

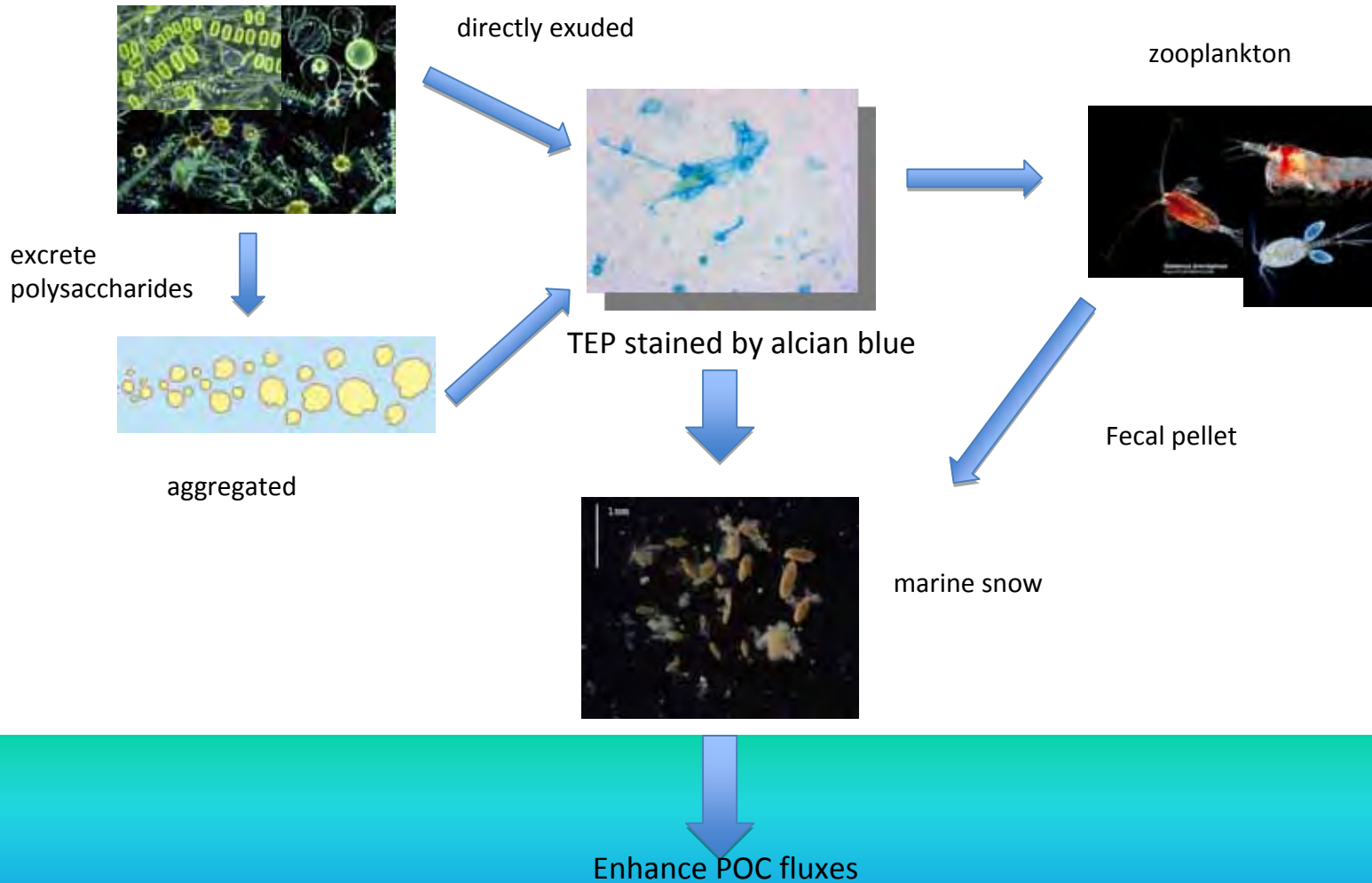
# Vertical and spatial distribution patterns of transparent exopolymer (TEP) in the East Sea during summer 2009

