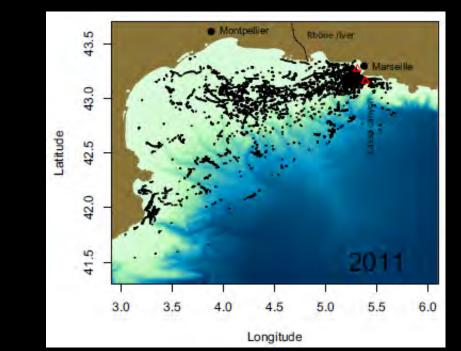
Axis 3

Shearwaters Fisheries Forage fish Plankton **6**, 6, Climate, Abiotic factors

Courbin et al. 2018. Ecol letters

Interindividual differences & plasticity

<u>Assumption 2</u>: Individuals always react the same way



Site fidelity? Resource selection? Diet specialization?

Project

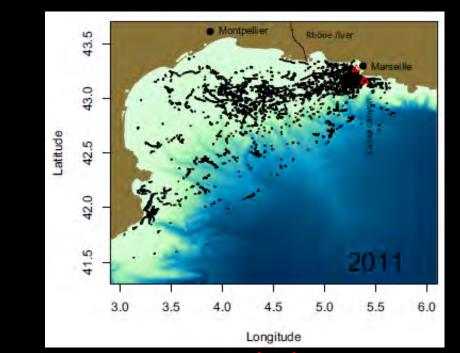
Axis 3

Shearwaters Fisheries Forage fish Plankton **6**, 6, Climate, Abiotic factors

Courbin et al. 2018. Ecol letters

Interindividual differences & plasticity

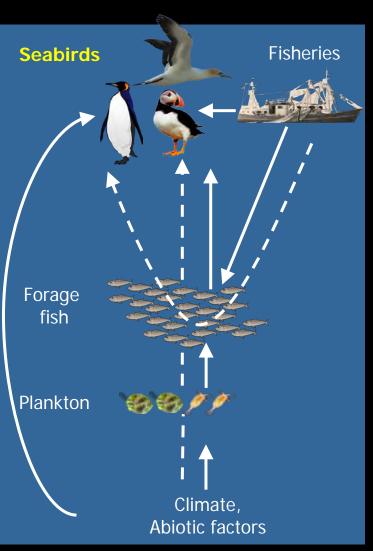
<u>Assumption 2</u>: Individuals always react the same way



Site fidelity? Resource selection? Diet specialization?

High plasticity, daily foraging tactics

Project



Axis 3

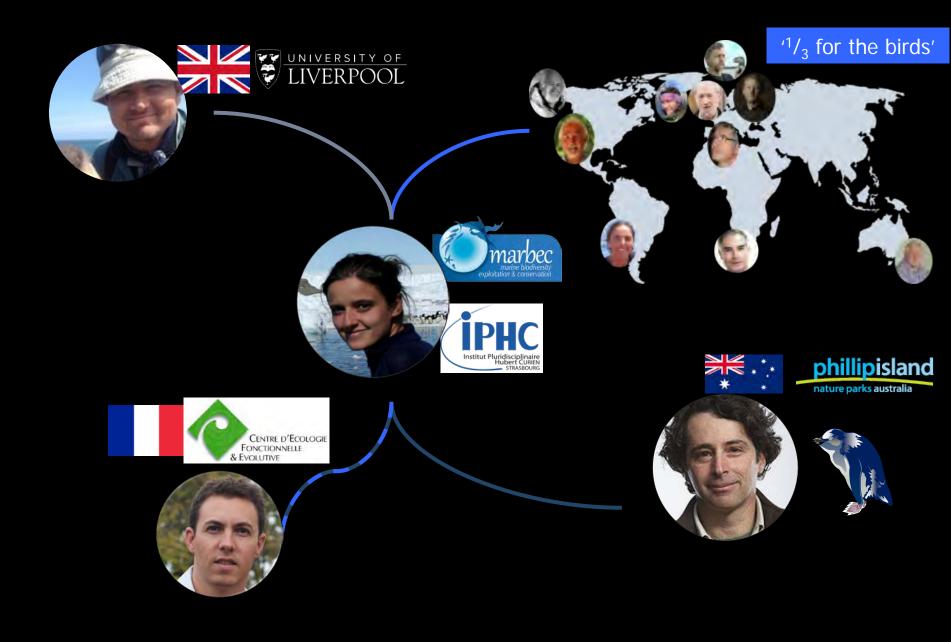
Interindividual differences & plasticity

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & BS = f_1(prey \ biomass) \\ Surv_{juv} = f_3 \ (prey \ biomass) & Surv_{adult} = f_2(prey \ biomass) \end{pmatrix}$$

Needs:

- Incorporate individual heterogeneity
- Incorporate plasticity

Many thanks to all collaborators!



Thank you for your attention!

State of the second state