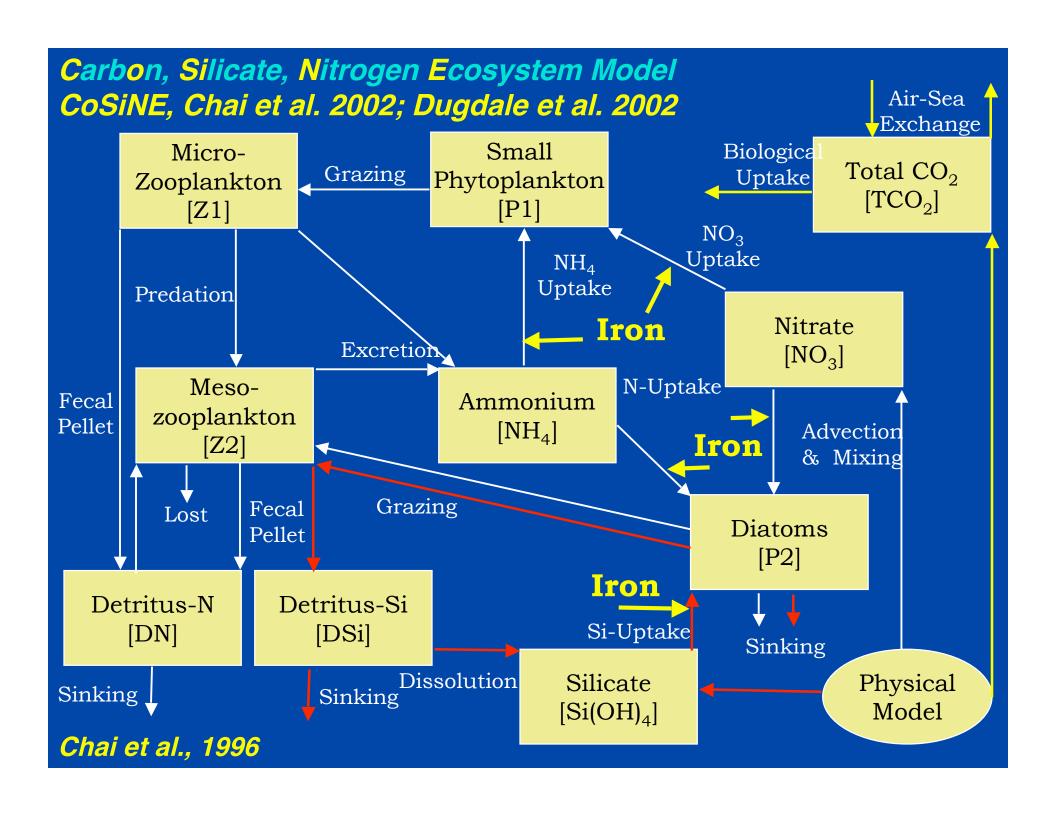
Modeling the Ecosystem Response and Carbon Cycle to Iron Enrichment in the Equatorial Pacific

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Lei Shi (University of Maine), M-S Jiang (UMass Boston), Yi Chao (JPL/NASA), Francisco Chavez (MBARI), and Richard Barber (Duke)

Motivation of Modeling

- Test Response of Ecosystem Models
- Investigate Long-term Consequences
- Carbon Fluxes
- Design Experiments
- No Environmental Risks



3D Circulation-Ecosystem Modeling

Modular Ocean Model (MOM)

Basin scale, coarse resolution (1°), 50 years simulation

Regional Ocean Model System (ROMS)

Basin scale, finer resolution (1/2°), 50 years simulation Basin scale, finer resolution (12.5-km), 16 years simulation

Central California Upwelling System (ROMS)