TaeKeun Rho, Tongsup Lee, Hyunduck Jeon,  
Dong-Jin Kang and Kyung-Ryul Kim

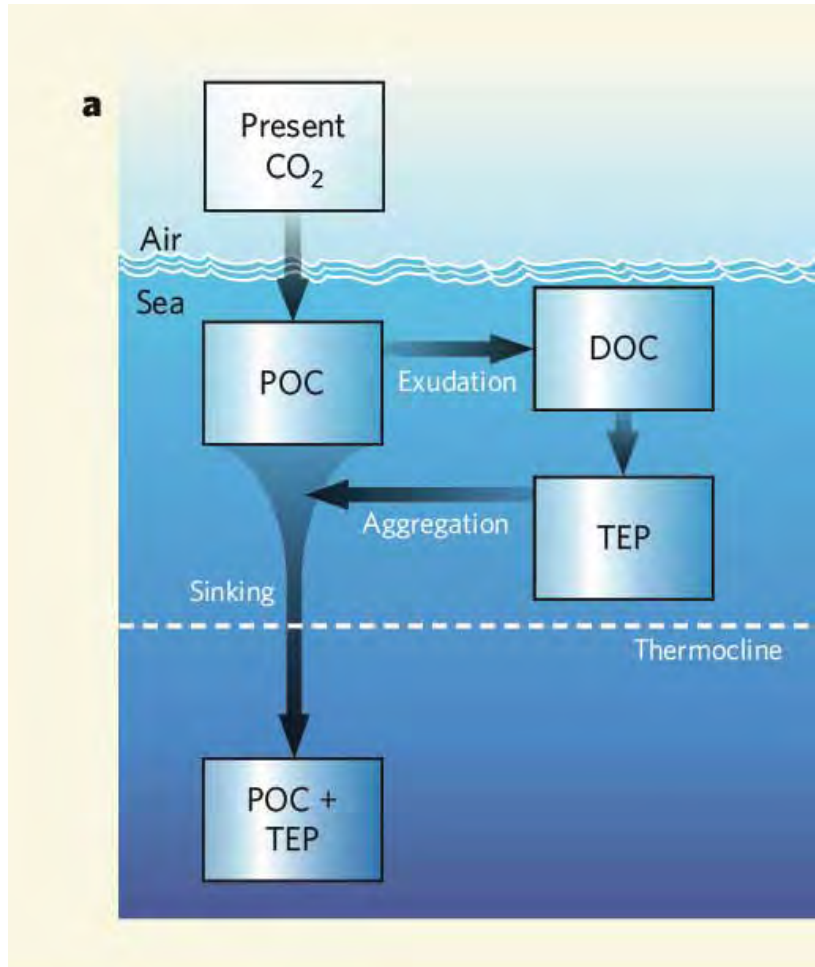


# TEP (Transparent Exopolymer Particles)

Phytoplankton and bacteria



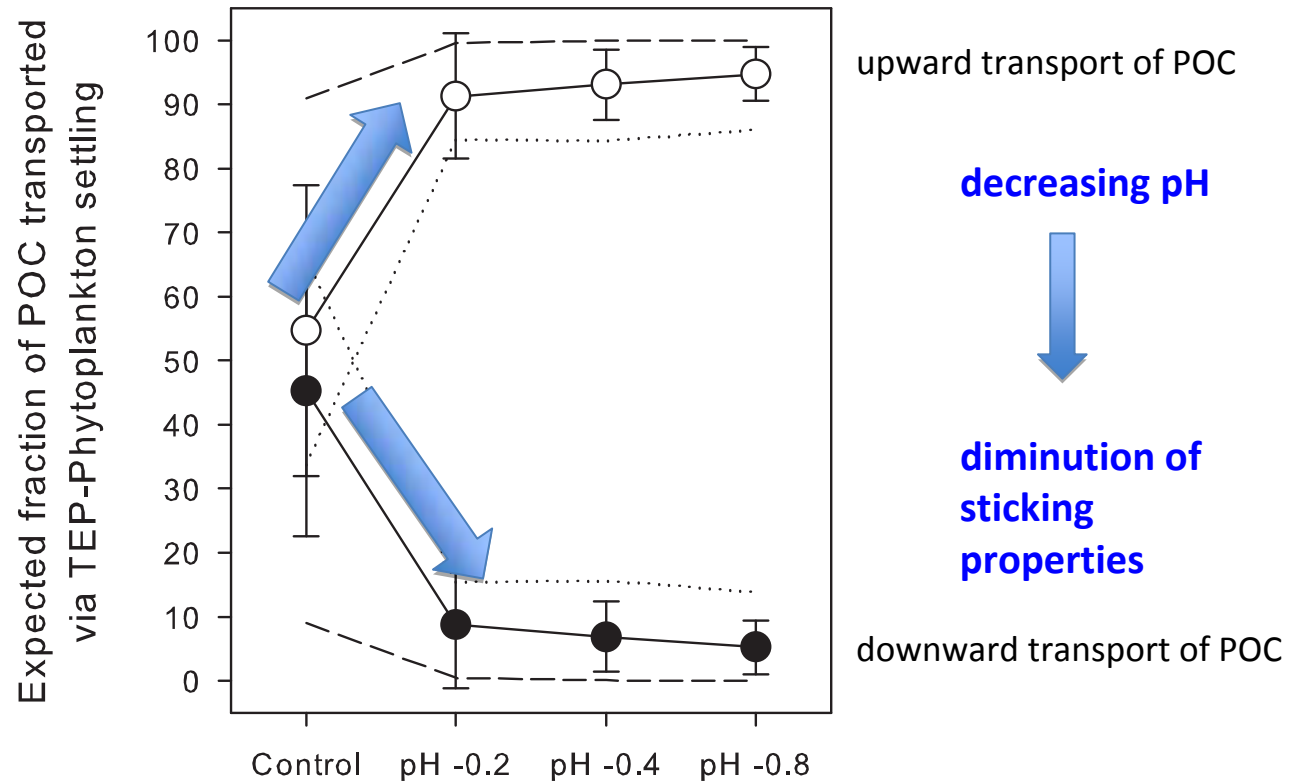
# Enhanced TEP production in High CO<sub>2</sub> ocean



Arrigo (2007)

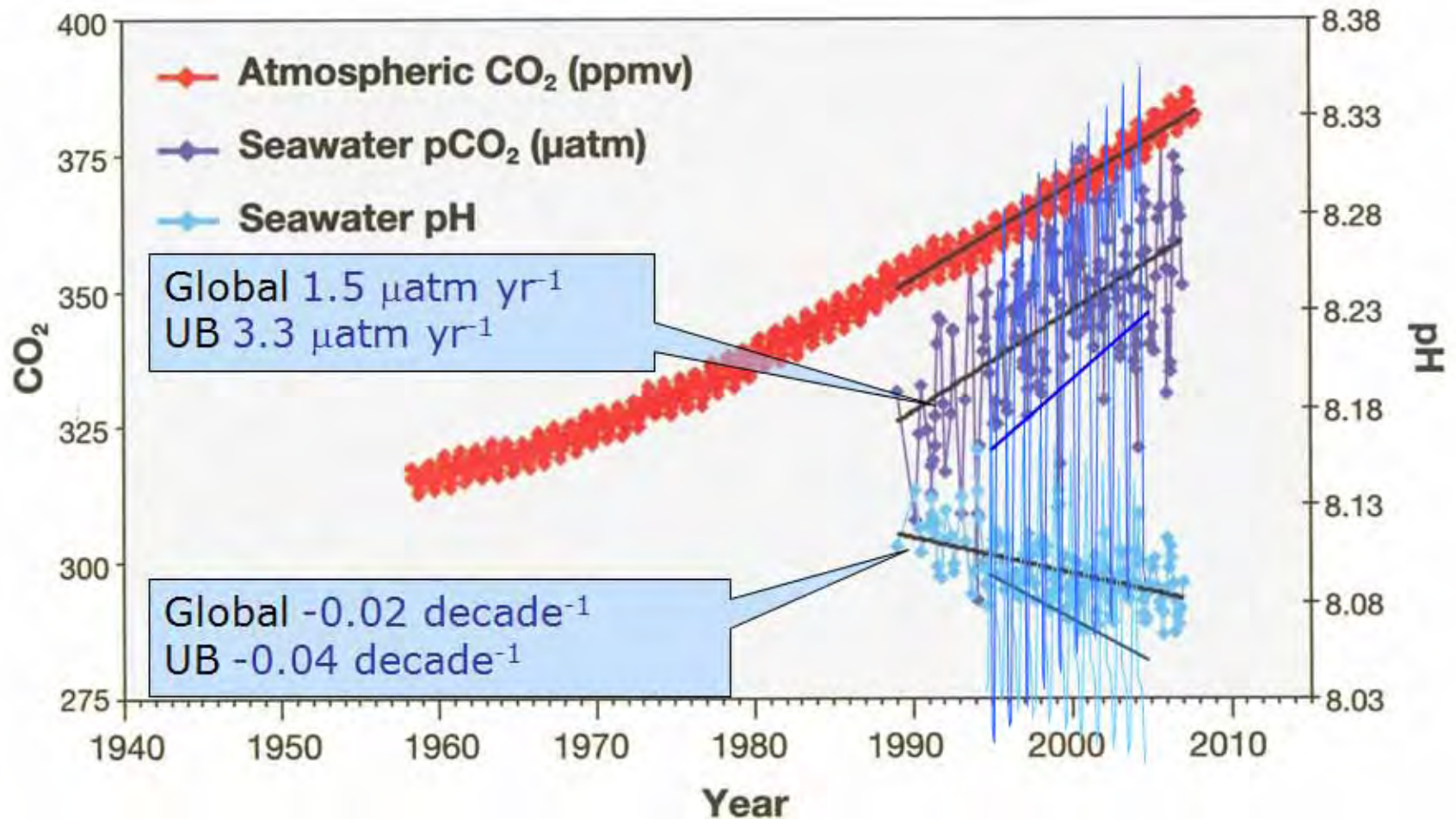
# TEP in the acidic ocean

decreasing the TEP driven aggregation and sedimentation



Mari (2008)

