Predictability of location of the Kuroshio Extension and the Oyashio First Branch by JCOPE

Shin-ichi Ito¹, Shigeho Kakehi¹, Yasumasa Miyazawa², Satoshi Setou³, Kosei Komatsu³, Manabu Shimizu³, Akira Kusaka⁴, Kazuyuki Uehara⁵, Yugo Shimizu¹, Akira Okuno³, Hiroshi Kuroda³

¹Tohoku National Fisheries Research Institute, Fisheries Research Agency
 ²Frontier Research Center for Global Change, JAMSTEC
 ³National Research Institute for Fisheries Science, Fisheries Research Agency
 ⁴Hokkaido National Fisheries Research Institute, Fisheries Research Agency
 ⁵National Research Institute of Far Seas Fisheries, Fisheries Research Agency

FRA-FRCGC joint program ''Development of Ocean Prediction Model in the North Pacific and Japan Coast area.''

FRCGC developed *JCOPE* (Japan Coastal Ocean Predictability Experiment) prediction system

Objectives

develop realtime data transfer system in fisheries observation network and improve the prediction system to be capable for 2-3 months prediction. FRA-JCOPE JCOPE system model

Princeton Ocean Model (POM/POMgcs) Modified sigma-coordinate (s-coordinate) 1/12 deg & 45 layer + 1/4 deg & 21 layer one-way nesting method (Guo et al., 2003)



courtesy of Dr. Miyazawa

Flow of JCOPE system



http://www.jamstec.go.jp/frcgc/jcope/index.html

predictability of JCOPE

Prediction of Kuroshio path



an example of successful prediction of Kuroshio meander

1-2 months
predictability is
confirmed in the
Kuroshio region
e.g. Miyazawa et al.
2004, 2005

courtesy of Dr. Miyazawa

Questions for JCOPE system

- 1. Prediction for Kuroshio meander south of Japan seems successful one. How about in other regions (e.g. Oyshio region and the mixed water region)?
- 2. Data from Coastal repeated hydrographic lines observed by prefectural fisheries institutions are not included because the data is not transferred to GTS.



Objective of joint program

- 1. confirm the predictability of JCOPE system in the regions outside the Kuroshio
- 2. Include the coastal lines data to JCOPE system
- 3. Improve the predictability

Schematics of the mixed water region





Simulation showed different variation with observation. The position of the Kuroshio Extension 1st Crest was fairly improved by data assimilation.

Oyashio 1st Branch (prediction)







http://www.jamstec.go.jp/frcgc/jcope/index.html

Coastal hydrographic lines data added

Temp. at 100 m depth in June 2004



The position of the Oyashio First Branch was fairly improved by the addition of the coastal hydrographic lines data.



Reanalysis is improved by adding the data. Prediction tends to follow the assimilation. Predictability was much improved by adding the data. To improve more, assimilation seems to be improved.

Conclusion

- 1. We developed realtime data transfer system which send TESAC message of hydrographic data observed by fisheries institutions.
- 2. Fishery community data contributed to improve both initial condition and prediction. (FRA-JCOPE)

Numerous number of parameter studies showed that for further improvement of the initial condition, following 2 items are needed.

- 1. OI should be improved to represent mesoscale phenomenon.
- 2. The MOI parameters should be modified appropriately. Now the estimation of subsurface T&S from SSH is defined by model outputs. This enhances model bias.

JCOPE2 (next presentation by Dr. Miyazawa)



FRA-JCOPE

now applied to predictions of jellyfish, anchovy, etc.