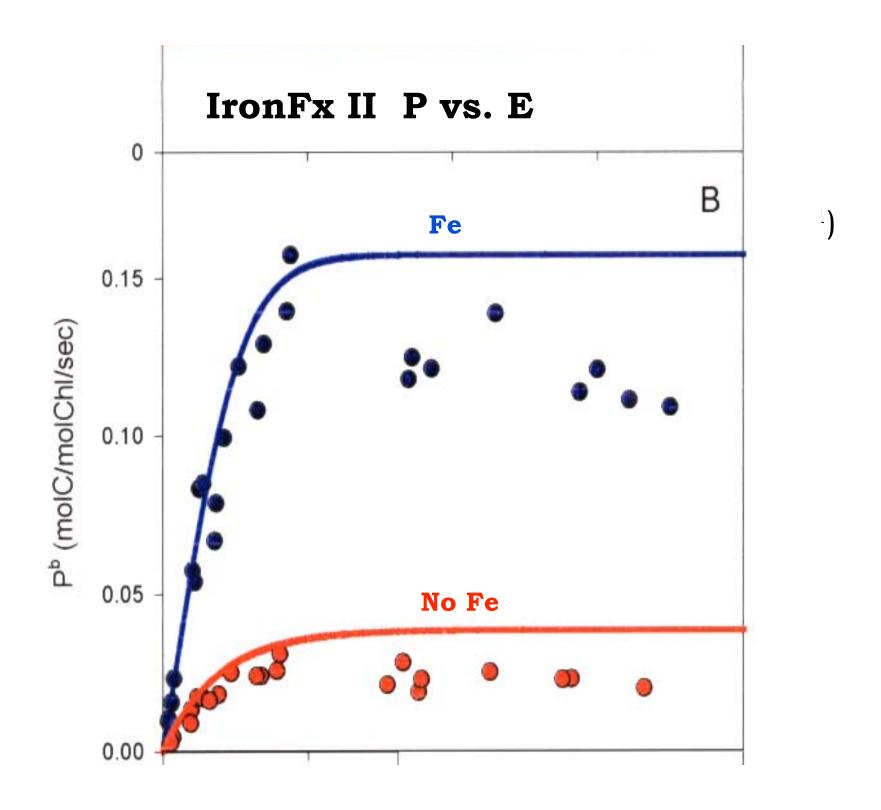
15-5-1.5 Km resolution, 1998 - 2003, and 2006

West Coast of the North America (NCOM)

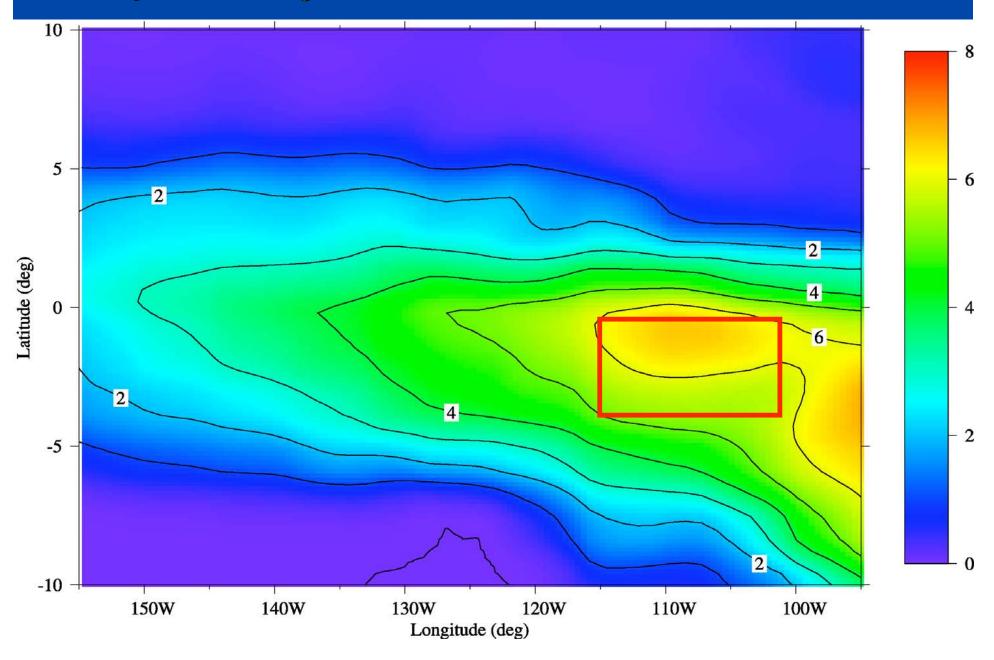
9 Km with physical data assimilation, 1998 - present