# Fast acidification in the East Sea

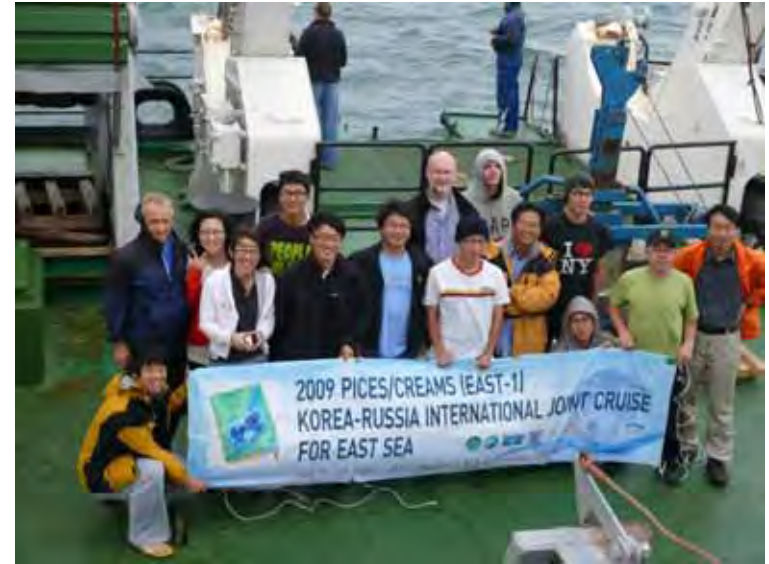
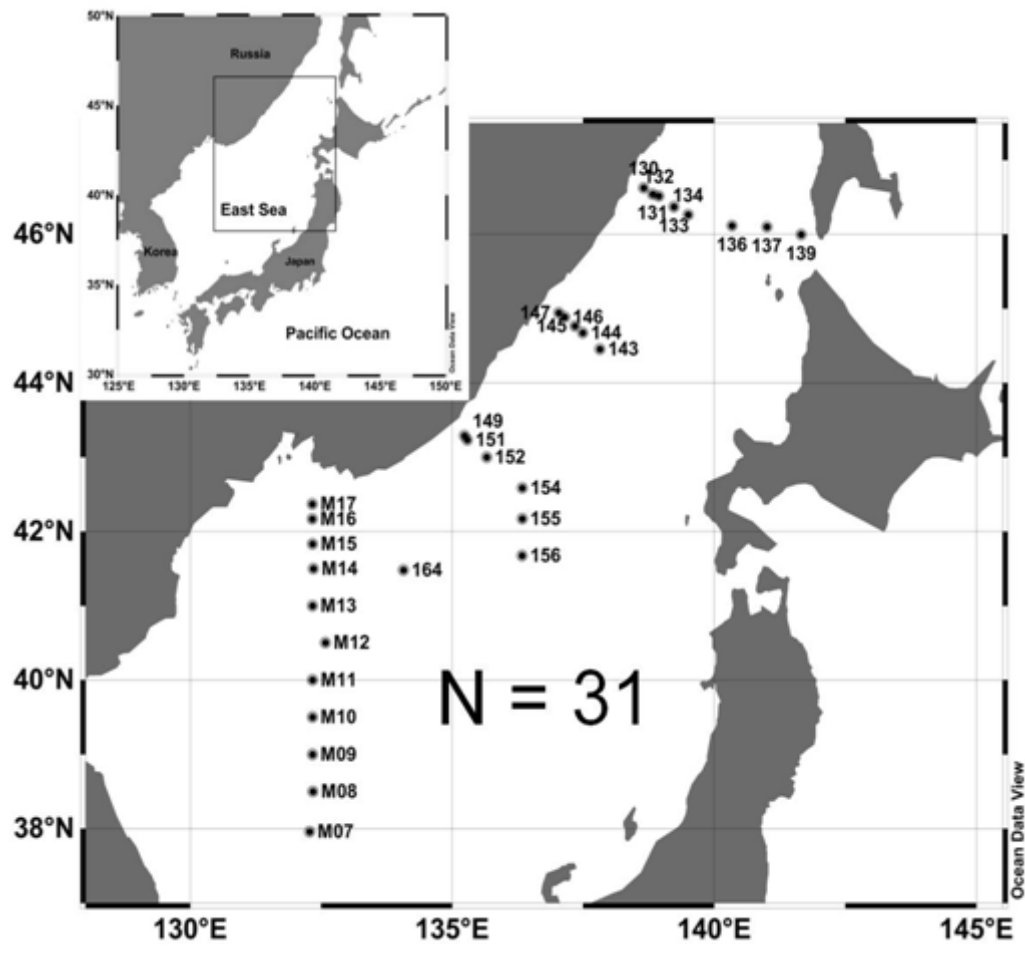


# Study objective

**To quantify the amount of TEP in the East Sea**

**To understand the distribution of TEP and its relationship to physical, chemical, and biological properties of water mass**

# Study area



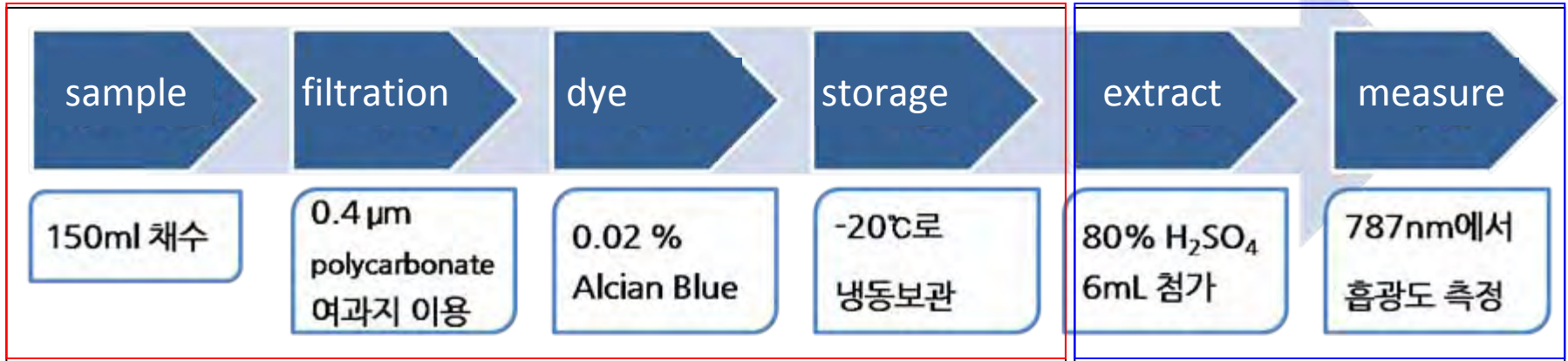
Korea-Russia Joint Cruise (2009. 7.9-19)  
in the East Sea (R/V Lavrentyev)

pH, Total Alkalinity(TA)  
Chl-a( total and size fractionation)  
TEP

# TEP analysis-Colorimetric method

on board

Laboratory

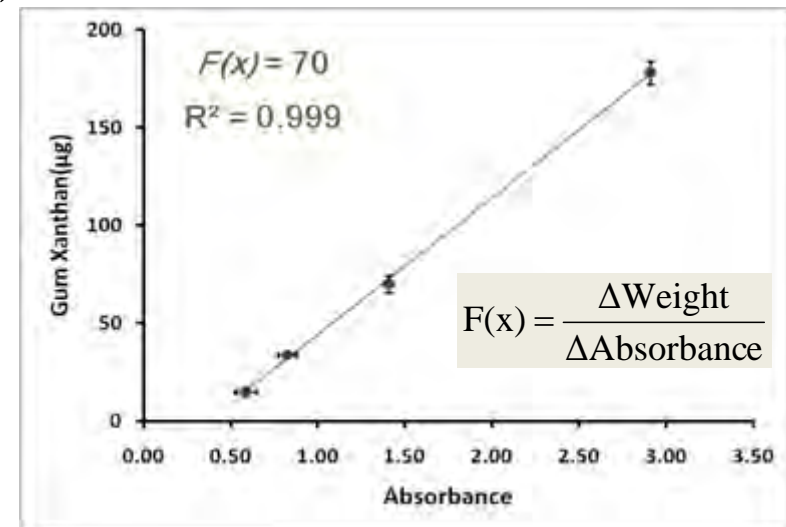


$$\text{TEP } (\mu\text{g Xeq.L}^{-1}) = \frac{\text{Sample}_{787} - \text{Blank}_{787}}{\text{Volume filtered(L)}} \times F(x)$$

Range of F(x)

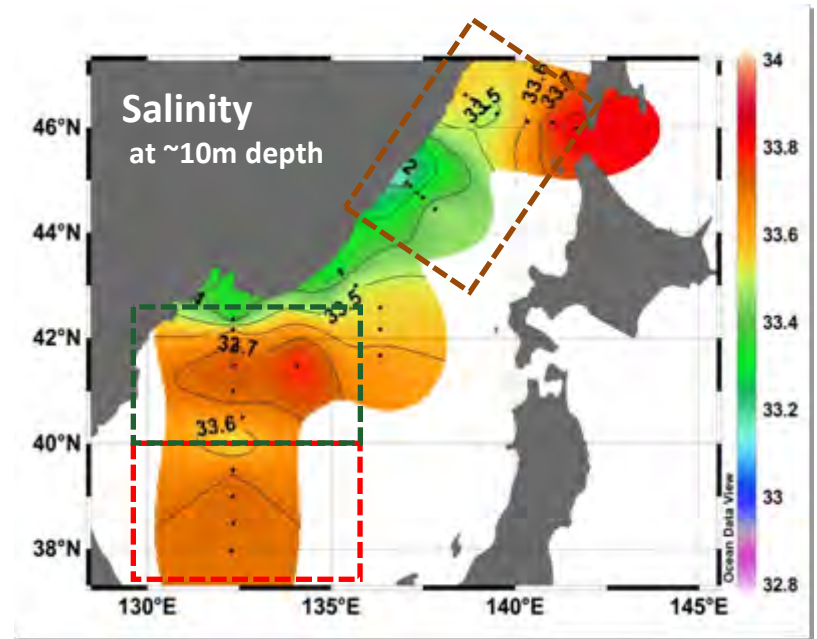
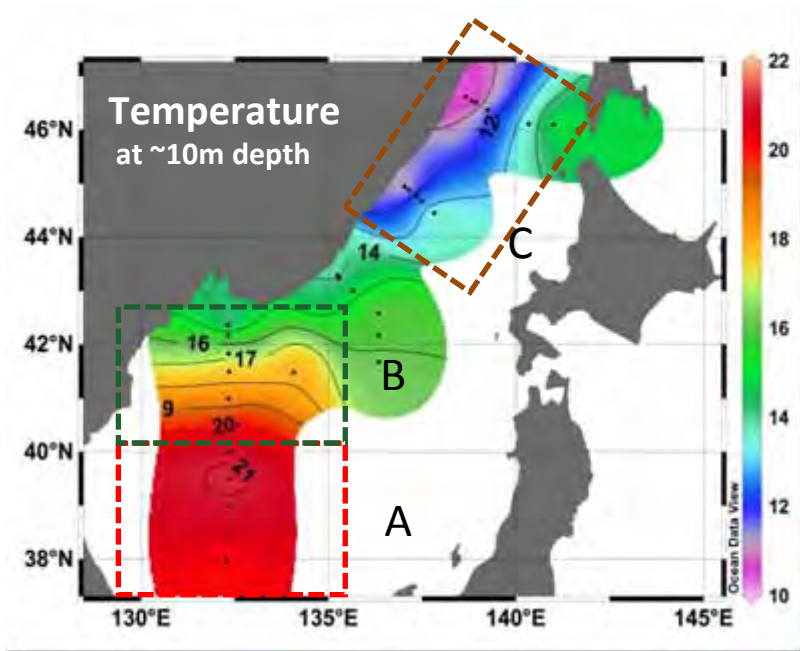
$$50 \leq F(x) \leq 300$$

- ◆ Calibration factor (F(x))
- ◆ Standard polysaccharide
  - Gum Xanthan





# Physical properties at 10m depth

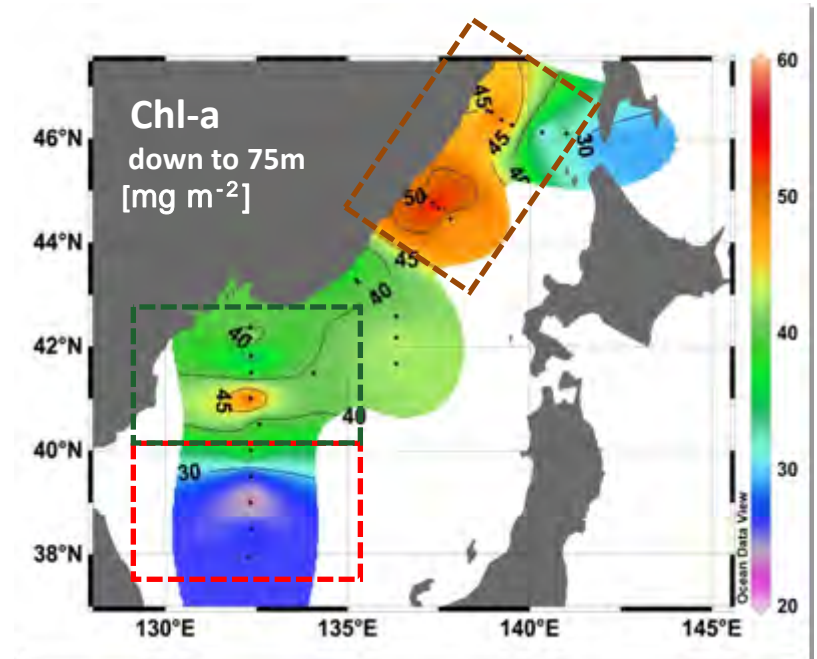
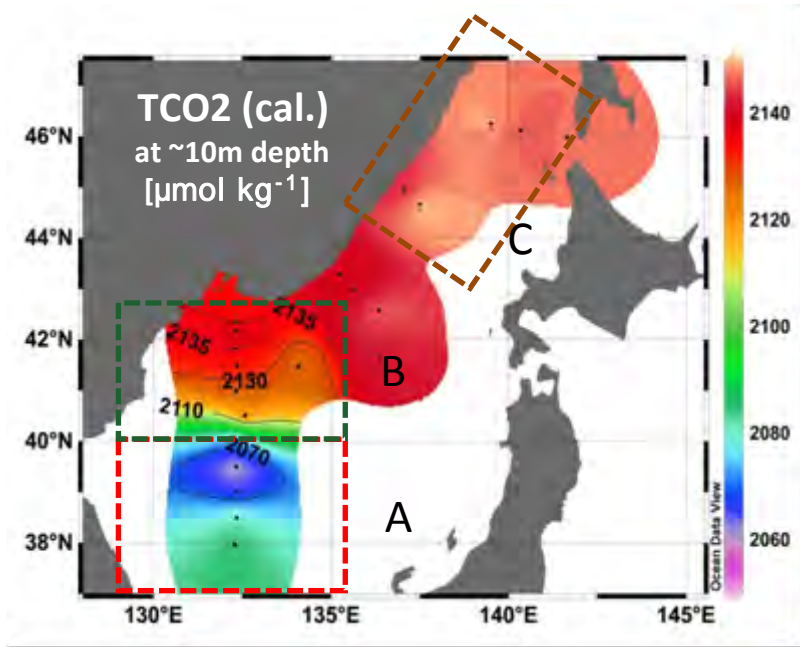


A:  $T > 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $S < 33.7$  (warm and saline surface water)

B:  $16\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} < T < 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $S \sim 33.7$  (transition zone)

C:  $T < 12\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $S > 32.7$  (cold and less saline surface water)

# Chemical and biological properties

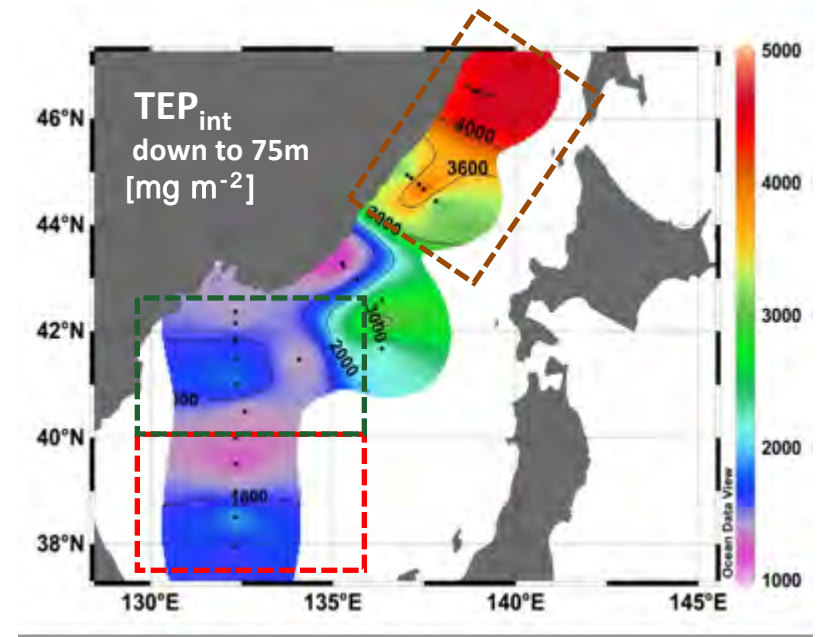
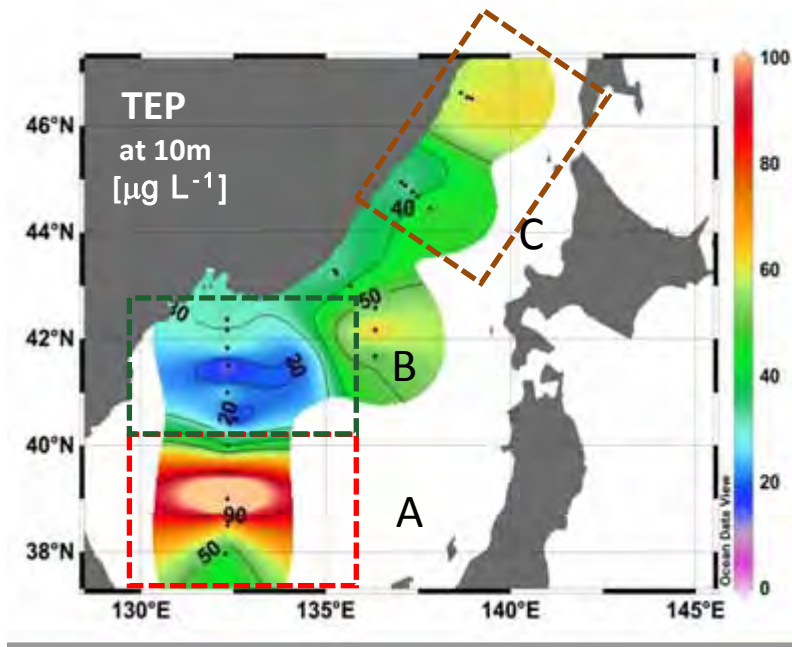