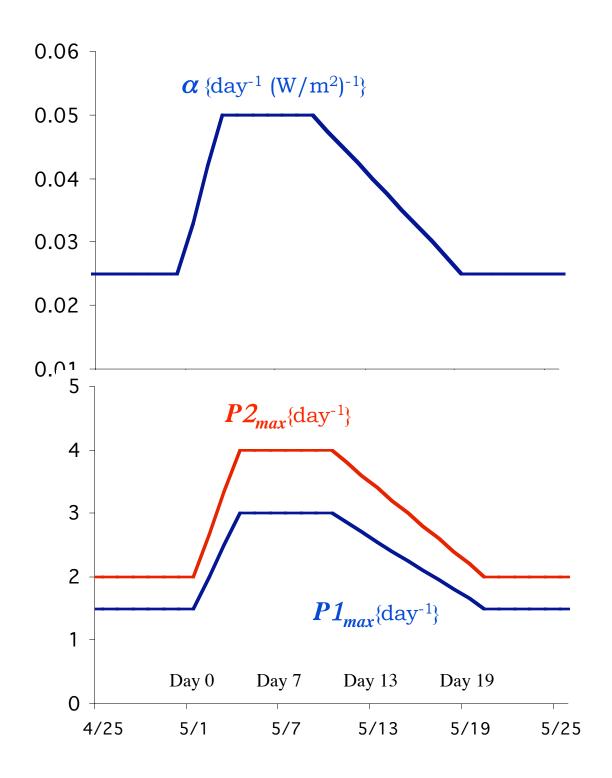
Gulf of Maine (POM)