A:  $\text{TCO}_2 < 2100$  and  $\text{Chl}_{\text{int}} < 30$

B:  $2110 < \text{TCO}_2 < 2140$  and  $30 < \text{Chl}_{\text{int}} < 45$

C:  $\text{TCO}_2 > 2140$  and  $\text{Chl}_{\text{int}} > 45$

# TEP at 10m depth and integrated to 75 m depth

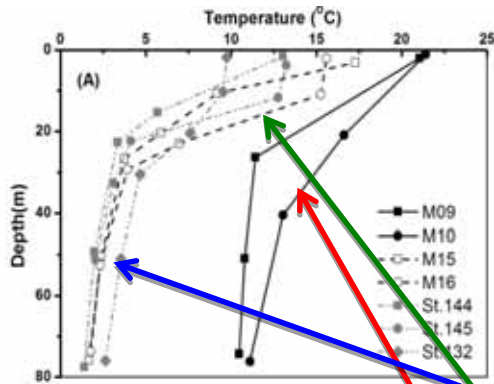


A:  $50 < \text{TEP} < 90$  and  $\text{TEP}_{\text{int}} \sim 1600$

B:  $\text{TEP} < 20$  and  $1600 < \text{TEP}_{\text{int}} < 2000$

C:  $40 < \text{TEP} < 60$  and  $3000 < \text{TEP}_{\text{int}} < 4500$

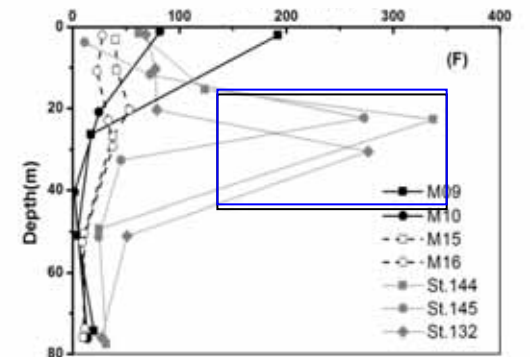
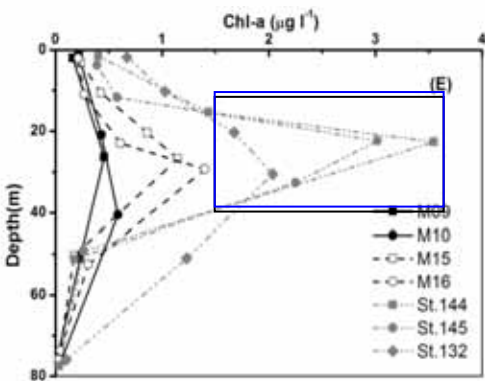
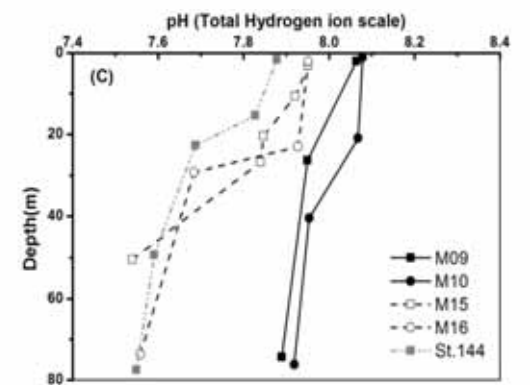
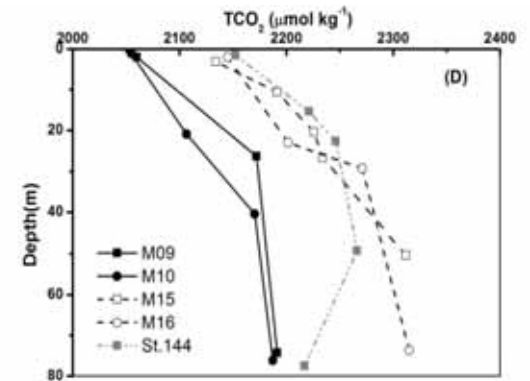
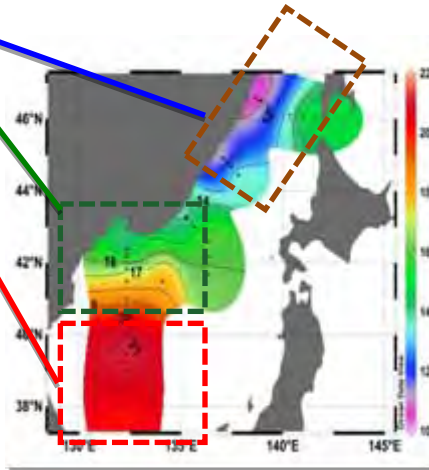
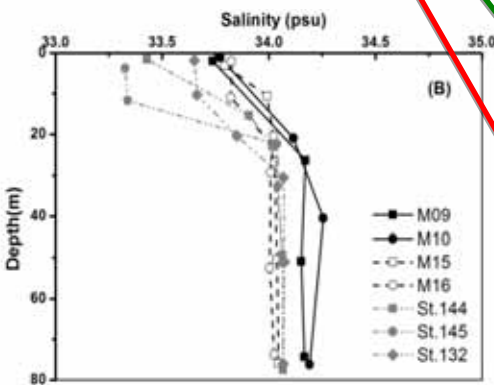
# Vertical distribution of physical properties



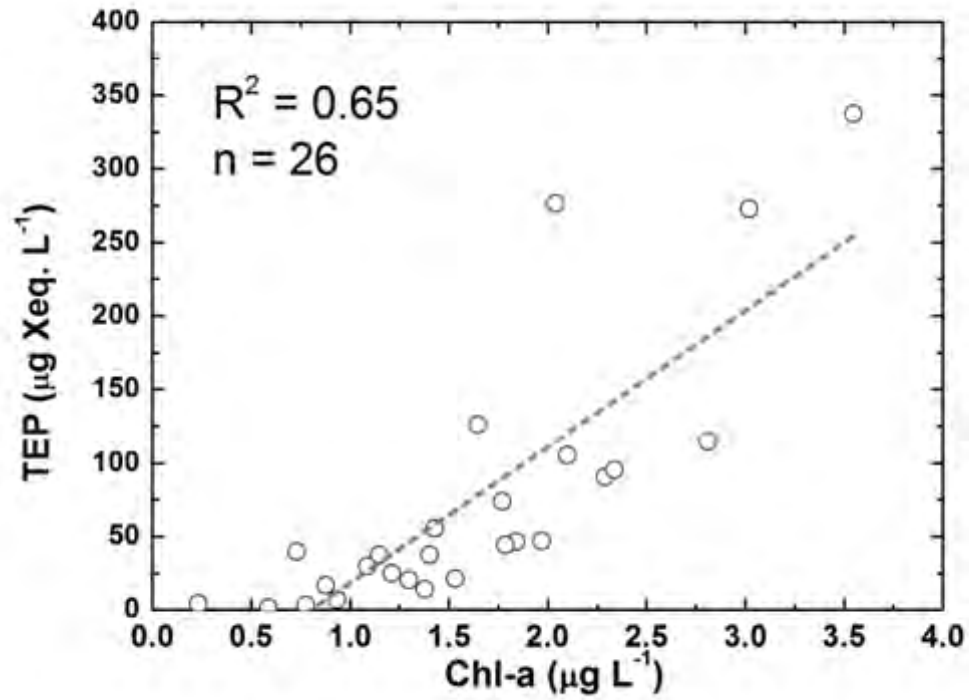
Warm region

Transition region

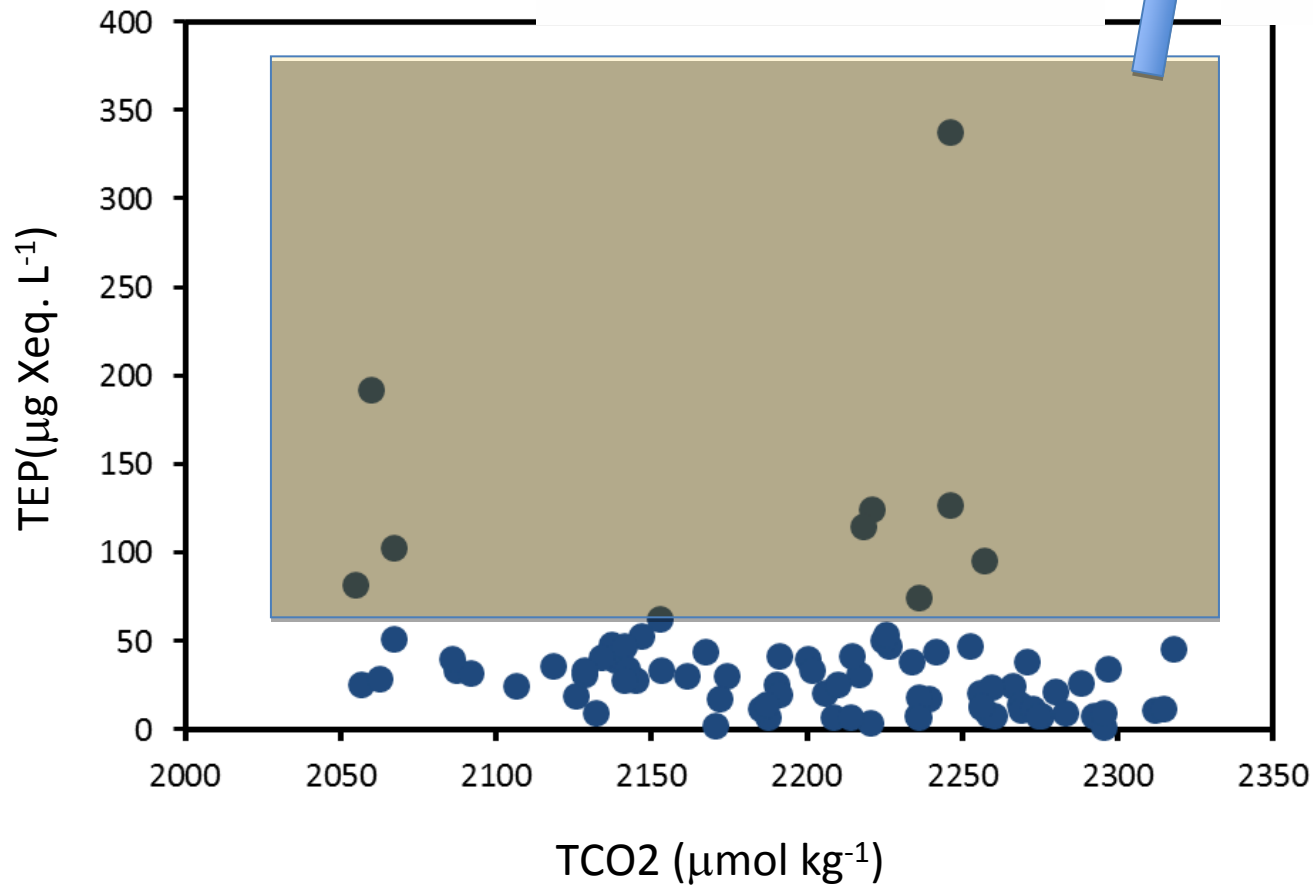
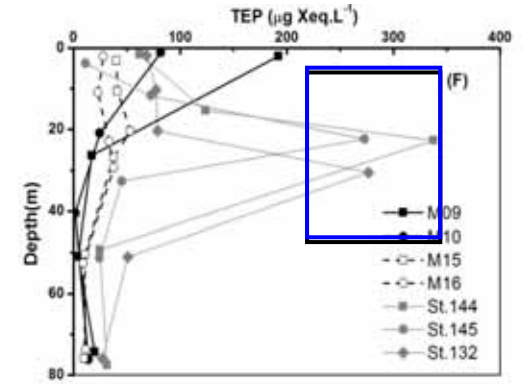
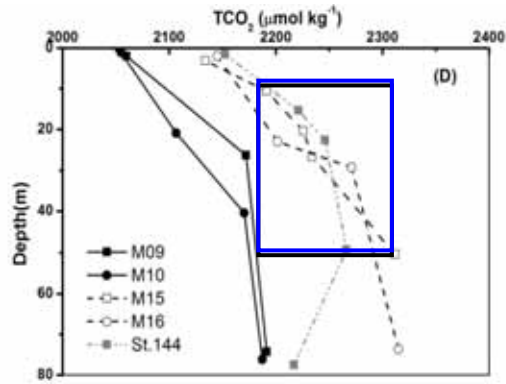
Cold region



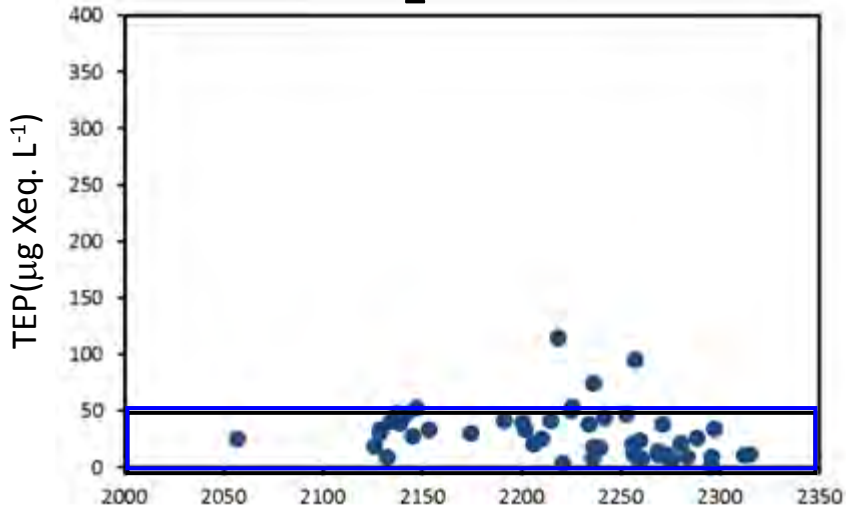
# TEP Production by biological processes