3 Km resolution, 2002 - present



Surface NO₃ Concentration - Annual Mean



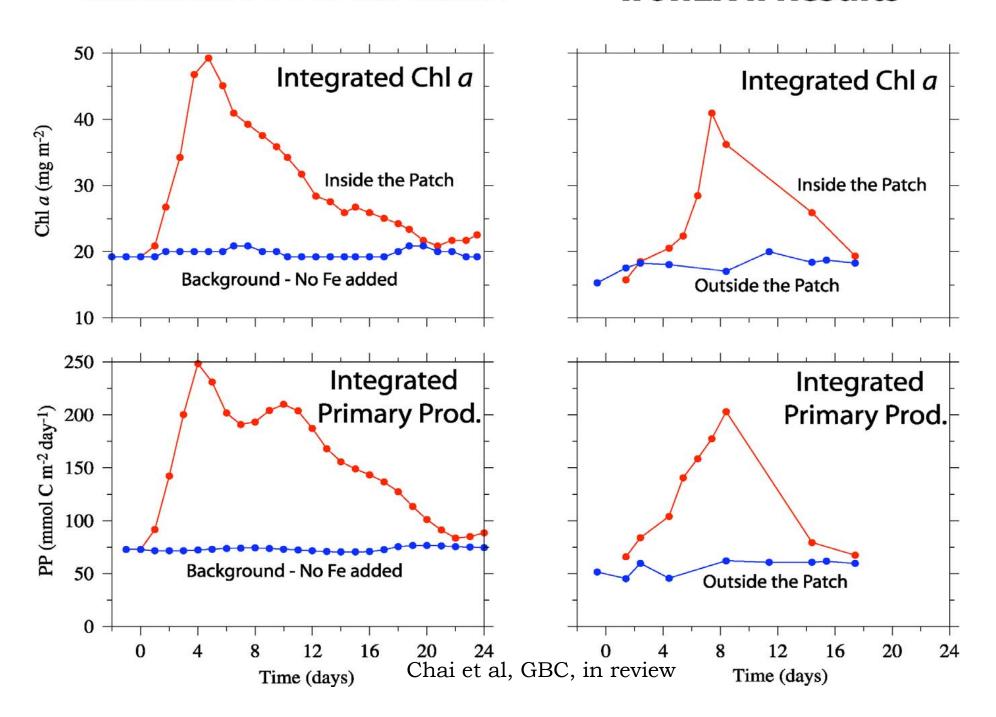


Temporal Change of α and P_{max}

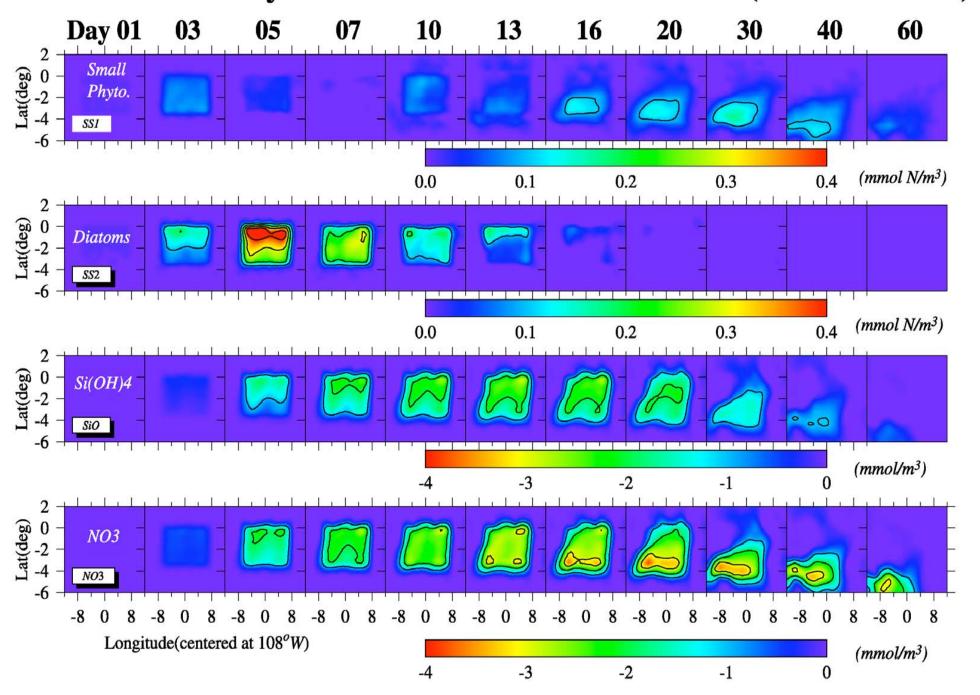
Chai et al, GBC, in review

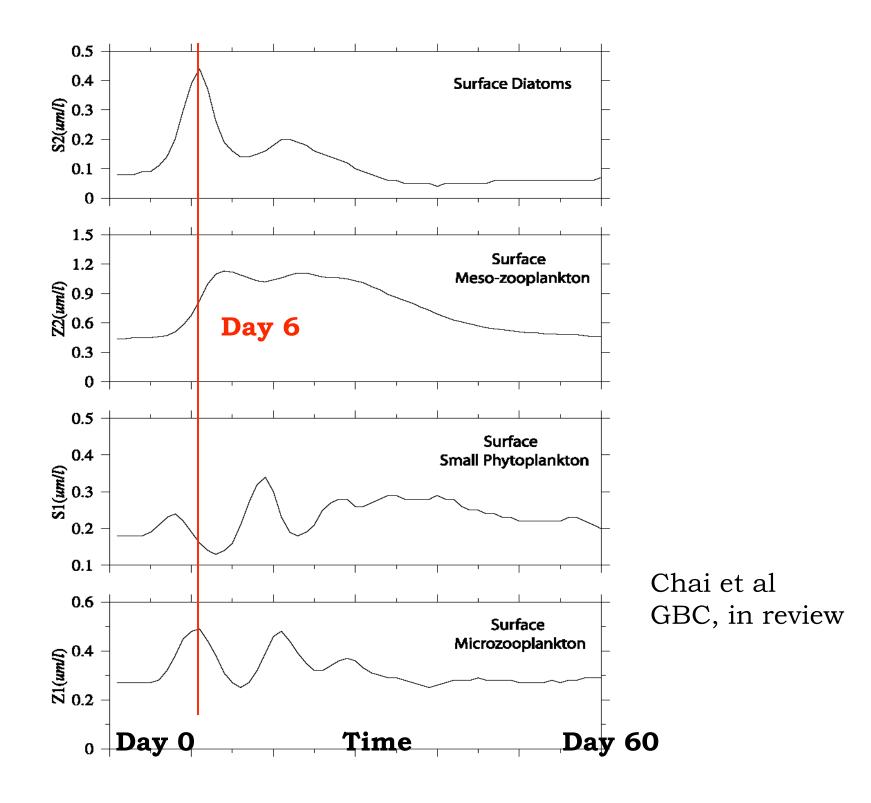
Modeled Fe Fertilization

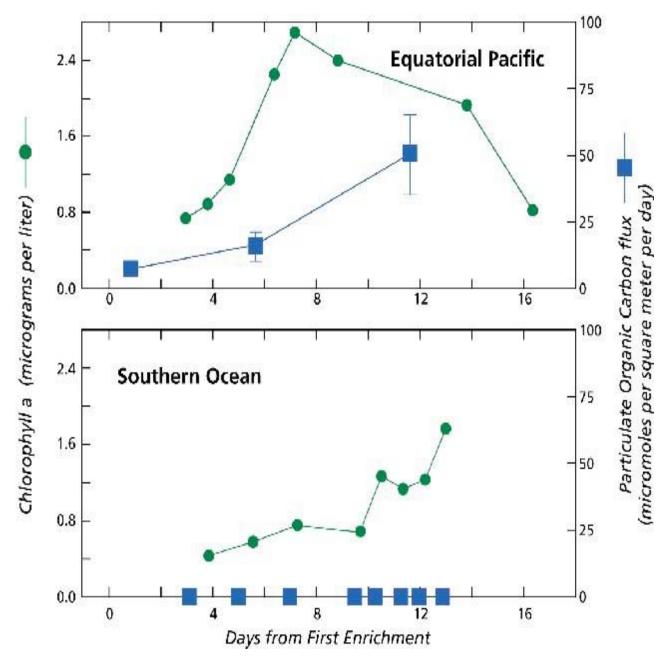
IronEX II Results



Surface Anomaly Fields due to the Iron Addition (Iron - Normal)





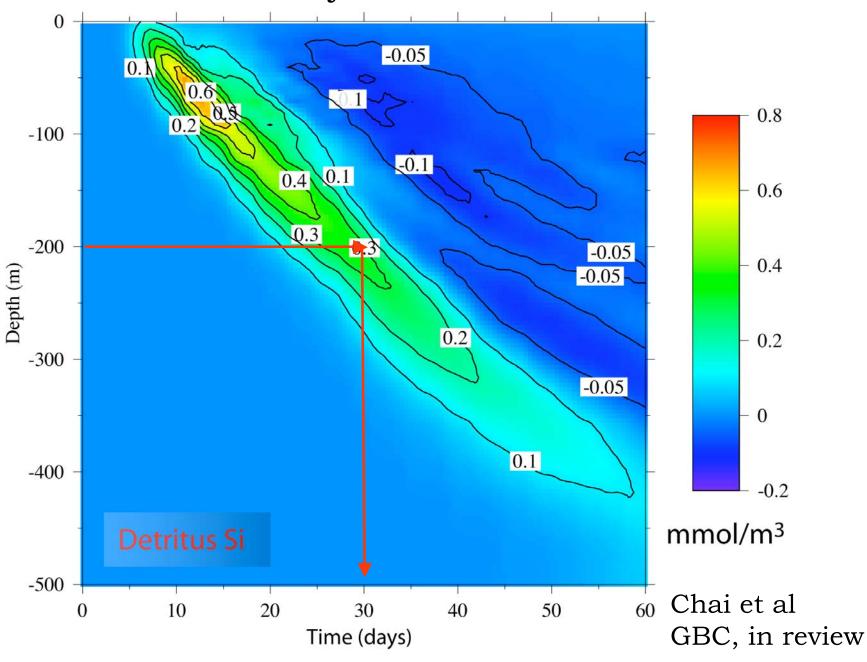


Data from K. Busseler, WHOI

Comparisons of Productions and Ratios

	f- ratio	New Production (mmol C m-2 day-1)	Primary Production (mmol C m-2 day-1)	Export Production (mmol C m-2 day-1)	e- ratio
No Iron	0.37	26.5	72.2	22.5	0.31
Iron Added	0.49	92.8	188.6	51.3	0.27

Detritus Si Anomaly in the Center of the Fe Patch



Conclusions

- Need More Research on Iron Fertilization
 - Marine Ecosystem Response to Anthropogenic Perturbation
- Modeled Ecosystem Response to Iron Addition
 - Nutrients, Chl a, PP, and TCO₂
- Interaction Between Phytoplankton and Zooplankton
 - Diatoms Increase First, Small Phytoplankton Lasts Longer
- Increase of Vertical Carbon Fluxes
- The System Needs about 90 days to Recover