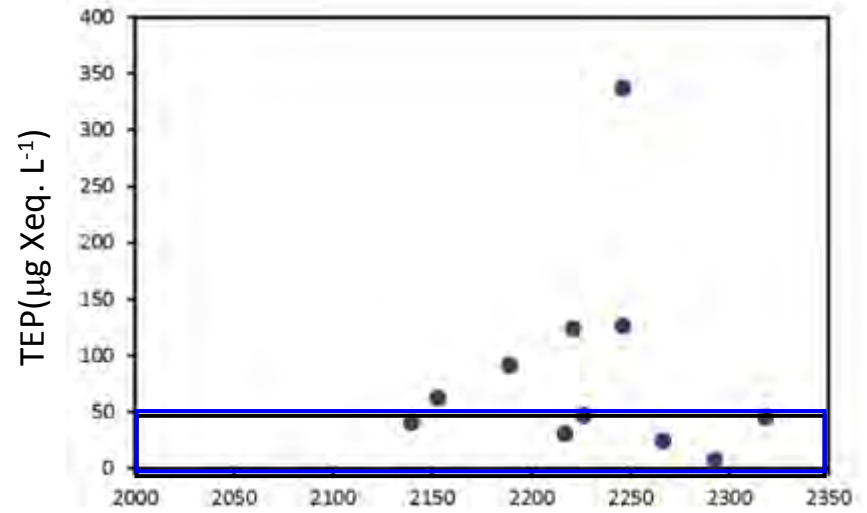
# TEP vs TCO<sub>2</sub>



# TEP vs TCO<sub>2</sub>

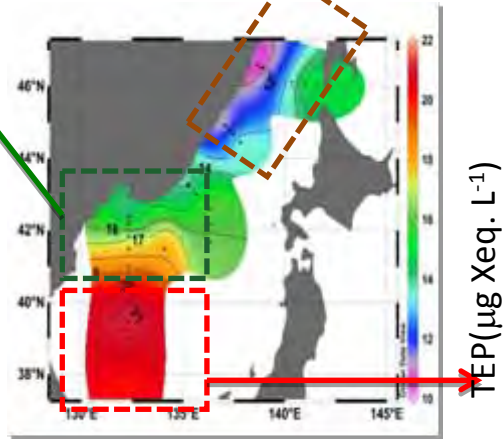


Cold region

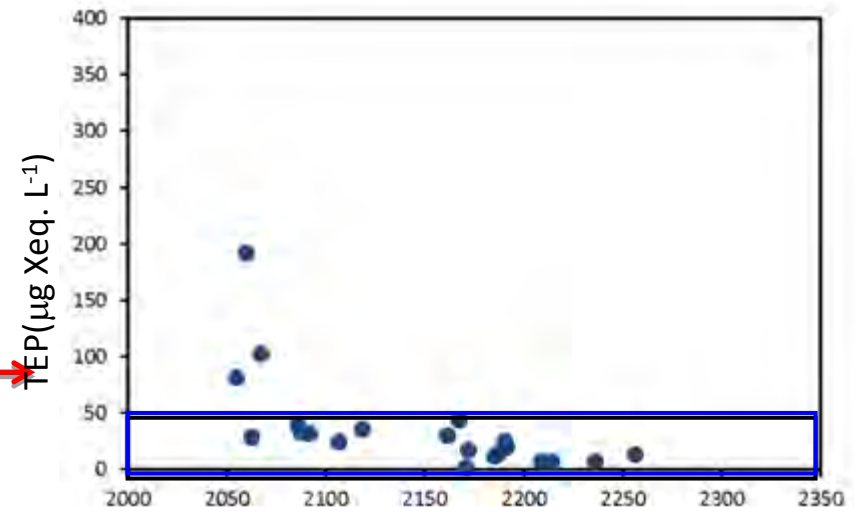


TCO<sub>2</sub>

Transition region



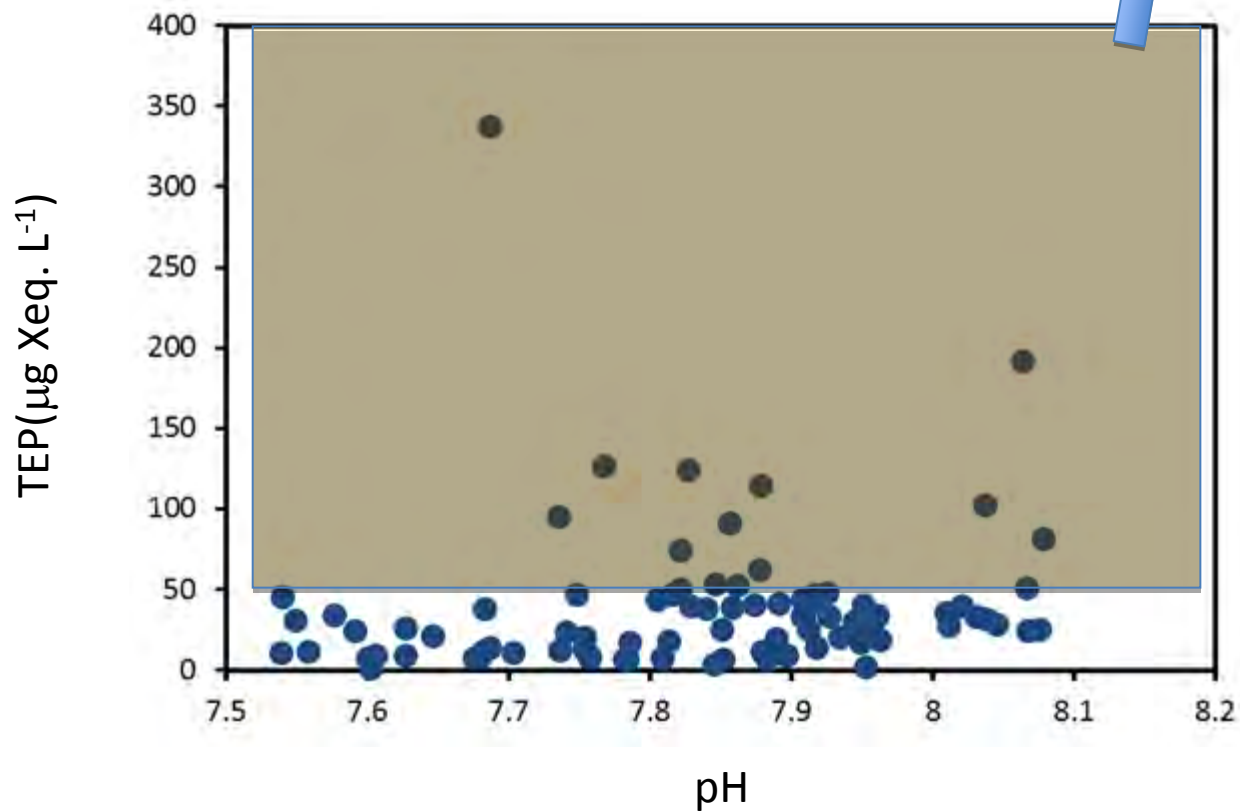
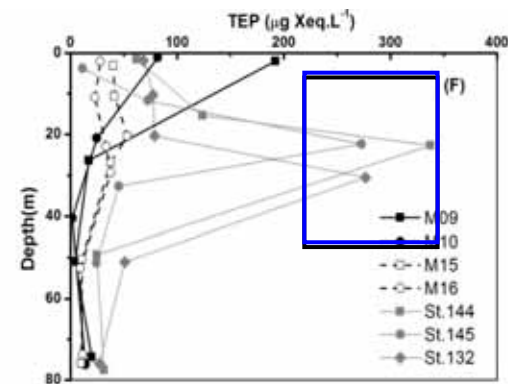
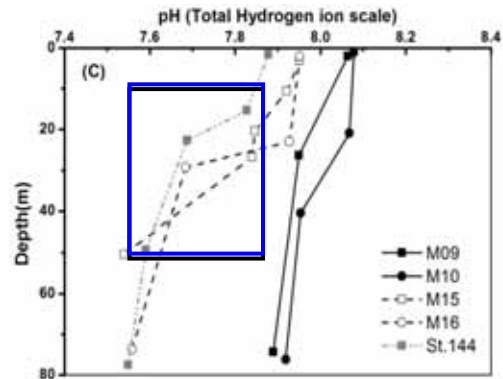
TCO<sub>2</sub>



Warm region

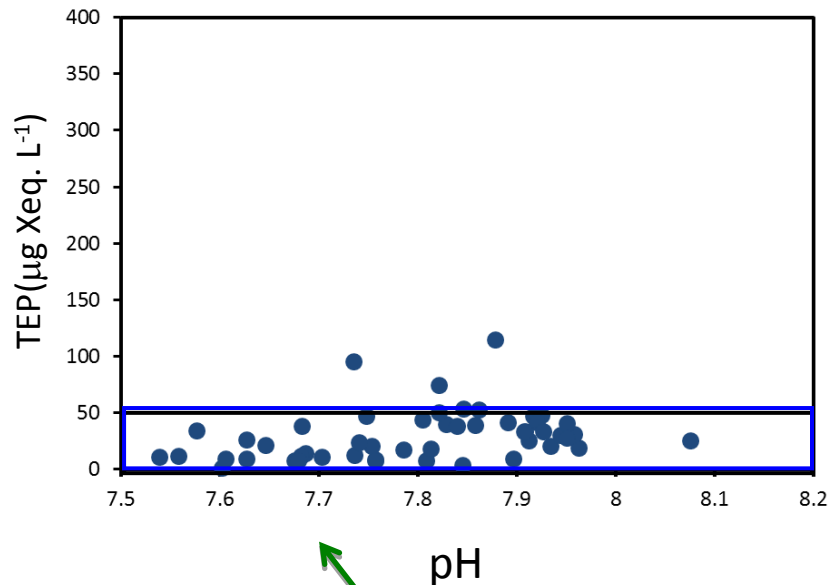
TCO<sub>2</sub>

# TEP vs pH

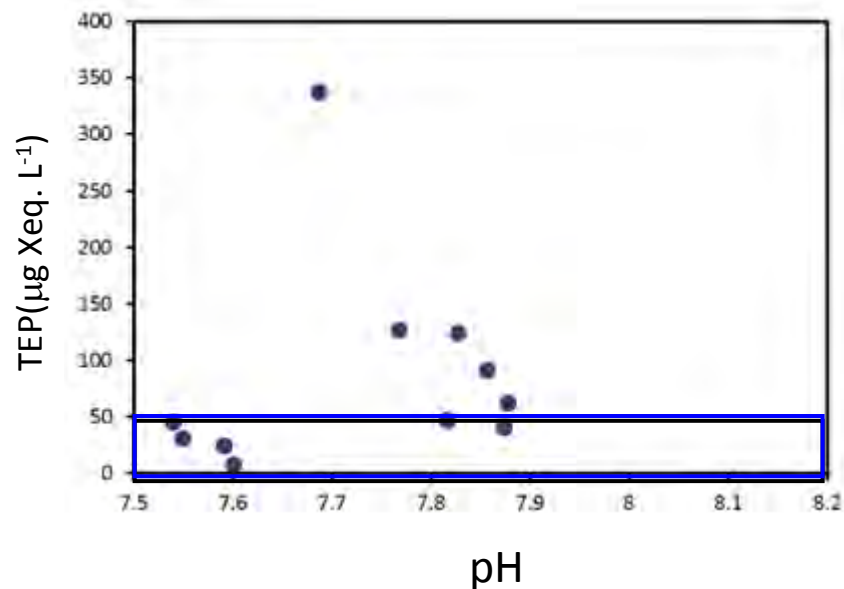




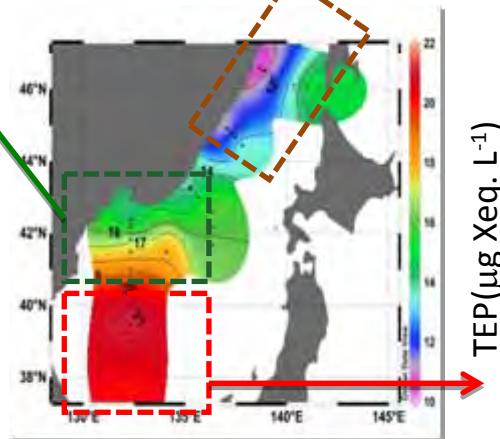
# TEP vs pH



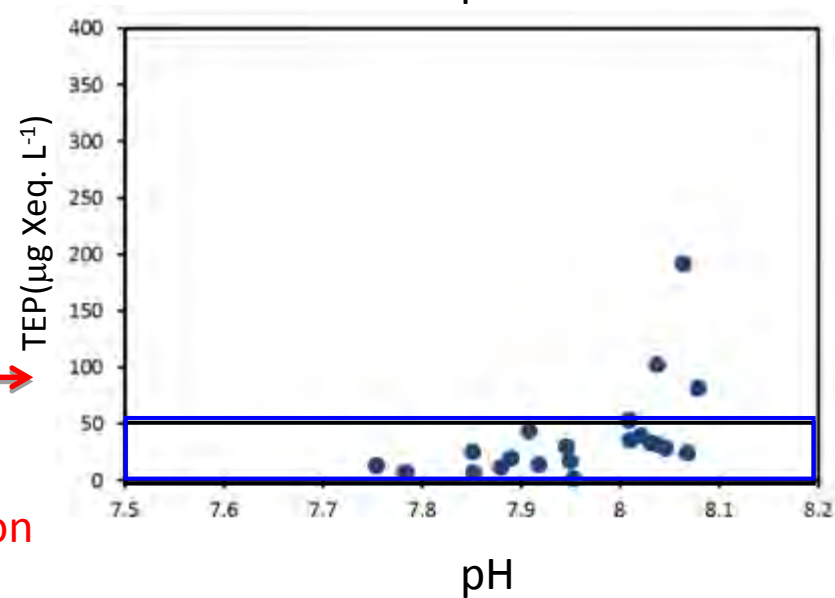
Cold region



Transition region



Warm region



Study areas		Depth	Bloom condition	TEP	TEP/Chl a	References
East Sea (Japan Basin)		0 – 75m	Non-bloom	43 (0-338)	125 (0-1187)	This Study
S O U T H E R N  O C E A N	Antarctic Peninsula	0-200m	Non-bloom	15.4 (0-48.9)	40.9 (0-1492)	Ortega-Retuerta <i>et al.</i> (2009)
	Anvers Island	Surface		207 (10-407)	123 (12-708)	Passow (pers.comm.)
	Ross Sea	0-150 m	Bloom. Time series	308 (0-2800)	89.1	Hong <i>et al.</i> (1997)
	Bransfield Strait	0-100m	Non-bloom	57 (0-346)	51.0	Corzo <i>et al.</i> (2005)
	Gerlache Strait	0-100m	Non-bloom	0-283	32.7	Corzo <i>et al.</i> (2005)
	Drake Passage	0-100m	Non-bloom	0-157	29.9	Corzo <i>et al.</i> (2005)
Mediterranean Sea		0-200m	Non-bloom	21 (5-94)	453 (0-12386)	Ortega-Retuerta unpubl.
sub-Arctic Pacific			Bloom at a coastal site	901 - 1442	125 - 144	Ramaiah <i>et al.</i> (2001)
Baltic Sea			Non-bloom	83 (145 – 322)	130	Engel <i>et al.</i> (2002)
Northeast Atlantic		10-50m	Different bloom stages	28.5 (10-110)	49-104	Engel (2004)
Strait of Gibraltar		0-200m	Different bloom stages	25-205	42-2708	Prieto <i>et al.</i> (2006)

## Summary

I. Positive relationship between chlorophyll-a and TEP concentration

II. There was no trend between pH and TEP concentrations within the euphotic layer

III. There was no specific relationship between TCO<sub>2</sub> and TEP concentration within the euphotic layer

IV. TEP concentrations ranged about 0~338  $\mu\text{g Xeq. L}^{-1}$  with mean value of 43  $\mu\text{g Xeq. L}^{-1}$